

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.3779, 60.6066, 10.5820)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.3779, 60.6066, 10.5820)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.3777, 60.6058,  
10.5872)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00ED10
RGB	0, 237, 16
RGB Percent	0%, 93%, 6%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0706, 0.9372
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.93, 0.07
HSL	124°, 100%, 46%
HSV	124°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872
YIQ	140.9430, -70.3110, -118.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

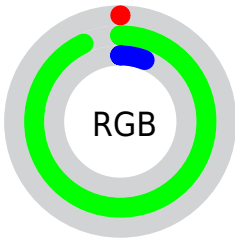
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 222, 237
Decimal	60688
CIELab	82.17, -81.28, 77.28
CIELCh	82, 112.154, 136.442
Yxy	60.6058, 0.2991, 0.5967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278250768 (0xFF00ED10)
YUV	140.9430, -61.5969, -123.6070
Hunter-Lab	77.8497, -66.5846, 46.4316

# Details

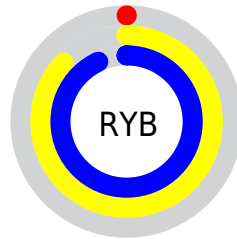
The XYZ color **30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **47.9751, 23.2247, 70.3474**, and the grayscale version is **25.5510, 26.8816, 29.2741**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.8060, 75.9552, 22.6552**, and **16.1201, 32.2402, 5.3734** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.3791, 60.6083, 10.5886**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.0068, 60.9021, 11.9651**.

# Distribution



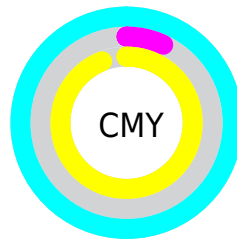
- Red (0%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (6%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.3777, 60.6058,  
10.5872


 30.3777, 60.6058,  
10.5872


295.5394,  
426.8271, 205.4479


 20.2749, 43.9071,  
5.6793


 59.6415, 105.7080,  
27.5191


 12.7045, 30.5975,  
2.5855


 79.5333, 134.8802,  
40.3803


 7.3010, 20.2925,  
0.8849


 103.4188,  
168.9791, 56.7296

 3.6990, 12.6079,  
0.0000

 131.6633,  
208.3891, 76.9857

 1.5333, 7.1591,  
0.0000

 164.6323,  
253.4944, 101.5670

 0.3483, 3.5618,  
0.0000

 202.6911,

 0.0000, 1.4316,

304.6797, 130.8921

0.0000

246.2050,  
362.3291, 165.3796

■ 0.0000, 0.2398,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.3777, 60.6058,  
10.5872

■ 30.3777, 60.6058,  
10.5872


■ 30.3791, 60.6083,  
10.5886


■ 31.0068, 60.9021,  
11.9651


■ 32.2977, 61.5133,  
14.4765


■ 34.4265, 62.5283,  
18.3009


■ 37.5040, 64.0011,  
23.5845

 41.6242, 65.9773,  
30.4540

 46.8694, 68.4971,  
39.0226

 53.3140, 71.5966,  
49.3929

 61.0259, 75.3087,  
61.6595

 70.0679, 79.6639,  
75.9105

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.5874, 60.6058, 3.1944



30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



23.5635, 60.6058, 39.7662

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



47.5193, 60.6058, 293.3069



113.6509, 60.6058, 35.3876

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



47.9751, 23.2247, 70.3474

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114.5921, 60.6058, 101.7672



30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



71.5659, 60.6058, 288.7116

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



31.4542, 60.6058, 214.0126



97.5822, 60.6058, 203.9457



95.2840, 60.6058, 9.2677



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



23.0237, 60.6058, 81.8292



97.5822, 60.6058, 203.9457



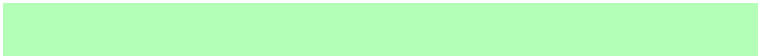
116.1608, 60.6058, 52.3382

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.3791, 60.6083, 10.5886



62.8524, 84.4912, 58.1631



60.1664, 75.9750, 11.4935



12.7270, 17.7353, 11.2851



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.3791, 60.6083, 10.5886



35.8631, 71.5612, 12.4627



34.6096, 62.3005, 32.8661



14.9096, 16.8787, 16.2070



16.6019, 33.0952, 5.8686



1.3182, 2.6046, 0.5372



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9751, 23.2247, 70.3474



56.6373, 27.4189, 83.0113



37.3597, 18.9786, 14.4478



15.6683, 15.2952, 18.8045



26.2113, 12.6872, 38.5098

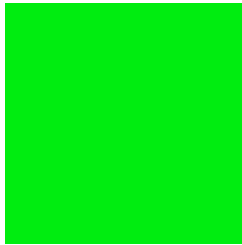


2.0715, 1.0016, 3.0938



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

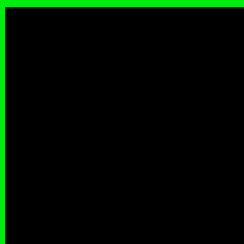
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

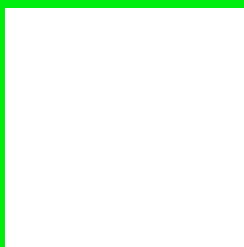
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872.



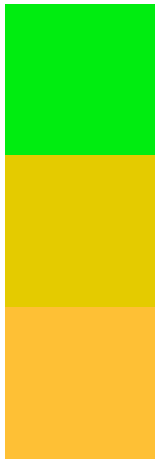
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.3777, 60.6058,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872

### Protanopia

53.3508, 59.2059, 8.6160

### Deuteranopia

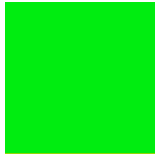
60.3653, 59.0271, 11.5799



## **Tritanopia**

46.1714, 60.0121, 90.0389

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



## Protanomaly

36.0104, 54.6338, 8.8197



## Deuteranomaly

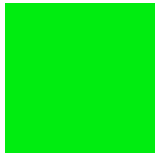
37.8392, 52.9463, 10.2328



## Tritanomaly

35.3321, 57.8838, 41.2088

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872



## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061



## Achromatomaly

21.8531, 34.0689, 16.4905

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 237, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 237, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 237, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 237, 16) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 237, 16) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 237, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 237, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 237, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 237, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 237, 16)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.3777, 60.6058, 10.5872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 237, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 237,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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