

Converting Colors

XYZ(3.1868, 3.2590, 0.4611)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(3.1868, 3.2590, 0.4611)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	403100
RGB	64, 49, 0
RGB Percent	25%, 19%, 0%
CMY	0.7490, 0.8078, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 1.00, 0.75
HSL	46°, 100%, 13%
HSV	46°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651
YIQ	47.8990, 24.6690, -12.0590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

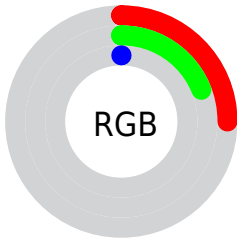
Format	Color
RYB	20, 64, 0
Decimal	4206848
CIELab	21.16, 1.50, 29.83
CIELCh	21, 29.863, 87.111
Yxy	3.2866, 0.4613, 0.4719
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282396928 (0xFF403100)
YUV	47.8990, -23.6142, 14.1206
Hunter-Lab	18.1290, -0.0931, 11.1692

Details

The XYZ color **3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **1.0963, 0.7119, 4.9302**, and the grayscale version is **2.8215, 2.9684, 3.2326**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **11.5447, 11.9671, 4.3907**, and **0.1577, 0.1297, 0.0167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3.2127, 3.2867, 0.4651**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **3.3116, 3.4284, 0.6711**.

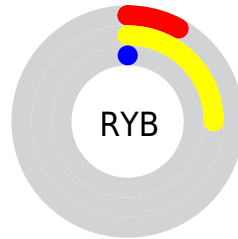
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (19%)

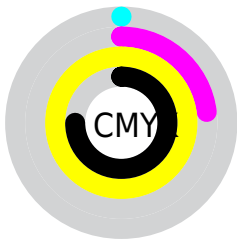
Blue (0%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (0%)

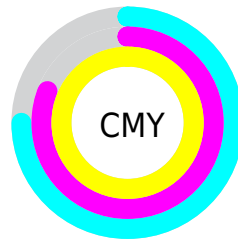


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)


Magenta (81%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 3.2127, 3.2866,
0.4651


 3.2127, 3.2866,
0.4651

 126.2285,
131.7184, 92.4883


 1.2672, 1.2831,
0.0000


 11.5799, 11.9628,
4.4172


 0.1585, 0.1281,
0.0000

 18.7324, 19.4044,
8.6458

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 28.3512, 29.4274,
14.9611


 40.8018, 42.4163,
23.7817


 56.4495, 58.7554,
35.5262


 75.6596, 78.8292,


50.6131


 98.7974, 103.0221,
69.4610


 3.2127, 3.2866,
0.4651


 3.2127, 3.2866,
0.4651


 3.2127, 3.2867,
0.4651

 3.3116, 3.4284,
0.6711

 3.4138, 3.5747,
0.8842

 3.5297, 3.7299,
1.1591

 3.6627, 3.8953,
1.5130

 3.8137, 4.0715,
1.9516

■ 3.9839, 4.2588,
2.4801

■ 4.1741, 4.4577,
3.1032

■ 4.3852, 4.6684,
3.8255

■ 4.6181, 4.8915,
4.6510

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4.1720, 3.2866, 0.7971



3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651



2.3932, 3.2866, 0.6919

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651



1.8123, 3.2866, 6.3779



4.8329, 3.2866, 7.0418

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651



1.0963, 0.7119, 4.9302

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.9897, 3.2866, 10.1369



3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651



2.2678, 3.2866, 9.6404

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651



1.6835, 3.2866, 3.3322



3.0366, 3.2866, 11.2645



5.2141, 3.2866, 3.8367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651



2.0105, 3.2866, 1.1389



3.0366, 3.2866, 11.2645



4.5869, 3.2866, 8.1791

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



3.2128, 3.2868, 0.4652



7.1976, 7.6885, 5.2294



2.2080, 1.1275, 0.5916



1.9660, 2.1007, 1.3845



38.6329, 40.6448, 44.2622



2.3302, 2.4515, 2.6697

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



3.2128, 3.2868, 0.4652



5.5272, 5.6070, 0.7909



3.0524, 4.2953, 0.6683



1.3909, 1.4719, 1.4281



7.3806, 7.4588, 1.0507



45.5806, 45.3433, 6.3498

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.0963, 0.7119, 4.9302



1.8514, 1.1330, 8.5395



1.1392, 0.4804, 4.8832



1.2871, 1.3440, 1.6415



2.4537, 1.4625, 11.4378



14.7635, 7.9127, 71.5550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

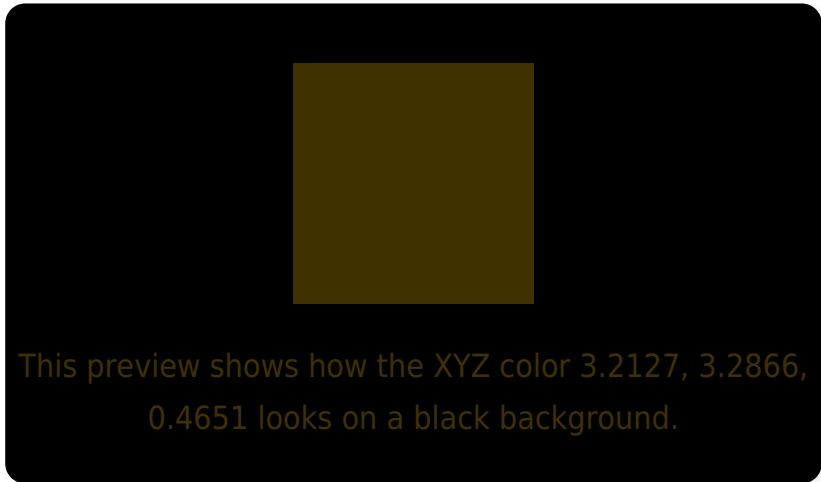
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

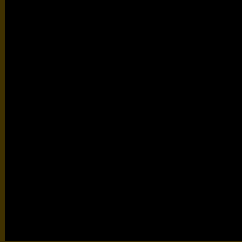
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651

Protanopia

2.9452, 3.2738, 0.5628

Deuteranopia

3.2947, 3.3270, 0.5547



Tritanopia

3.7781, 3.3340, 3.3501

Trichromacy



Original Color

3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651

Protanomaly

3.0150, 3.2462, 0.5251

Deuteranomaly

3.2892, 3.3248, 0.5258

Tritanomaly

3.4438, 3.2558, 1.7432

Monochromacy



Original Color

3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651

Achromatopsia

2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187

Achromatomaly

2.8256, 2.9971, 1.7259

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 49, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 49, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 49, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 49, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 49, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 49, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 49, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 49, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 49, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 49, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 3.2127, 3.2866, 0.4651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 49, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 49,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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