

Converting Colors

XYZ(3.0996, 8.8149, 17.2532)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(3.0996, 8.8149, 17.2532)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.0322, 11.2954,
17.3797)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006971
RGB	0, 105, 113
RGB Percent	0%, 41%, 44%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5882, 0.5569
CMYK	1.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	184°, 100%, 22%
HSV	184°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797
YIQ	74.5170, -65.1480, -19.7720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

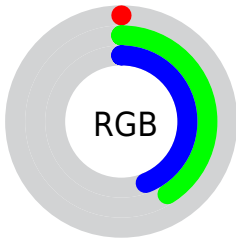
Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 113
Decimal	26993
CIELab	40.07, -22.28, -11.81
CIELCh	40, 25.218, 207.930
Yxy	11.2954, 0.2188, 0.3077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217073 (0xFF006971)
YUV	74.5170, 18.9721, -65.3514
Hunter-Lab	33.6086, -16.1550, -7.1340

Details

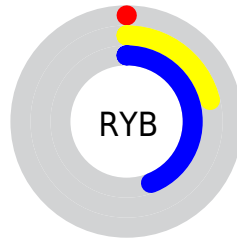
The XYZ color **8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.8972, 3.6847, 0.3480**, and the grayscale version is **6.5773, 6.9198, 7.5357**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.8290, 28.3671, 39.9222**, and **2.4173, 3.3079, 5.5121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.0323, 11.2956, 17.3799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.2565, 11.5328, 17.4139**.

Distribution



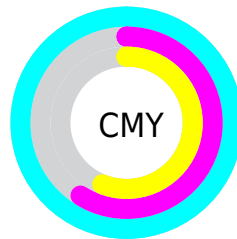
- Red (0%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.0322, 11.2954,
17.3797

8.0322, 11.2954,
17.3797

170.3490,
199.6831, 249.4687

4.1675, 6.2659,
10.3408

21.7064, 28.2051,
39.7770

1.7973, 3.0074,
5.5169

32.2466, 40.8541,
55.9725

0.5161, 1.1356,
2.4896

45.7427, 56.8118,
76.0572

0.0000, 0.0081,
0.8347

62.5600, 76.4624,
100.4498

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

83.0640, 100.1905,
129.5686

107.6199,

128.3804, 163.8324

136.5931,
161.4164, 203.6595

8.0322, 11.2954,
17.3797

8.0322, 11.2954,
17.3797

8.0323, 11.2956,
17.3799

8.2565, 11.5328,
17.4139

8.5414, 11.8024,
17.4509

8.9371, 12.1302,
17.4933

9.4560, 12.5227,
17.5418

10.1091, 12.9855,
17.5967

■ 10.9060, 13.5235,
17.6585

■ 11.8555, 14.1415,
17.7277

■ 12.9657, 14.8434,
17.8047

■ 14.2440, 15.6331,
17.8898

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.7157, 11.2954, 11.9543



8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797



9.0487, 11.2954, 22.3896

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797



13.8427, 11.2954, 18.1491



10.8578, 11.2954, 4.9702

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797



6.8972, 3.6847, 0.3480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6209, 11.2954, 5.8132



8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797



14.4565, 11.2954, 12.6497

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797



12.3881, 11.2954, 22.9120



13.9871, 11.2954, 8.3193



9.2376, 11.2954, 5.6048

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797



10.0484, 11.2954, 24.3147



13.9871, 11.2954, 8.3193



11.4541, 11.2954, 5.0840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.0326, 11.2958, 17.3800



21.0805, 25.2271, 31.7338



5.9467, 11.8270, 2.1861



4.7434, 5.7491, 7.3294



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.0326, 11.2958, 17.3800



14.3442, 20.1485, 31.1085



4.0780, 3.3867, 16.0618



3.4558, 3.7768, 4.3011



9.1054, 12.8011, 19.7126



45.0945, 63.2408, 98.1091

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.3602, 4.5310, 13.7462



16.7409, 8.1051, 24.5107



8.6458, 7.1819, 0.9309



3.5047, 3.4496, 4.1845



10.6143, 5.1381, 15.5768



52.7416, 25.5420, 76.8943

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

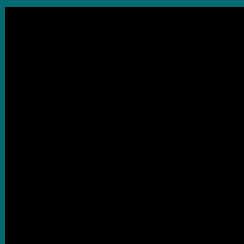
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.0322, 11.2954,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797

Protanopia

11.1184, 11.3732, 15.2449

Deuteranopia

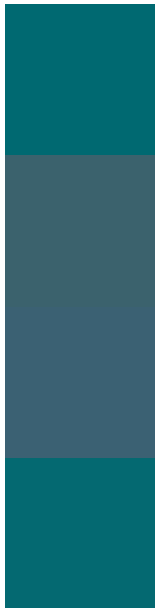
11.4937, 11.2424, 18.0872



Tritanopia

8.1073, 11.3341, 17.3832

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797

Protanomaly

8.9316, 10.7693, 16.0759

Deuteranomaly

9.1728, 10.7170, 17.8048

Tritanomaly

8.0823, 11.3212, 17.3820

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

6.3499, 8.0052, 10.6617

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 105, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 105, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 105, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 105, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 105, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 105, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 105, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 105, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 105, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 105,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 105, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 105,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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