

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.0293, 34.0167, 47.3670)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.0293, 34.0167, 47.3670)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.1360, 34.0383,  
47.6295)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	80A3B3
RGB	128, 163, 179
RGB Percent	50%, 64%, 70%
CMY	0.4980, 0.3608, 0.2980
CMYK	0.28, 0.09, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	199°, 25%, 60%
HSV	199°, 28%, 70%
XYZ	30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295
YIQ	154.3590, -25.9960, -2.4440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

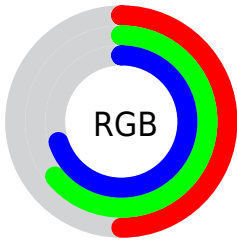
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 149, 179
Decimal	8430515
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.99, -8.16, -12.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 14.661, 236.173
Yxy	34.0383, 0.2695, 0.3044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286620595 (0xFF80A3B3)
YUV	154.3590, 12.1480, -23.1168
Hunter-Lab	58.3424, -9.8972, -7.5635

# Details

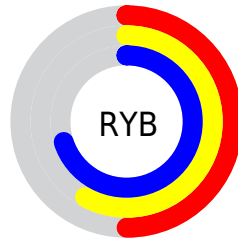
The XYZ color **30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **32.4604, 31.0890, 24.7129**, and the grayscale version is **30.8302, 32.4358, 35.3225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.3582, 66.0860, 88.2246**, and **12.5109, 14.4530, 21.8690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.7027, 30.8218, 47.1902**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.0906, 37.5909, 48.1074**.

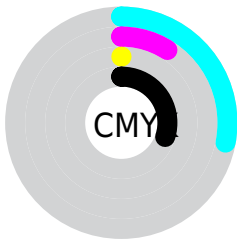
# Distribution



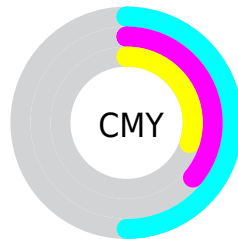
- Red (50%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.1360, 34.0383,  
47.6295

■ 30.1360, 34.0383,  
47.6295

294.4363,  
320.3028, 393.7879

■ 20.0904, 22.9230,  
33.1757

■ 59.2623, 65.9932,  
88.0123

■ 12.5694, 14.5367,  
21.9888

■ 79.0738, 87.6017,  
114.7784

■ 7.2077, 8.4949,  
13.6505

■ 102.8713,  
113.4766, 146.4856

■ 3.6398, 4.4132,  
7.7420

131.0202,  
144.0025, 183.5525

■ 1.5004, 1.9073,  
3.8449

163.8857,  
179.5636, 226.3976

■ 0.3261, 0.5528,  
1.5407

201.8334,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

220.5445, 275.4396

0.2479

245.2285,  
267.3294, 331.0968

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.1360, 34.0383,  
47.6295

■ 30.1360, 34.0383,  
47.6295

■ 26.7027, 30.8218,  
47.1902

■ 34.0906, 37.5909,  
48.1074

■ 23.7621, 27.9234,  
46.7857

■ 38.5871, 41.4886,  
48.6227

■ 21.2874, 25.3291,  
46.4154

■ 43.6488, 45.7451,  
49.1775

■ 19.2479, 23.0223,  
46.0776

■ 49.2964, 50.3717,  
49.7729

■ 17.6087, 20.9842,  
45.7706

■ 55.5498, 55.3796,  
50.4099

■ 16.3292, 19.1929,  
45.4923

■ 62.4278, 60.7792,  
51.0896

■ 15.3404, 17.6118,  
45.2393

■ 69.9484, 66.5805,  
51.8130

■ 15.2012, 17.3835,  
45.2025

■ 71.9141, 69.5894,  
52.2902

■ 73.3069, 72.3749,  
52.7544

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.8305, 34.0383, 42.4529



30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295



32.0811, 34.0383, 49.9718

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295



36.5920, 34.0383, 37.8465



30.5876, 34.0383, 27.5417

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295



32.4604, 31.0890, 24.7129

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.6252, 34.0383, 26.5922



30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295



36.1500, 34.0383, 32.1478

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295



35.8579, 34.0383, 43.9474



34.6749, 34.0383, 28.1859



29.0831, 34.0383, 30.9360



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295



33.5010, 34.0383, 49.4416



34.6749, 34.0383, 28.1859



31.2303, 34.0383, 26.9432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1370, 34.0397, 47.6303



68.5443, 73.8229, 87.0177



30.0036, 38.8223, 32.0188



14.9170, 16.1250, 19.2485



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1370, 34.0397, 47.6303



50.1241, 57.3878, 84.8163



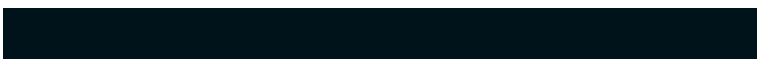
26.1568, 26.0792, 46.3035



8.5133, 9.1728, 10.8282



10.8019, 12.4042, 31.9619



0.3892, 0.4890, 1.0221



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.9213, 27.6673, 38.2571



56.0105, 44.5165, 64.8649



36.6381, 39.4445, 26.1055



8.7343, 8.6004, 10.0992



15.6870, 7.7923, 14.0433



0.5185, 0.2551, 0.5730



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

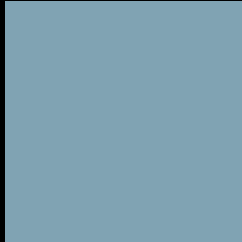
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

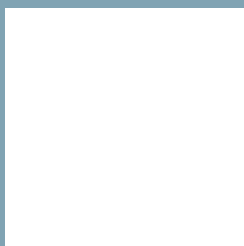
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.1360, 34.0383,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295

### Protanopia

33.1439, 33.8406, 45.3425

### Deuteranopia

34.4297, 33.6957, 48.4053



## Tritanopia

29.6861, 33.8410, 46.0416

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295

## Protanomaly

31.9117, 33.9506, 45.9455

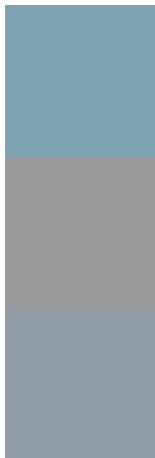
## Deuteranomaly

32.6896, 33.7988, 47.9809

## Tritanomaly

29.7854, 33.8807, 46.5648

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295

## Achromatopsia

30.7148, 32.3143, 35.1903

## Achromatomaly

30.3449, 32.7780, 39.3778

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 163, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 163, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 163, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 163, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 163, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 163, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 163, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 163, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 163, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 163,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.1360, 34.0383, 47.6295 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 163, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
163, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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