

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.4116, 29.9589, 34.1545)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.4116, 29.9589, 34.1545)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.5731, 30.1278,  
34.3409)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A19199
RGB	161, 145, 153
RGB Percent	63%, 57%, 60%
CMY	0.3686, 0.4314, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.05, 0.37
HSL	330°, 8%, 60%
HSV	330°, 10%, 63%
XYZ	30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409
YIQ	150.6960, 6.9680, 5.8800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

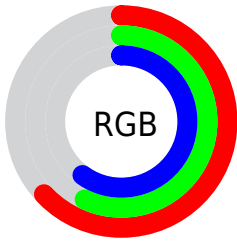
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	161, 145, 153
Decimal	10588569
CIELab	61.76, 7.40, -2.06
CIELCh	62, 7.678, 344.421
Yxy	30.1278, 0.3217, 0.3170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288778649 (0xFFA19199)
YUV	150.6960, 1.1359, 9.0366
Hunter-Lab	54.8888, 3.3692, 1.3277

# Details

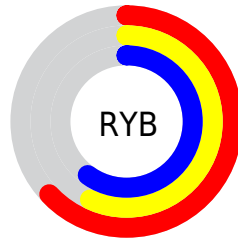
The XYZ color **30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **30.1728, 33.8101, 35.0743**, and the grayscale version is **29.2795, 30.8043, 33.5459**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.0048, 59.9508, 67.4405**, and **12.7972, 12.3949, 14.2884** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.6427, 25.2951, 30.1933**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.8988, 35.6783, 38.8424**.

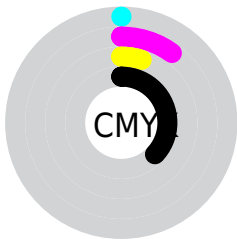
# Distribution



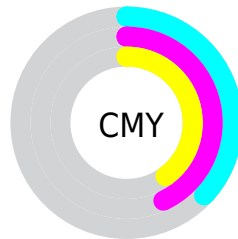
- Red (63%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.5731, 30.1278,  
34.3409

■ 30.5731, 30.1278,  
34.3409

296.4289,  
302.4997, 336.4649

■ 20.4242, 19.9356,  
22.8761

■ 59.9478, 59.8642,  
67.6034

■ 12.8138, 12.3482,  
14.2976

■ 79.9042, 80.1773,  
90.2382

■ 7.3766, 6.9813,  
8.1869

103.8607,  
104.6327, 117.4334

■ 3.7471, 3.4504,  
4.1253

132.1823,  
133.6149, 149.6076

■ 1.5601, 1.3712,  
1.6943

165.2346,  
167.5083, 187.1793

■ 0.3662, 0.1953,  
0.3568

203.3829,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.6973, 230.5671

0.0000

246.9925,  
251.5663, 280.1894

■ 30.5731, 30.1278,  
34.3409

■ 30.5731, 30.1278,  
34.3409

■ 27.6427, 25.2951,  
30.1933

■ 33.8988, 35.6783,  
38.8424

■ 25.0894, 21.1469,  
26.3881

■ 37.6318, 41.9706,  
43.7049

■ 22.8978, 17.6528,  
22.9161

■ 41.7867, 49.0322,  
48.9378

■ 21.0498, 14.7787,  
19.7667

■ 46.3766, 56.8882,  
54.5495

■ 19.5263, 12.4875,  
16.9287

■ 51.4143, 65.5625,  
60.5479

■ 18.3057, 10.7378,  
14.3899

■ 56.9116, 75.0778,  
66.9410

■ 17.3638, 9.4830,  
12.1371

■ 62.0114, 83.7185,  
73.4467

■ 16.6724, 8.6682,  
10.1557

■ 63.0361, 84.1283,  
78.8427

■ 16.1672, 8.1666,  
8.4185

■ 64.1119, 84.5587,  
84.5081

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.0350, 30.1278, 36.9957



30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409



30.5839, 30.1278, 31.4205

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409



28.1483, 30.1278, 27.6434



27.2531, 30.1278, 36.9086

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409



30.1728, 33.8101, 35.0743

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.7718, 30.1278, 34.2276



30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409



27.2803, 30.1278, 28.9416

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409



29.1673, 30.1278, 27.6697



26.7817, 30.1278, 31.3138



28.1104, 30.1278, 38.5373



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409



30.2896, 30.1278, 29.7206



26.7817, 30.1278, 31.3138



27.0429, 30.1278, 36.0938

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5740, 30.1291, 34.3415



58.7740, 60.6545, 66.9787



29.6964, 29.5978, 37.8663



12.7866, 13.1296, 14.5503



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5740, 30.1291, 34.3415



53.4917, 51.8649, 59.7462



29.9352, 29.8736, 30.9781



7.2145, 7.1423, 8.1161



12.9303, 6.5282, 6.8235



0.2955, 0.1467, 0.2690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.5740, 30.1291, 34.3415



53.4917, 51.8649, 59.7462



30.8558, 34.0833, 38.6710



7.2145, 7.1423, 8.1161



12.9303, 6.5282, 6.8235



0.2955, 0.1467, 0.2690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

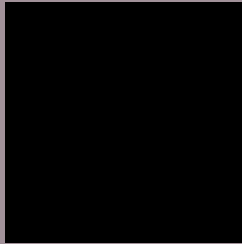
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5731, 30.1278,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409

### Protanopia

29.0840, 30.0304, 35.2739

### Deuteranopia

30.7755, 30.2321, 34.3503



## Tritanopia

30.8241, 30.2282, 35.6625

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409

## Protanomaly

29.5929, 30.0706, 34.8163

## Deuteranomaly

30.7755, 30.2321, 34.3503

## Tritanomaly

30.7397, 30.1944, 35.2183

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

29.9325, 30.7305, 34.0597

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 145, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 145, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 145, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 145, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 145, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 145, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 145, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 145, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 145, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 145,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.5731, 30.1278, 34.3409 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 145, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
145, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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