

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.0622, 27.4644, 29.7312)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.0622, 27.4644, 29.7312)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.9230, 27.3043,  
29.6797)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AA858F
RGB	170, 133, 143
RGB Percent	67%, 52%, 56%
CMY	0.3333, 0.4784, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.16, 0.33
HSL	344°, 18%, 59%
HSV	344°, 22%, 67%
XYZ	29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797
YIQ	145.2030, 18.8420, 10.9540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

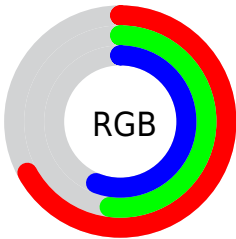
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	170, 133, 143
Decimal	11175311
CIE Lab	59.25, 15.77, 0.07
CIE LCh	59, 15.766, 0.265
Yxy	27.3043, 0.3443, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289365391 (0xFFAA858F)
YUV	145.2030, -1.0861, 21.7470
Hunter-Lab	52.2535, 10.7745, 2.9011

# Details

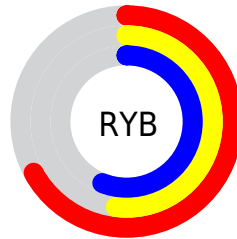
The XYZ color **29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **30.3939, 36.2747, 38.6593**, and the grayscale version is **26.9957, 28.4016, 30.9293**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.0010, 55.3178, 60.3910**, and **12.4052, 10.7587, 11.7787** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.8928, 22.6656, 24.2863**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.4354, 32.7405, 35.7473**.

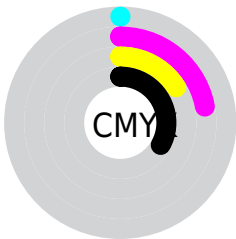
# Distribution



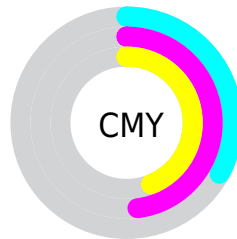
- Red (67%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.9230, 27.3043,  
29.6797

■ 29.9230, 27.3043,  
29.6797

293.4616,  
289.1275, 314.5693

■ 19.9279, 17.8019,  
19.3456

■ 58.9279, 55.3718,  
60.2103

■ 12.4506, 10.8079,  
11.7409

■ 78.6683, 74.7057,  
81.2439

■ 7.1257, 5.9378,  
6.4471

■ 102.3880, 98.0855,  
106.6810

■ 3.5879, 2.8073,  
3.0457

130.4522,  
125.8956, 136.9403

■ 1.4717, 1.0320,  
1.1180

163.2264,  
158.5205, 172.4402

■ 0.3065, 0.0000,  
0.0000

201.0757,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

196.3445, 213.5993

0.0000

244.3657,  
239.7520, 260.8362

■ 29.9230, 27.3043,  
29.6797

■ 29.9230, 27.3043,  
29.6797

■ 26.8928, 22.6656,  
24.2863

■ 33.4354, 32.7405,  
35.7473

■ 24.3211, 18.7831,  
19.5417

■ 37.4477, 39.0054,  
42.5101

■ 22.1854, 15.6174,  
15.4212


■ 41.9798, 46.1332,  
49.9899


■ 20.4606, 13.1241,  
11.8979

■ 47.0494, 54.1551,  
58.2075


■ 19.1188, 11.2539,  
8.9428


■ 52.6738, 63.1007,  
67.1824


 18.1284, 9.9505,  
6.5243


 58.8690, 72.9981,  
76.9336

 17.4524, 9.1473,  
4.6070

 65.6509, 83.8744,  
87.4794

 17.0695, 8.7428,  
3.3659

 68.4028, 86.4921,  
97.2935

 70.3329, 87.2642,  
107.4577

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.3785, 27.3043, 35.4357



29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797



29.3595, 27.3043, 24.5953

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797



24.0910, 27.3043, 21.3172



24.1199, 27.3043, 40.1683

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797



30.3939, 36.2747, 38.6593

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.8188, 27.3043, 35.5332



29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797



22.8027, 27.3043, 24.6718

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797



25.9344, 27.3043, 20.1557



22.3487, 27.3043, 29.7798



25.9694, 27.3043, 41.9376



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797



28.4469, 27.3043, 22.1500



22.3487, 27.3043, 29.7798



23.6073, 27.3043, 38.8670

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.9238, 27.3055, 29.6803



63.9242, 64.4819, 70.3879



30.0449, 27.1026, 41.6782



14.1634, 14.2363, 15.5416



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.9238, 27.3055, 29.6803



51.5972, 45.4027, 49.0932



30.3394, 29.2954, 26.2474



7.6113, 7.5744, 8.2702



12.5770, 6.4395, 2.5843



0.3269, 0.1650, 0.1729



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9238, 27.3055, 29.6803



51.5972, 45.4027, 49.0932



29.8469, 33.7244, 42.9668



7.6113, 7.5744, 8.2702



12.5770, 6.4395, 2.5843

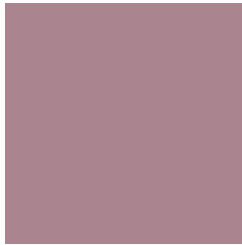


0.3269, 0.1650, 0.1729



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.9230, 27.3043,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797

### Protanopia

26.5199, 27.4134, 31.9105

### Deuteranopia

27.8756, 27.2981, 29.3910



## Tritanopia

29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797

## Protanomaly

27.5578, 27.3129, 31.0136

## Deuteranomaly

28.5869, 27.2427, 29.3429

## Tritanomaly

29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797

## Achromatopsia

26.9133, 28.3149, 30.8349

## Achromatomaly

27.8853, 27.9334, 30.3075

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 133, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 133, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 133, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 133, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 133, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 133, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 133, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 133, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 133, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 133,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.9230, 27.3043, 29.6797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 133, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
133, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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