

# Converting Colors

XYZ(3.3679, 8.8622, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(3.3679, 8.8622, 0.0000)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	006600
RGB	0, 102, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6000, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.60
HSL	120°, 100%, 20%
HSV	120°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838
YIQ	59.8740, -28.0500, -53.3460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

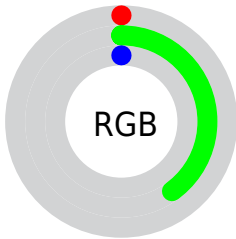
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 102, 102
Decimal	26112
CIELab	36.93, -43.98, 42.45
CIELCh	37, 61.120, 136.016
Yxy	9.5027, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216192 (0xFF006600)
YUV	59.8740, -29.5179, -52.5095
Hunter-Lab	30.8264, -26.4334, 18.5323

# Details

The XYZ color **4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**, and the color name is **pakistan green**. A complement of this color would be **7.8780, 3.7843, 12.8858**, and the grayscale version is **4.3205, 4.5455, 4.9500**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **15.0418, 24.8231, 7.8694**, and **1.2731, 2.5462, 0.4244** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4.7515, 9.5031, 1.5839**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4.9352, 9.5913, 1.8843**.

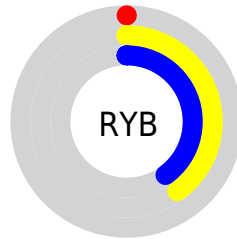
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (40%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

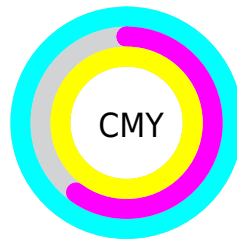


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 4.7514, 9.5027,  
1.5838


 4.7514, 9.5027,  
1.5838


 142.3936,  
187.0850, 115.5370

 2.1354, 5.0705,  
0.2792

 15.0325, 24.8558,  
7.8681


 0.7084, 2.2887,  
0.0000


 23.4282, 36.5456,  
13.8343

 0.0000, 0.7677,  
0.0000

 34.4813, 51.4232,  
22.2413


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 48.5570, 69.8733,  
33.5077


 66.0208, 92.2801,  
48.0519


 87.2379, 119.0281,


66.2924


 112.5737,  
150.5015, 88.6480


 4.7514, 9.5027,  
1.5838


 4.7514, 9.5027,  
1.5838


 4.7515, 9.5031,  
1.5839

 4.9352, 9.5913,  
1.8843

 5.1782, 9.7080,  
2.2818

 5.5470, 9.8851,  
2.8849

 6.0551, 10.1292,  
3.7161

 6.7147, 10.4461,  
4.7951

■ 7.5366, 10.8408,  
6.1393

■ 8.5304, 11.3182,  
7.7649

■ 9.7051, 11.8825,  
9.6864

■ 11.0692, 12.5377,  
11.9176

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.1738, 9.5027, 0.3449



4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838



3.6610, 9.5027, 6.0925

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838



7.3891, 9.5027, 46.4652



17.9591, 9.5027, 5.6060

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838



7.8780, 3.7843, 12.8858

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0646, 9.5027, 16.2270



4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838



11.1862, 9.5027, 45.9480

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838



4.8710, 9.5027, 33.6686



15.3259, 9.5027, 32.5373



15.0685, 9.5027, 1.4393



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838



3.5659, 9.5027, 12.6818



15.3259, 9.5027, 32.5373



18.3441, 9.5027, 8.3176

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4.7516, 9.5031, 1.5840



14.7967, 19.7706, 13.3505



10.2312, 12.3279, 1.8404



3.3641, 4.6033, 2.9425



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4.7516, 9.5031, 1.5840



8.3329, 16.6657, 2.7777



5.3492, 9.7421, 4.7308



2.7972, 3.1426, 3.0336



6.1023, 12.2045, 2.0341



31.8266, 63.6532, 10.6089



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.8780, 3.7843, 12.8858



13.8158, 6.6364, 22.5981



6.0773, 3.0640, 3.4035



2.9359, 2.8890, 3.5349



10.1175, 4.8599, 16.5489

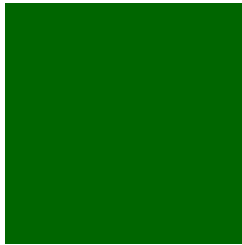


52.7681, 25.3472, 86.3112



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

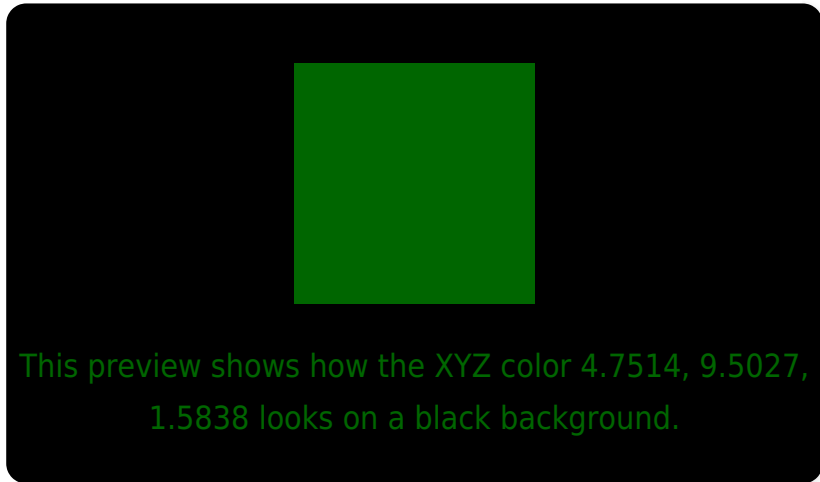
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838

### Protanopia

8.4452, 9.4131, 1.3718

### Deuteranopia

9.5447, 9.4957, 2.0888



## Tritanopia

7.4867, 9.6573, 14.0398

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838

## Protanomaly

5.8138, 8.6784, 1.3687

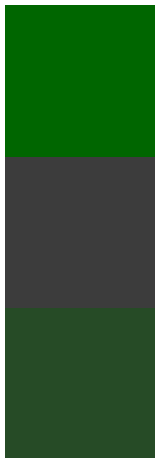
## Deuteranomaly

6.1897, 8.6092, 1.7510

## Tritanomaly

5.7738, 9.3500, 6.5015

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838

## Achromatopsia

4.2949, 4.5186, 4.9208

## Achromatomaly

3.6653, 5.5842, 2.7184

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 102, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 102, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 102, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 102, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 4.7514, 9.5027, 1.5838 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 102,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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