

Converting Colors

XYZ(3.8078, 13.3888, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(3.8078, 13.3888, 0.0000)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.7192, 15.4383,
2.5731)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008000
RGB	0, 128, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4980, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.50
HSL	120°, 100%, 25%
HSV	120°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731
YIQ	75.1360, -35.2000, -66.9440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

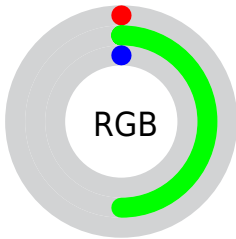
Format	Color
RYB	0, 128, 128
Decimal	32768
CIELab	46.23, -51.70, 49.90
CIELCh	46, 71.851, 136.016
Yxy	15.4383, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222848 (0xFF008000)
YUV	75.1360, -37.0420, -65.8943
Hunter-Lab	39.2916, -33.6923, 23.6214

Details

The XYZ color **7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**, and the color name is **green**. A complement of this color would be **12.7985, 6.1479, 20.9329**, and the grayscale version is **6.7825, 7.1358, 7.7708**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.1330, 35.6199, 10.6120**, and **2.6539, 5.3078, 0.8846** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.7195, 15.4389, 2.5733**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.9540, 15.5515, 2.9569**.

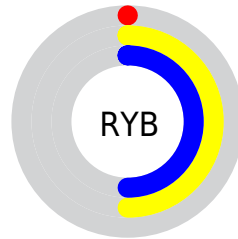
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (50%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (50%)

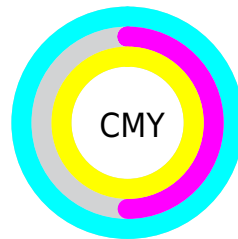


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 7.7192, 15.4383,
2.5731

■ 7.7192, 15.4383,
2.5731

167.9305,
226.0040, 130.7226

■ 3.9661, 9.1276,
0.8785

■ 21.0968, 35.6203,
10.5555

■ 1.6830, 4.8245,
0.0000

■ 31.4520, 50.2603,
17.6829

■ 0.4456, 2.1447,
0.0000

■ 44.7387, 68.4456,
27.4592

■ 0.0000, 0.6896,
0.0000


■ 61.3221, 90.5604,
40.3029


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 81.5676, 116.9893,
56.6325


■ 105.8406,


148.1166, 76.8667


 134.5065,
184.3267, 101.4238


 7.7192, 15.4383,
2.5731


 7.7192, 15.4383,
2.5731


 7.7195, 15.4389,
2.5733

 7.9540, 15.5515,
2.9569

 8.3175, 15.7262,
3.5516

 8.8903, 16.0013,
4.4885

 9.6972, 16.3889,
5.8084

 10.7598, 16.8993,
7.5465

■ 12.0971, 17.5417,
9.7340

■ 13.7265, 18.3244,
12.3990

■ 15.6636, 19.2549,
15.5676

■ 17.9233, 20.3403,
19.2636

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.6547, 15.4383, 0.7441



7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



5.9477, 15.4383, 9.8982

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



12.0045, 15.4383, 75.4887



29.1767, 15.4383, 9.1076

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



12.7985, 6.1479, 20.9329

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.3482, 15.4383, 26.3626



7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



18.1735, 15.4383, 74.6482

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



7.9135, 15.4383, 54.6991



24.8988, 15.4383, 52.8606



24.4806, 15.4383, 2.3383

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



5.7932, 15.4383, 20.6033



24.8988, 15.4383, 52.8606



29.8022, 15.4383, 13.5129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.7196, 15.4389, 2.5734



23.9506, 32.1579, 21.4761



16.6219, 20.0283, 2.9899



5.3581, 7.4093, 4.6202



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.7196, 15.4389, 2.5734



13.5909, 27.1816, 4.5305



8.6450, 15.8091, 7.4468



4.2761, 4.8187, 4.6249



7.6541, 15.3082, 2.5515



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.7985, 6.1479, 20.9329



22.5329, 10.8237, 36.8542



9.8280, 4.9597, 5.2903



4.4982, 4.4124, 5.4278



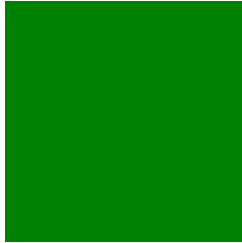
12.6901, 6.0957, 20.7557



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

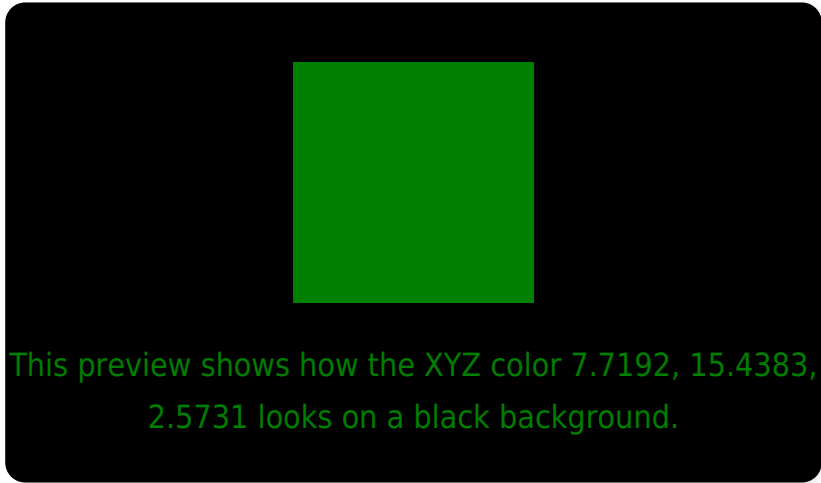
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.7192, 15.4383,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731

Protanopia

13.7443, 15.3628, 2.2409

Deuteranopia

15.4764, 15.3028, 3.2367



Tritanopia

12.0806, 15.5629, 23.1361

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



Protanomaly

9.5032, 14.3423, 2.2675



Deuteranomaly

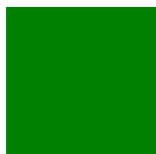
9.9448, 13.8802, 2.7273



Tritanomaly

9.1422, 14.8683, 10.3707

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731



Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622



Achromatomaly

5.7551, 8.8472, 4.2007

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 128, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 128, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 128, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 128, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 128, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 128, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 128, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 128, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.7192, 15.4383, 2.5731 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 128, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 128,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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