

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.0531, 53.1170, 8.6698)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.0531, 53.1170, 8.6698)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.0508, 53.0959,  
8.6647)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5FDB00
RGB	95, 219, 0
RGB Percent	37%, 86%, 0%
CMY	0.6275, 0.1412, 0.9999
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 1.00, 0.14
HSL	94°, 100%, 43%
HSV	94°, 100%, 86%
XYZ	30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647
YIQ	156.9580, -3.6050, -94.3970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 219, 124
Decimal	6281984
CIELab	77.93, -64.25, 75.93
CIELCh	78, 99.464, 130.240
Yxy	53.0959, 0.3273, 0.5783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284472064 (0xFF5FDB00)
YUV	156.9580, -77.3803, -54.3372
Hunter-Lab	72.8669, -53.9026, 43.9566

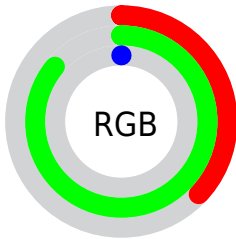
# Details

The XYZ color **30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**.

The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **21.1040, 9.4028, 67.7234**, and the grayscale version is **32.3701, 34.0558, 37.0868**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.5002, 79.4450, 21.2144**, and **13.0972, 26.1944, 4.3657** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.0502, 53.0972, 8.6650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5885, 53.8736, 9.4892**.

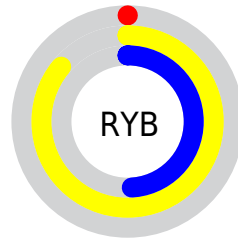
# Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (86%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (49%)

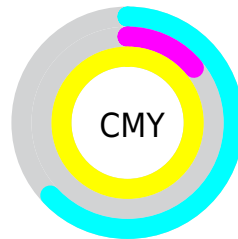


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (14%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.0508, 53.0959,  
8.6647


 30.0508, 53.0959,  
8.6647


294.0467,  
398.6529, 190.9815

 20.0254, 37.8793,  
4.4293


 59.1286, 94.7455,  
23.8189

 12.5219, 25.8890,  
1.8637


 78.9117, 121.9473,  
35.5748


 7.1749, 16.7407,  
0.4695


 102.6781,  
153.9129, 50.6746

 3.6190, 10.0498,  
0.0000

 130.7931,  
191.0268, 69.5369

 1.4889, 5.4320,  
0.0000

 163.6221,  
233.6734, 92.5802

 0.3183, 2.5029,  
0.0000

 201.5305,

 0.0000, 0.8781,

282.2370, 120.2231

0.0000

244.8836,  
337.1021, 152.8840

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.0508, 53.0959,  
8.6647

■ 30.0508, 53.0959,  
8.6647

■ 30.0502, 53.0972,  
8.6650

■ 31.5885, 53.8736,  
9.4892

■ 33.5025, 54.8248,  
11.1825

■ 35.8559, 55.9775,  
14.0275

■ 38.6868, 57.3479,  
18.1826

■ 42.0281, 58.9499,  
23.7815

■ 45.9093, 60.7963,  
30.9413

■ 50.3573, 62.8985,  
39.7671

■ 55.3969, 65.2674,  
50.3549

■ 61.0513, 67.9130,  
62.7934

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.1387, 53.0959, 3.5798



30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



22.9319, 53.0959, 28.7605

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



38.9072, 53.0959, 227.1647



96.6282, 53.0959, 40.8685

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



21.1040, 9.4028, 67.7234

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.1856, 53.0959, 101.8190



30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



57.3710, 53.0959, 238.7493

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



27.0662, 53.0959, 157.5328



78.5072, 53.0959, 183.1994



84.5142, 53.0959, 12.6919



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



21.6619, 53.0959, 58.2599



78.5072, 53.0959, 183.1994



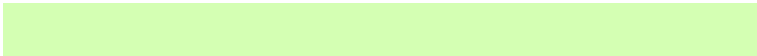
97.5440, 53.0959, 57.3672

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.0520, 53.0982, 8.6659



70.9050, 88.7038, 55.7676



35.9874, 28.6058, 3.6255



14.5857, 18.7074, 10.7452



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.0520, 53.0982, 8.6659



42.2647, 74.8733, 12.2244



25.3932, 50.6895, 8.7616



13.4195, 14.8810, 13.8906



17.9381, 31.5449, 5.1433



1.2597, 2.0939, 0.3378



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.1040, 9.4028, 67.7234



29.6225, 13.1858, 95.5916



40.6070, 19.6181, 61.3567



13.0408, 12.9792, 16.4700



12.6397, 5.6402, 40.1609

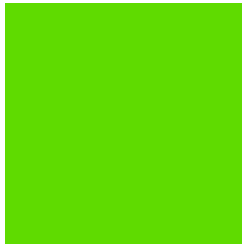


0.9170, 0.4160, 2.6064



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

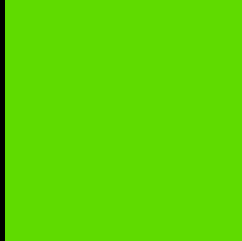
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.0508, 53.0959,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647

### Protanopia

47.1685, 52.2982, 7.6085

### Deuteranopia

53.2732, 51.9380, 9.6999



## Tritanopia

43.4132, 52.9422, 75.6409

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



## Protanomaly

38.1338, 51.0117, 7.8364



## Deuteranomaly

40.4759, 49.8103, 8.6434



## Tritanomaly

34.7365, 51.2074, 32.8641

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647



## Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171



## Achromatomaly

28.4530, 38.6309, 18.0135

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 219, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 219, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 219, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 219, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 219, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 219, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 219, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 219, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 219, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 219, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.0508, 53.0959, 8.6647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 219, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 219,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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