

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.1816, 23.6418,  
33.9829)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2719B
RGB	178, 113, 155
RGB Percent	70%, 44%, 61%
CMY	0.3020, 0.5568, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.13, 0.30
HSL	321°, 30%, 57%
HSV	321°, 37%, 70%
XYZ	30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829
YIQ	137.2230, 25.2580, 26.8420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

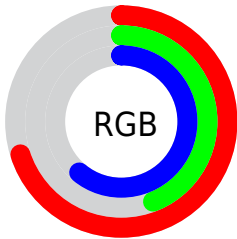
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	178, 113, 155
Decimal	11694491
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.73, 31.95, -12.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 34.126, 339.420
Yxy	23.6418, 0.3437, 0.2692
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289884571 (0xFFB2719B)
YUV	137.2230, 8.7641, 35.7614
Hunter-Lab	48.6228, 25.7102, -7.4023

# Details

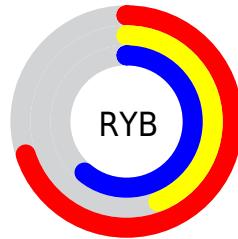
The XYZ color **30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **27.1754, 37.1297, 29.0287**, and the grayscale version is **23.8240, 25.0647, 27.2955**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.4058, 49.5381, 66.7524**, and **12.5884, 8.8396, 14.1394** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.8719, 19.8468, 30.6709**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.9098, 28.2290, 37.5711**.

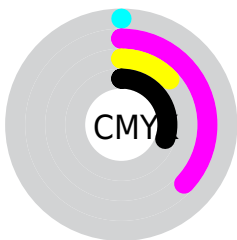
# Distribution



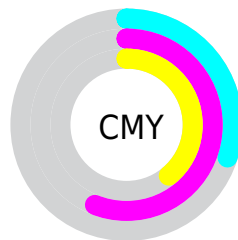
- Red (70%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (39%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 30.1816, 23.6418,  
33.9829


 30.1816, 23.6418,  
33.9829

294.6447,  
271.0045, 334.8226


 20.1252, 15.0681,  
22.6032


 59.3339, 49.4450,  
67.0407


 12.5949, 8.8672,  
14.0983


 79.1606, 67.4434,  
89.5558

 7.2253, 4.6547,  
8.0495


 102.9747, 89.3521,  
116.6199

 3.6510, 2.0461,  
4.0384

 131.1416,  
115.5555, 148.6514

 1.5066, 0.6341,  
1.6464

164.0267,  
146.4381, 186.0689

 0.3303, 0.0000,  
0.3236

201.9954,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

182.3842, 229.2909

0.0000

245.4129,  
223.7782, 278.7359

■ 30.1816, 23.6418,  
33.9829

■ 30.1816, 23.6418,  
33.9829

■ 27.8719, 19.8468,  
30.6709

■ 32.9098, 28.2290,  
37.5711

■ 25.9553, 16.7947,  
27.6238

■ 36.0757, 33.6472,  
41.4431

■ 24.4068, 14.4360,  
24.8314

■ 39.7001, 39.9368,  
45.6080

■ 23.1975, 12.7136,  
22.2820

■ 43.8015, 47.1344,  
50.0741

■ 22.2939, 11.5613,  
19.9621

■ 48.3975, 55.2746,  
54.8489

■ 21.6507, 10.8890,  
17.8543

■ 53.5049, 64.3901,  
59.9400

■ 21.4554, 10.7031,  
17.1584

■ 59.1394, 74.5121,  
65.3545

■ 65.1870, 85.4118,  
71.0560

■ 65.9648, 85.7229,  
75.1521

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.5348, 23.6418, 45.9632



30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829



30.6398, 23.6418, 22.4091

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829



21.2748, 23.6418, 9.9226



17.1988, 23.6418, 41.7838

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829



27.1754, 37.1297, 29.0287

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9005, 23.6418, 29.3897



30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829



18.0692, 23.6418, 12.5394

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829



25.1892, 23.6418, 10.5016



16.1997, 23.6418, 18.9541



19.9554, 23.6418, 51.2902



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829



29.5954, 23.6418, 16.6288



16.1997, 23.6418, 18.9541



16.5926, 23.6418, 37.6928

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1823, 23.6429, 33.9834



68.8144, 66.8884, 79.1082



24.0549, 20.2392, 44.7585



15.0522, 14.4832, 17.3034



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1823, 23.6429, 33.9834



51.2253, 37.0975, 56.6372



27.8256, 22.7002, 21.5732



8.7198, 8.5946, 10.0228



15.3822, 7.6705, 12.4387



0.5105, 0.2519, 0.5308



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1823, 23.6429, 33.9834



51.2253, 37.0975, 56.6372



29.8225, 38.1886, 42.9679



8.7198, 8.5946, 10.0228



15.3822, 7.6705, 12.4387

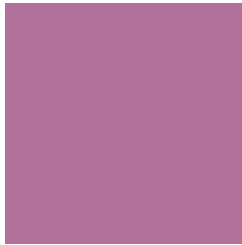


0.5105, 0.2519, 0.5308



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

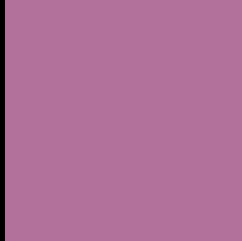
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

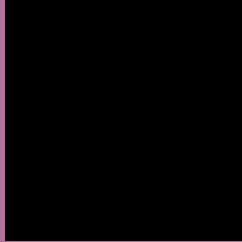
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.1816, 23.6418,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829

### Protanopia

23.9129, 23.9622, 40.4106

### Deuteranopia

24.1314, 23.6355, 32.9960



## Tritanopia

27.9884, 23.6031, 23.1594

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829

## Protanomaly

25.5733, 23.4953, 37.8375

## Deuteranomaly

26.0943, 23.4875, 33.2952

## Tritanomaly

28.6652, 23.5270, 26.6973

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829

## Achromatopsia

23.7775, 25.0158, 27.2422

## Achromatomaly

25.7021, 24.1274, 29.6880

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 113, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 113, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 113, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 113, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 113, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 113, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 113, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 113, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 113, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 113,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.1816, 23.6418, 33.9829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 113, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
113, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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