

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.4052, 24.6268, 31.8395)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.4052, 24.6268, 31.8395)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(30.5739, 24.7426,  
32.0185)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	<a href="#">B37696</a>
RGB	<a href="#">179, 118, 150</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">70%, 46%, 59%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.2980, 0.5372, 0.4118</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.34, 0.16, 0.30</a>
HSL	<a href="#">329°, 29%, 58%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">329°, 34%, 70%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">139.8870, 26.0840, 22.8840</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

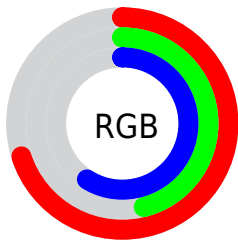
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 118, 150
Decimal	11761302
CIELab	56.82, 28.69, -7.44
CIELCh	57, 29.643, 345.465
Yxy	24.7426, 0.3501, 0.2833
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289951382 (0xFFB37696)
YUV	139.8870, 4.9857, 34.3021
Hunter-Lab	49.7419, 22.6667, -3.3452

# Details

The XYZ color **30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **28.8589, 38.1991, 33.4578**, and the grayscale version is **24.8582, 26.1528, 28.4804**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.0541, 51.3183, 63.8670**, and **12.7767, 9.3951, 12.9444** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.0021, 20.6559, 27.9021**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.5970, 29.6515, 36.5314**.

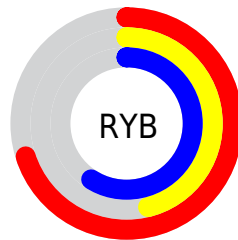
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (46%)

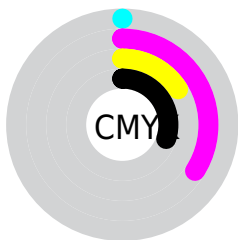
Blue (59%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (59%)

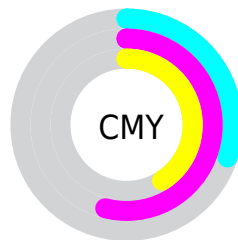


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



30.5739, 24.7426,  
32.0185

30.5739, 24.7426,  
32.0185

296.4325,  
276.5536, 325.6988

20.4248, 15.8854,  
21.1107

59.9490, 51.2393,  
63.9383

12.8143, 9.4431,  
13.0129

79.9058, 69.6477,  
85.7874

7.3769, 5.0313,  
7.3066

103.8625, 92.0085,  
112.1207

3.7473, 2.2656,  
3.5732

132.1845,  
118.7061, 143.3568

1.5602, 0.7554,  
1.3943

165.2371,  
150.1251, 179.9140

0.3663, 0.0000,  
0.1372

203.3858,

0.0000, 0.0000,

186.6498, 222.2111

0.0000

246.9958,  
228.6645, 270.6665

■ 30.5739, 24.7426,  
32.0185

■ 30.5739, 24.7426,  
32.0185

■ 28.0021, 20.6559,  
27.9021

■ 33.5970, 29.6515,  
36.5314

■ 25.8556, 17.3421,  
24.1676

■ 37.0910, 35.4214,  
41.4517

■ 24.1090, 14.7521,  
20.8016

■ 41.0772, 42.0926,  
46.7916

■ 22.7334, 12.8295,  
17.7886

■ 45.5747, 49.7022,  
52.5621

■ 21.6954, 11.5094,  
15.1120

■ 50.6017, 58.2848,  
58.7740

■ 20.9549, 10.7138,  
12.7524

■ 56.1755, 67.8735,  
65.4375

■ 20.6063, 10.3901,  
11.4848

■ 62.3123, 78.4996,  
72.5624

■ 67.0165, 86.1702,  
79.4877

■ 68.1598, 86.6275,  
85.5083

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5932, 24.7426, 42.6609



30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185



30.5406, 24.7426, 22.1661

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185



21.7849, 24.7426, 12.4175



19.1470, 24.7426, 42.9593

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185



28.8589, 38.1991, 33.4578

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6625, 24.7426, 32.3555



30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185



19.0804, 24.7426, 15.6517

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185



25.2291, 24.7426, 12.3697



17.6394, 24.7426, 22.4299



21.8843, 24.7426, 49.9534



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185



29.3716, 24.7426, 17.3168



17.6394, 24.7426, 22.4299



18.4974, 24.7426, 39.5972

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5746, 24.7437, 32.0190



69.1109, 67.9105, 77.8843



26.5534, 22.3667, 45.5659



15.0967, 14.6869, 16.9651



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5746, 24.7437, 32.0190



51.1777, 38.6098, 51.6658



28.4620, 23.8987, 20.8941



8.6763, 8.5773, 9.7940



14.5944, 7.3553, 8.2899



0.4884, 0.2431, 0.4148



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.5746, 24.7437, 32.0190



51.1777, 38.6098, 51.6658



31.5247, 39.2654, 47.4955



8.6763, 8.5773, 9.7940



14.5944, 7.3553, 8.2899

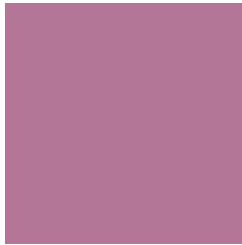


0.4884, 0.2431, 0.4148



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

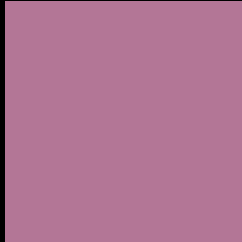
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5739, 24.7426,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185

### Protanopia

24.7529, 25.0871, 37.2559

### Deuteranopia

25.3310, 24.9014, 31.0751



## Tritanopia

29.0656, 24.6605, 24.7008

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185

## Protanomaly

26.3305, 24.5244, 35.2442

## Deuteranomaly

26.9691, 24.7446, 31.3717

## Tritanomaly

29.6640, 24.7329, 27.2552

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

26.6117, 25.3862, 29.8830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 118, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 118, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 118, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 118, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 118, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 118, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 118, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 118, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 118, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 118,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.5739, 24.7426, 32.0185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 118, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
118, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor