

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.3030, 30.1153, 26.4778)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.3030, 30.1153, 26.4778)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(30.2954, 30.1597,  
26.4150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A79185
RGB	167, 145, 133
RGB Percent	65%, 57%, 52%
CMY	0.3451, 0.4314, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.20, 0.35
HSL	21°, 16%, 59%
HSV	21°, 20%, 65%
XYZ	30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150
YIQ	150.2100, 16.9640, 0.9320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

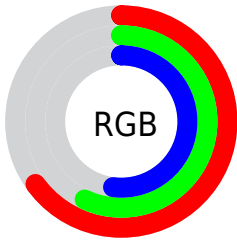
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	167, 152, 133
Decimal	10981765
CIELab	61.79, 6.24, 9.39
CIELCh	62, 11.270, 56.400
Yxy	30.1597, 0.3487, 0.3472
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289171845 (0xFFA79185)
YUV	150.2100, -8.4845, 14.7248
Hunter-Lab	54.9178, 2.3632, 9.9245

# Details

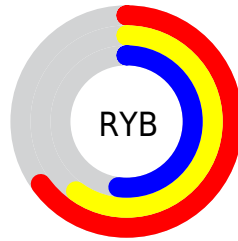
The XYZ color **30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **28.3692, 31.2187, 41.0901**, and the grayscale version is **29.1091, 30.6250, 33.3507**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.4106, 59.9216, 54.8891**, and **12.7627, 12.4693, 10.1217** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.6591, 26.5889, 20.2894**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.2738, 34.1206, 33.5604**.

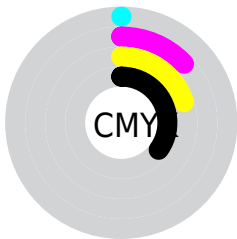
# Distribution



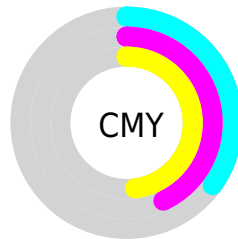
- Red (65%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (48%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.2954, 30.1597,  
26.4150


 30.2954, 30.1597,  
26.4150


295.1641,  
302.6481, 298.4834


 20.2121, 19.9598,  
16.9058


 59.5124, 59.9146,  
54.9360

 12.6585, 12.3659,  
10.0061


 79.3769, 80.2385,  
74.7848

 7.2692, 6.9934,  
5.2974


 103.2325,  
104.7058, 98.9173

 3.6788, 3.4579,  
2.3610

131.4445,  
133.7010, 127.7520

 1.5221, 1.3752,  
0.7651

164.3783,  
167.6084, 161.7074

 0.3408, 0.1984,  
0.0000

202.3993,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.8125, 201.2021

0.0000

245.8728,  
251.6976, 246.6546

■ 30.2954, 30.1597,  
26.4150

■ 30.2954, 30.1597,  
26.4150

■ 27.6591, 26.5889,  
20.2894

■ 33.2738, 34.1206,  
33.5604

■ 25.3495, 23.3921,  
15.1347

■ 36.6042, 38.4793,  
41.7677

■ 23.3535, 20.5577,  
10.9008

■ 40.2990, 43.2481,  
51.0788

■ 21.6562, 18.0720,  
7.5322

■ 44.3693, 48.4377,  
61.5329

■ 20.2410, 15.9206,  
4.9676

■ 48.8256, 54.0584,  
73.1672

■ 19.0899, 14.0876,  
3.1373

■ 53.6781, 60.1200,  
86.0171

■ 18.1819, 12.5555,  
1.9593

■ 58.9366, 66.6320,  
100.1166

■ 17.4982, 11.3390,  
1.2664

■ 62.6856, 72.8339,  
105.3622

■ 65.8113, 79.0853,  
106.4041

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3337, 30.1597, 29.2938



30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150



28.8478, 30.1597, 25.2504

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150



25.8768, 30.1597, 32.3218



29.9704, 30.1597, 40.8257

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150



28.3692, 31.2187, 41.0901

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.4848, 30.1597, 41.8129



30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150



26.1540, 30.1597, 36.6588

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150



26.3251, 30.1597, 28.4674



27.0959, 30.1597, 40.2277



31.1415, 30.1597, 37.6362



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150



27.8575, 30.1597, 25.5204



27.0959, 30.1597, 40.2277



29.4898, 30.1597, 41.4375

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.2962, 30.1611, 26.4156



62.0474, 64.3367, 66.1145



30.2490, 27.3609, 34.7416



13.8034, 14.2903, 14.5945



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.2962, 30.1611, 26.4156



52.2610, 51.3262, 42.6211



33.0731, 35.7147, 27.3412



7.7397, 7.9595, 7.9177



13.4322, 8.7616, 0.9832



0.3749, 0.3093, 0.0399



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.3692, 31.2187, 41.0901



48.2351, 53.5318, 73.2657



25.7512, 25.9827, 40.2174



7.5214, 8.0797, 9.5815



9.4918, 10.4437, 29.4911



0.2763, 0.3449, 0.7327



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

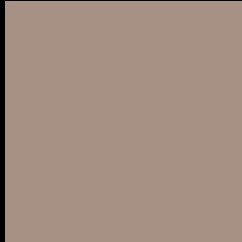
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.2954, 30.1597,

26.4150.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150

### Protanopia

28.6382, 30.2127, 27.2439

### Deuteranopia

30.7845, 30.1860, 26.3943



## Tritanopia

31.7850, 30.0809, 34.2679

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150

## Protanomaly

29.1911, 30.2720, 26.8588

## Deuteranomaly

30.5691, 30.0750, 26.3842

## Tritanomaly

31.1592, 30.0451, 31.3511

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150

## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

## Achromatomaly

29.3342, 30.2613, 30.6805

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 145, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 145, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 145, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 145, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 145, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 145, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 145, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 145, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 145, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 145,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.2954, 30.1597, 26.4150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 145, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
145, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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