

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.1649, 28.4751, 45.0137)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.1649, 28.4751, 45.0137)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.1635, 28.5662,  
44.9983)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	988CB0
RGB	152, 140, 176
RGB Percent	60%, 55%, 69%
CMY	0.4039, 0.4510, 0.3098
CMYK	0.14, 0.20, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	260°, 19%, 62%
HSV	260°, 20%, 69%
XYZ	30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983
YIQ	147.6920, -4.4040, 13.7400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

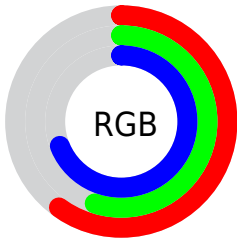
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	152, 140, 176
Decimal	9997488
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.40, 11.75, -17.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 20.877, 304.261
Yxy	28.5662, 0.2908, 0.2754
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288187568 (0xFF988CB0)
YUV	147.6920, 13.9558, 3.7781
Hunter-Lab	53.4474, 7.2052, -12.5042

# Details

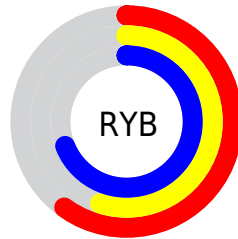
The XYZ color **30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **35.5697, 40.8373, 30.8200**, and the grayscale version is **27.9660, 29.4224, 32.0410**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.5894, 57.6752, 84.3357**, and **12.5981, 11.5091, 20.2964** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.7062, 22.7517, 44.1114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.2512, 35.3177, 46.0338**.

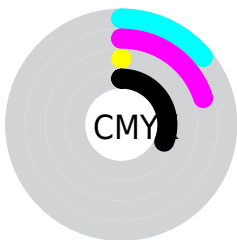
# Distribution



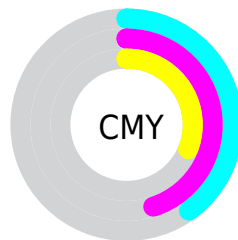
- Red (60%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.1635, 28.5662,  
44.9983

■ 30.1635, 28.5662,  
44.9983

294.5620,  
295.1626, 382.9266

■ 20.1114, 18.7529,  
31.1131

■ 59.3055, 57.3871,  
84.0363

■ 12.5848, 11.4919,  
20.4258

■ 79.1261, 77.1636,  
110.0262

■ 7.2183, 6.3987,  
12.5178

■ 102.9336,  
101.0299, 140.8881

■ 3.6465, 3.0890,  
6.9706

131.0934,  
129.3704, 177.0406

■ 1.5042, 1.1784,  
3.3655

163.9708,  
162.5695, 218.9021

■ 0.3287, 0.0439,  
1.2842

201.9311,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

201.0117, 266.8913

0.0488

245.3397,  
245.0812, 321.4266

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.1635, 28.5662,  
44.9983

■ 30.1635, 28.5662,  
44.9983

■ 25.7062, 22.7517,  
44.1114

■ 35.2512, 35.3177,  
46.0338

■ 21.8508, 17.8285,  
43.3643

■ 40.9909, 43.0423,  
47.2222

■ 18.5706, 13.7521,  
42.7504

■ 47.4064, 51.7783,  
48.5703

■ 15.8355, 10.4728,  
42.2615

■ 54.5194, 61.5609,  
50.0837

■ 13.6127, 7.9355,  
41.8889

■ 62.3507, 72.4238,  
51.7677

■ 11.8651, 6.0778,  
41.6225

■ 70.9202, 84.3990,  
53.6275

■ 10.5501, 4.8265,  
41.4503

■ 77.5736, 92.1704,  
54.7768

■ 9.6203, 4.0542,  
41.3502

■ 81.5576, 94.2243,  
54.9633

■ 84.8366, 95.9146,  
55.1167

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.5368, 28.5662, 48.3065



30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983



32.0738, 28.5662, 37.9788

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983



29.4563, 28.5662, 19.5930



22.3202, 28.5662, 32.2155

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983



35.5697, 40.8373, 30.8200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.7602, 28.5662, 25.1129



30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983



26.7695, 28.5662, 18.5633

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983



31.6469, 28.5662, 23.4986



24.3467, 28.5662, 20.4116



23.1030, 28.5662, 40.1947



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983



32.6205, 28.5662, 32.6063



24.3467, 28.5662, 20.4116



22.3304, 28.5662, 29.6481

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1644, 28.5674, 44.9989



68.3116, 69.9242, 84.3916



32.0358, 35.4772, 46.2340



14.6638, 14.9649, 18.2600



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1644, 28.5674, 44.9989



50.5376, 46.3464, 80.7774



33.6636, 30.3713, 45.1627



8.3000, 8.3632, 10.6831



7.1149, 3.0036, 30.3418



0.2873, 0.1272, 0.9576



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.9843, 30.6678, 39.2514



58.9290, 50.9650, 67.9501



32.2209, 39.1109, 30.6632



8.7272, 8.5976, 10.0619



15.5353, 7.7317, 13.2447



0.5145, 0.2536, 0.5522



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

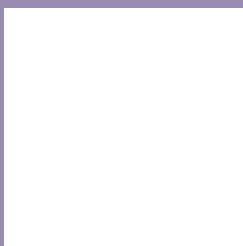
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.1635, 28.5662,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983

### Protanopia

28.5912, 28.6045, 46.6621

### Deuteranopia

29.1865, 28.5003, 45.0371



## Tritanopia

28.1024, 28.6090, 35.0513

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983

## Protanomaly

29.1860, 28.6989, 46.1207

## Deuteranomaly

29.5741, 28.4802, 45.0128

## Tritanomaly

28.8277, 28.6788, 38.6665

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983

## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495

## Achromatomaly

28.6914, 29.1090, 36.4541

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 140, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 140, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 140, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 140, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 140, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 140, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 140, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 140, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 140, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 140,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.1635, 28.5662, 44.9983 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 140, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
140, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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