

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.3096, 50.6794, 40.7465)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.3096, 50.6794, 40.7465)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.2181, 50.5618,  
40.5145)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D69E
RGB	0, 214, 158
RGB Percent	0%, 84%, 62%
CMY	0.9999, 0.1608, 0.3804
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.26, 0.16
HSL	164°, 100%, 42%
HSV	164°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145
YIQ	143.6300, -109.5680, -62.7840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

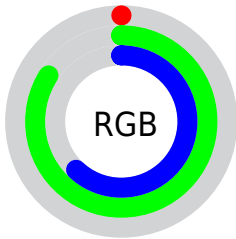
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	0, 123, 214
Decimal	54942
CIE Lab	76.41, -57.08, 15.48
CIE LCh	76, 59.138, 164.824
Yxy	50.5618, 0.2491, 0.4169
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278245022 (0xFF00D69E)
YUV	143.6300, 7.0844, -125.9635
Hunter-Lab	71.1068, -48.5802, 15.9931

# Details

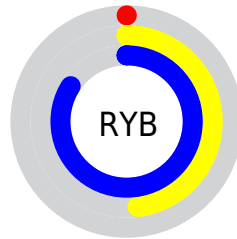
The XYZ color **30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **28.4472, 14.5829, 5.0598**, and the grayscale version is **26.3677, 27.7409, 30.2098**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.5959, 79.3274, 75.4377**, and **14.8807, 25.5153, 18.0506** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2187, 50.5635, 40.5131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.0307, 50.9250, 43.1281**.

# Distribution



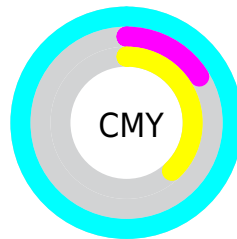
- Red (0%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.2181, 50.5618,  
40.5145


 30.2181, 50.5618,  
40.5145


294.8114,  
388.8589, 363.9037

 20.1531, 35.8600,  
27.6231


 59.3912, 91.0067,  
77.1920


 12.6153, 24.3261,  
17.8052


 79.2300, 117.5186,  
101.8151


 7.2393, 15.5757,  
10.6422


 103.0574,  
148.7360, 131.1859

 3.6599, 9.2244,  
5.7157

 131.2388,  
185.0432, 165.7229

 1.5116, 4.8878,  
2.6070

 164.1395,  
226.8247, 205.8447

 0.3337, 2.1816,  
0.8961

202.1250,

 0.0000, 0.7099,

274.4649, 251.9697

0.0000

245.5605,  
328.3482, 304.5165

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.2181, 50.5618,  
40.5145

■ 30.2181, 50.5618,  
40.5145

■ 30.2187, 50.5635,  
40.5131

■ 31.0307, 50.9250,  
43.1281

■ 32.2168, 51.4769,  
45.8743

■ 33.8950, 52.2799,  
48.7612

■ 36.1301, 53.3673,  
51.7932

■ 38.9772, 54.7676,  
54.9744

■ 42.4842, 56.5054,  
58.3082

■ 46.6945, 58.6030,  
61.7982

■ 51.6475, 61.0807,  
65.4475

■ 57.3797, 63.9573,  
69.2591

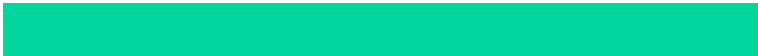
# Harmonies

## Analogous

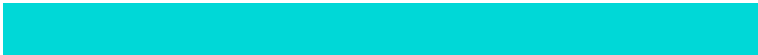
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.4928, 50.5618, 22.0158



30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



30.1932, 50.5618, 72.2738

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



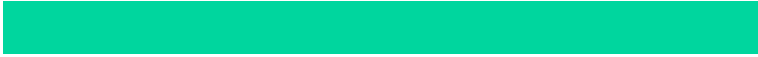
53.7445, 50.5618, 138.1197



64.8938, 50.5618, 22.1606

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



28.4472, 14.5829, 5.0598

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.8613, 50.5618, 40.8114



30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



64.7804, 50.5618, 110.9826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



42.6691, 50.5618, 137.9400



71.8169, 50.5618, 72.7103



53.8814, 50.5618, 14.5528

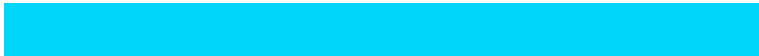


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



32.5409, 50.5618, 98.0036



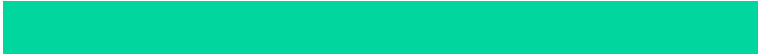
71.8169, 50.5618, 72.7103



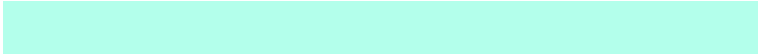
67.8571, 50.5618, 26.9424

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.2195, 50.5638, 40.5157



69.2274, 87.0412, 91.7334



25.7397, 48.9673, 8.0956



14.2217, 18.3332, 19.1562



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.2195, 50.5638, 40.5157



44.8655, 75.1622, 59.8691



25.4271, 31.4329, 68.3477



12.6469, 14.0498, 15.2213



18.3093, 30.5791, 24.7222



1.1374, 1.8576, 1.6655



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.4472, 14.5829, 5.0598



42.2452, 21.6621, 7.2235



28.8712, 16.5737, 1.6780



12.5553, 12.4736, 13.5987



17.2301, 8.8284, 3.2497

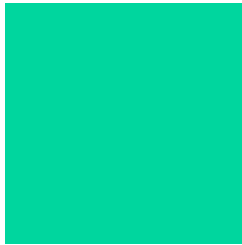


1.0734, 0.5462, 0.3760



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

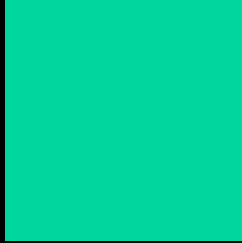
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

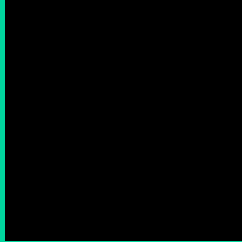
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

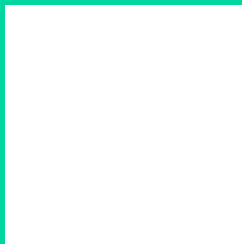
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.2181, 50.5618,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145

### Protanopia

46.4343, 49.7271, 33.9390

### Deuteranopia

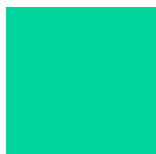
50.6448, 49.5418, 42.9697



## Tritanopia

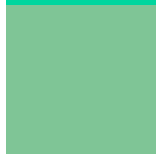
37.7104, 50.6817, 76.9023

# Trichromacy



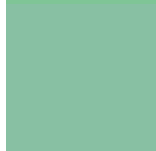
## Original Color

30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



## Protanomaly

34.2237, 46.6465, 36.0541



## Deuteranomaly

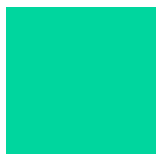
35.6138, 45.5779, 41.5707



## Tritanomaly

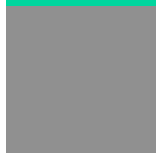
34.1480, 50.2599, 61.9342

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145



## Achromatopsia

26.5089, 27.8894, 30.3716



## Achromatomaly

24.0264, 32.8212, 33.5026

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 214, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 214, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 214, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 214, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 214, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 214, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 214, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 214, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 214, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 214,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.2181, 50.5618, 40.5145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 214, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 214,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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