

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.4061, 17.4760,  
18.6002)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CF3975
RGB	207, 57, 117
RGB Percent	81%, 22%, 46%
CMY	0.1882, 0.7764, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.43, 0.19
HSL	336°, 61%, 52%
HSV	336°, 72%, 81%
XYZ	30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002
YIQ	108.6900, 70.1400, 50.4600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

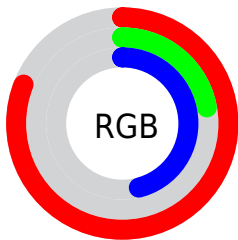
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 57, 117
Decimal	13580661
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.85, 62.42, 0.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 62.423, 0.776
Yxy	17.4760, 0.4574, 0.2629
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291770741 (0xFFCF3975)
YUV	108.6900, 4.0968, 86.2179
Hunter-Lab	41.8043, 56.6733, 2.8828

# Details

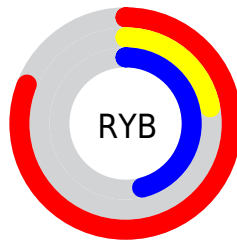
The XYZ color **30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **29.2679, 47.6025, 35.2533**, and the grayscale version is **14.4241, 15.1753, 16.5259**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.6468, 36.6154, 41.7234**, and **13.1068, 6.6327, 6.2197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.9006, 15.5573, 14.7312**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.4264, 20.2692, 23.1192**.

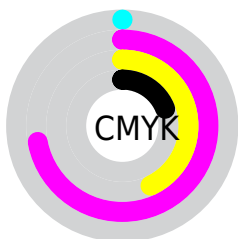
# Distribution



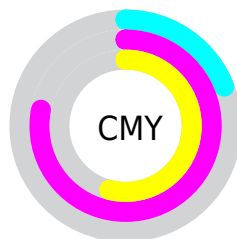
- Red (81%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 30.4061, 17.4760,  
18.6002


 30.4061, 17.4760,  
18.6002


295.6688,  
237.9007, 256.5814


 20.2966, 10.5744,  
11.2079


 59.6860, 39.1424,  
41.8851


 12.7204, 5.7815,  
6.0909


 79.5872, 54.6760,  
58.6147


 7.3119, 2.7127,  
2.8308


 103.4830, 73.8558,  
79.2939

 3.7060, 0.9836,  
1.0089

 131.7388, 97.0661,  
104.3411

 1.5372, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 164.7199,  
124.6914, 134.1749

 0.3509, 0.0000,  
0.0000

202.7917,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

157.1159, 169.2139

0.0000

246.3196,  
194.7243, 209.8765

■ 30.4061, 17.4760,  
18.6002

■ 30.4061, 17.4760,  
18.6002

■ 28.9006, 15.5573,  
14.7312

■ 32.4264, 20.2692,  
23.1192

■ 27.8503, 14.4000,  
11.4732

■ 35.0088, 24.0259,  
28.3212

■ 27.2854, 13.8867,  
9.3839

■ 38.1966, 28.8271,  
34.2376

■ 42.0282, 34.7444,  
40.8971

■ 46.5387, 41.8430,  
48.3267

■ 51.7605, 50.1833,  
56.5519

■ 57.7240, 59.8212,  
65.5968

■ 64.4577, 70.8093,  
75.4847

■ 71.9886, 83.1974,  
86.2375

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3370, 17.4760, 39.2134



30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002



28.1224, 17.4760, 6.9365

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002



11.5425, 17.4760, 2.6811



11.7484, 17.4760, 62.5907

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002



29.2679, 47.6025, 35.2533

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.7669, 17.4760, 40.4361



30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002



8.6689, 17.4760, 7.3248

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002



16.4602, 17.4760, 1.6408



7.7834, 17.4760, 19.4631



16.7615, 17.4760, 71.9908



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002



24.6873, 17.4760, 3.4783



7.7834, 17.4760, 19.4631



10.5207, 17.4760, 55.9317

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.4066, 17.4770, 18.6005



74.7366, 67.2993, 77.6939



24.7594, 13.6356, 60.3583



15.5469, 13.6927, 15.9020



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.4066, 17.4770, 18.6005



45.2935, 23.7583, 20.5725



28.7888, 18.1968, 5.8672



12.0018, 11.8855, 13.2854



17.2350, 8.7668, 6.1434



1.0024, 0.5057, 0.5476



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.4066, 17.4770, 18.6005



45.2935, 23.7583, 20.5725



31.8002, 43.0747, 65.6695



12.0018, 11.8855, 13.2854



17.2350, 8.7668, 6.1434

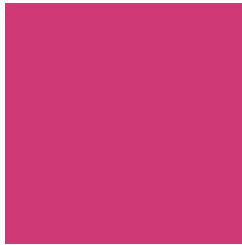


1.0024, 0.5057, 0.5476



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.4061, 17.4760,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002

### Protanopia

17.8616, 17.6543, 32.1720

### Deuteranopia

18.0797, 17.7613, 17.2272



## Tritanopia

28.1387, 17.4395, 8.0140

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002

## Protanomaly

19.9906, 15.7091, 26.4046

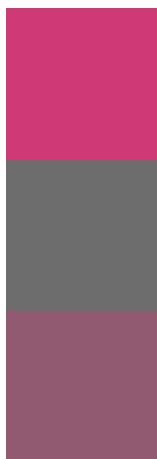
## Deuteranomaly

21.1931, 16.3919, 17.6697

## Tritanomaly

28.7717, 17.3505, 11.0651

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002

## Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537

## Achromatomaly

18.2578, 14.5019, 17.1661

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 57, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 57, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 57, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 57, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 57, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 57, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 57, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 57, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 57, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 57,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.4061, 17.4760, 18.6002 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 57, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207, 57,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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