

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.5616, 28.6631, 28.9588)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.5616, 28.6631, 28.9588)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.6908, 28.7580,  
29.1326)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AB8A8D
RGB	171, 138, 141
RGB Percent	67%, 54%, 55%
CMY	0.3294, 0.4588, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.18, 0.33
HSL	355°, 16%, 61%
HSV	355°, 19%, 67%
XYZ	30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326
YIQ	148.2090, 18.7050, 7.9290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

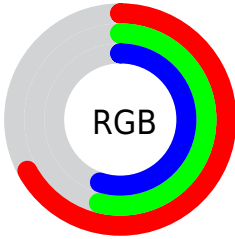
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	171, 138, 141
Decimal	11242125
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.57, 12.99, 3.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 13.367, 13.575
Yxy	28.7580, 0.3465, 0.3247
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289432205 (0xFFAB8A8D)
YUV	148.2090, -3.5540, 19.9877
Hunter-Lab	53.6265, 8.3104, 5.3292

# Details

The XYZ color **30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **32.1132, 37.3570, 42.5657**, and the grayscale version is **28.2451, 29.7161, 32.3608**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.3785, 57.9703, 59.6369**, and **12.8493, 11.5863, 11.4567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3512, 23.8018, 22.7071**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.5807, 34.5543, 36.5434**.

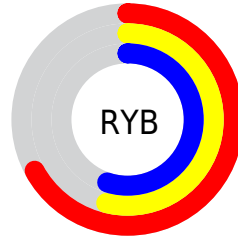
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (54%)

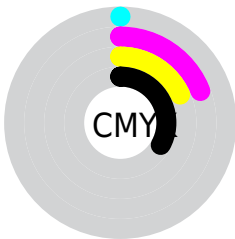
Blue (55%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (55%)

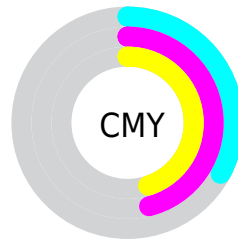


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.6908, 28.7580,  
29.1326


 30.6908, 28.7580,  
29.1326


296.9637,  
296.0714, 311.9206


 20.5142, 18.8978,  
18.9347


 60.1321, 57.6924,  
59.3324

 12.8798, 11.5965,  
11.4468


 80.1275, 77.5354,  
80.1714

 7.4222, 6.4695,  
6.2503


 104.1265,  
101.4747, 105.3945

 3.7762, 3.1326,  
2.9266

132.4945,  
129.8949, 135.4202

 1.5763, 1.2014,  
1.0573

165.5969,  
163.1803, 170.6672

 0.3769, 0.0628,  
0.0000

203.7990,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

201.7152, 211.5539

0.0000

247.4661,  
245.8841, 258.4988

■ 30.6908, 28.7580,  
29.1326

■ 30.6908, 28.7580,  
29.1326

■ 27.3512, 23.8018,  
22.7071

■ 34.5807, 34.5543,  
36.5434

■ 24.5347, 19.6430,  
17.2237

■ 39.0417, 41.2231,  
44.9768

■ 22.2156, 16.2412,  
12.6386

■ 44.0964, 48.7997,  
54.4701

■ 20.3647, 13.5507,  
8.9037

■ 49.7656, 57.3164,  
65.0584

■ 18.9500, 11.5211,  
5.9667

■ 56.0689, 66.8040,  
76.7751

■ 17.9354, 10.0950,  
3.7692

■ 63.0251, 77.2916,  
89.6523

■ 17.2790, 9.2057,  
2.2450

■ 69.7834, 87.0695,  
103.4310

■ 16.9060, 8.7234,  
1.3078

■ 70.6047, 87.3980,  
107.7560

■ 16.8848, 8.6940,  
1.2602

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6446, 28.7580, 34.0798



30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326



29.8110, 28.7580, 25.2031

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326



25.1076, 28.7580, 24.9148



26.4052, 28.7580, 41.3509

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326



32.1132, 37.3570, 42.5657

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.9974, 28.7580, 38.3373



30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326



24.2701, 28.7580, 28.6994

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326



26.5614, 28.7580, 22.9468



24.2306, 28.7580, 33.5987



28.1206, 28.7580, 41.4984



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326



28.8384, 28.7580, 23.5437



24.2306, 28.7580, 33.5987



25.8821, 28.7580, 40.6262

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6916, 28.7593, 29.1332



64.3673, 65.5215, 70.0626



32.5247, 29.4105, 42.4909



14.2456, 14.4495, 15.4188



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6916, 28.7593, 29.1332



52.3911, 47.6787, 47.2356



32.4817, 32.6916, 28.6445



8.0337, 8.0267, 8.4882



12.7377, 6.5576, 0.9980



0.3636, 0.1861, 0.0766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.6916, 28.7593, 29.1332



52.3911, 47.6787, 47.2356



30.0258, 32.7302, 43.2634



8.0337, 8.0267, 8.4882



12.7377, 6.5576, 0.9980

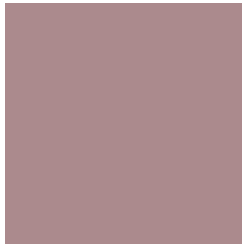


0.3636, 0.1861, 0.0766



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

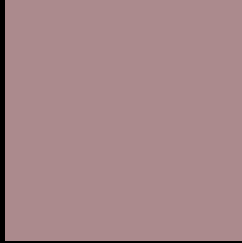
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.6908, 28.7580,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326

### Protanopia

27.7841, 28.9917, 30.9196

### Deuteranopia

29.3628, 28.7297, 28.8088



## Tritanopia

31.3042, 28.8001, 31.9260

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326

## Protanomaly

28.7611, 28.8266, 30.4338

## Deuteranomaly

29.8376, 28.7566, 28.7889

## Tritanomaly

31.0698, 28.7063, 30.6914

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326

## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495

## Achromatomaly

28.7944, 29.0588, 30.8793

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 138, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 138, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 138, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 138, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 138, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 138, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 138, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 138, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 138, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 138,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.6908, 28.7580, 29.1326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 138, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
138, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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