

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.0452, 34.1826, 12.4654)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.0452, 34.1826, 12.4654)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.0925, 34.2697,  
12.4258)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7A14F
RGB	167, 161, 79
RGB Percent	65%, 63%, 31%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3686, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.53, 0.35
HSL	56°, 36%, 48%
HSV	56°, 53%, 65%
XYZ	30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258
YIQ	153.4460, 29.8980, -24.2300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

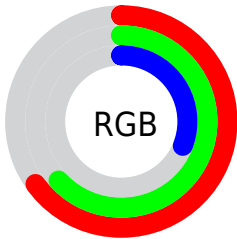
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	85, 167, 79
Decimal	10985807
CIELab	65.18, -9.11, 42.95
CIELCh	65, 43.905, 101.982
Yxy	34.2697, 0.3919, 0.4463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289175887 (0xFFA7A14F)
YUV	153.4460, -36.7019, 11.8869
Hunter-Lab	58.5403, -10.6881, 28.3933

# Details

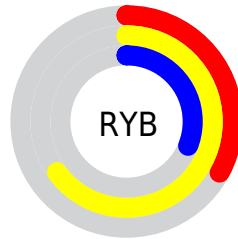
The XYZ color **30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **13.4480, 10.9490, 37.9637**, and the grayscale version is **30.6196, 32.2142, 35.0812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.3256, 66.5707, 30.8417**, and **12.6078, 14.7513, 3.3452** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.3618, 33.6620, 9.5509**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.9793, 34.9453, 16.1069**.

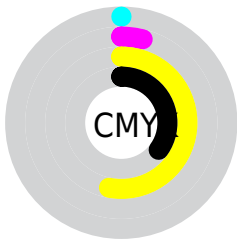
# Distribution



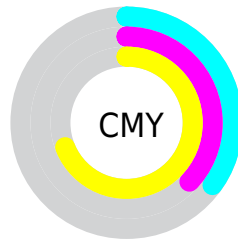
- Red (65%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.0925, 34.2697,  
12.4258


 30.0925, 34.2697,  
12.4258


294.2375,  
321.3330, 218.2812

 20.0572, 23.1009,  
6.9083


 59.1941, 66.3529,  
30.9442

 12.5452, 14.6680,  
3.3272


 78.9910, 88.0360,  
44.7822


 7.1909, 8.5867,  
1.2641


 102.7727,  
113.9926, 62.2307

 3.6292, 4.4726,  
0.0321

 130.9043,  
144.6072, 83.7084

 1.4946, 1.9413,  
0.0000

 163.7512,  
180.2642, 109.6338

 0.3221, 0.5730,  
0.0000

201.6788,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

221.3478, 140.4253

0.0000

245.0524,  
268.2426, 176.5016

■ 30.0925, 34.2697,  
12.4258

■ 30.0925, 34.2697,  
12.4258

■ 29.3618, 33.6620,  
9.5509

■ 30.9793, 34.9453,  
16.1069

■ 28.7732, 33.1127,  
7.4187

■ 32.0304, 35.6882,  
20.6473

■ 28.3141, 32.6181,  
5.9597

■ 33.2559, 36.5039,  
26.0977

■ 27.9686, 32.1718,  
5.0900

■ 34.6648, 37.3958,  
32.5046

■ 27.7614, 31.8657,  
4.6875

■ 36.2653, 38.3672,  
39.9112

■ 38.0650, 39.4213,  
48.3580

■ 40.0712, 40.5610,  
57.8833

■ 42.2909, 41.7889,  
68.5235

■ 44.7306, 43.1078,  
80.3132

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.5141, 34.2697, 12.8913



30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258



25.0398, 34.2697, 16.8242

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258



24.2814, 34.2697, 66.0764



45.6792, 34.2697, 49.2638

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258



13.4480, 10.9490, 37.9637

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.4817, 34.2697, 69.9778



30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258



28.9250, 34.2697, 81.6603

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258



21.9900, 34.2697, 45.0893



35.1848, 34.2697, 83.2841



46.0992, 34.2697, 30.4881



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258



22.9026, 34.2697, 23.1296



35.1848, 34.2697, 83.2841



44.6401, 34.2697, 56.3597

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.0933, 34.2713, 12.4265



61.1364, 66.3831, 53.8849



20.4257, 14.4851, 10.5945



13.5693, 14.7846, 11.5494



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.0933, 34.2713, 12.4265



52.4174, 60.1378, 16.4728



24.4873, 32.9742, 12.4716



8.1025, 8.6850, 8.0386



21.2578, 24.4128, 3.5917



0.5297, 0.6190, 0.0916



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.4480, 10.9490, 37.9637



19.4311, 13.9393, 67.1417



16.9296, 12.0726, 37.9971



7.1713, 7.3796, 9.4648



5.4468, 2.3537, 28.1427



0.1449, 0.0821, 0.6889



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

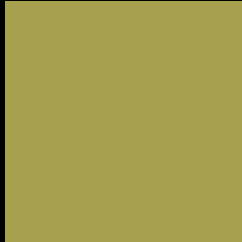
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.0925, 34.2697,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258

### Protanopia

31.2812, 34.1177, 12.1444

### Deuteranopia

34.8377, 34.2117, 12.7500



## Tritanopia

35.6083, 34.2508, 39.8563

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258

## Protanomaly

30.7865, 34.1170, 12.1703

## Deuteranomaly

32.9737, 34.2271, 12.6532

## Tritanomaly

32.9682, 33.9068, 26.9974

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258

## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897

## Achromatomaly

29.7549, 32.5524, 24.4537

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 161, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 161, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 161, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 161, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 161, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 161, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 161, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 161, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 161, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 161,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.0925, 34.2697, 12.4258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 161, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
161, 79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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