

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.5925, 43.6566, 42.6986)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.5925, 43.6566, 42.6986)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.5884, 43.6121,  
42.8822)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5CC2A6
RGB	92, 194, 166
RGB Percent	36%, 76%, 65%
CMY	0.6392, 0.2392, 0.3490
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.14, 0.24
HSL	164°, 46%, 56%
HSV	164°, 53%, 76%
XYZ	30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822
YIQ	160.3100, -51.8040, -30.3320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

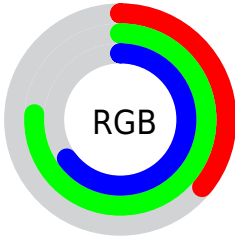
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	92, 151, 194
Decimal	6079142
CIELab	71.97, -36.53, 5.07
CIELCh	72, 36.881, 172.100
Yxy	43.6121, 0.2613, 0.3725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284269222 (0xFF5CC2A6)
YUV	160.3100, 2.8052, -59.9079
Hunter-Lab	66.0395, -32.8908, 7.7281

# Details

The XYZ color **30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **29.4670, 20.4809, 20.1712**, and the grayscale version is **33.5623, 35.3102, 38.4528**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.9428, 80.6044, 80.8055**, and **12.8673, 20.2041, 19.1412** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.4147, 42.5479, 40.2834**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.2810, 44.9437, 45.6129**.

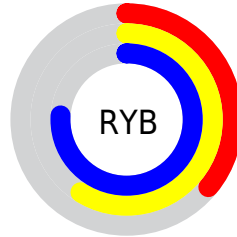
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (76%)

Blue (65%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (76%)

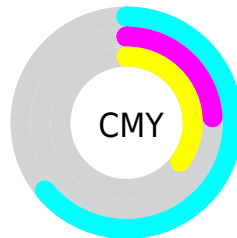


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (24%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 30.5884, 43.6121,  
42.8822


 30.5884, 43.6121,  
42.8822


296.4984,  
361.1230, 374.0341


 20.4359, 30.3657,  
29.4620


 59.9717, 80.6337,  
80.8175


 12.8224, 20.1163,  
19.1820


 79.9333, 105.1777,  
106.1697

 7.3825, 12.4796,  
11.6237


 103.8952,  
134.2564, 136.3363

 3.7509, 7.0712,  
6.3686

 132.2229,  
168.2540, 171.7358

 1.5622, 3.5067,  
2.9981

165.2818,  
207.5551, 212.7868

 0.3676, 1.4016,  
1.0937

203.4370,

 0.0000, 0.2179,

252.5441, 259.9078

0.0000

247.0541,  
303.6052, 313.5174

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.5884, 43.6121,  
42.8822

■ 30.5884, 43.6121,  
42.8822

■ 28.4147, 42.5479,  
40.2834

■ 33.2810, 44.9437,  
45.6129

■ 26.7173, 41.7258,  
37.8103

■ 36.5236, 46.5553,  
48.4752

■ 25.4527, 41.1246,  
35.4605

■ 40.3493, 48.4651,  
51.4729

■ 24.5675, 40.7167,  
33.2303

■ 44.7872, 50.6881,  
54.6085

■ 24.0812, 40.5006,  
31.6477

■ 49.8647, 53.2384,  
57.8846

■ 55.6073, 56.1291,  
61.3034

■ 62.0392, 59.3727,  
64.8673

■ 69.1834, 62.9809,  
68.5784

■ 72.6619, 64.6968,  
72.2329

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.6214, 43.6121, 29.2270



30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



31.2247, 43.6121, 61.7474

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



46.1712, 43.6121, 87.3562



49.3350, 43.6121, 25.0611

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



29.4670, 20.4809, 20.1712

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.6992, 43.6121, 35.6095



30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



51.7477, 43.6121, 72.1025

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



39.8116, 43.6121, 90.7260



54.6241, 43.6121, 52.4084



43.1368, 43.6121, 20.7749



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



33.1094, 43.6121, 74.7020



54.6241, 43.6121, 52.4084



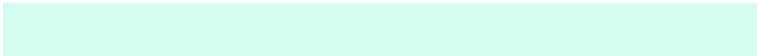
51.0899, 43.6121, 27.8424

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5896, 43.6138, 42.8832



78.0512, 90.2819, 96.8147



29.0961, 43.4159, 16.9726



16.7212, 19.5849, 20.9398



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5896, 43.6138, 42.8832



50.9897, 76.8452, 72.3292



28.8861, 35.6390, 56.3975



10.2467, 11.3797, 12.3026



15.8681, 26.6413, 20.9963



0.7134, 1.1622, 1.0536



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.4670, 20.4809, 20.1712



48.7785, 30.4879, 27.0065



30.2099, 24.3006, 13.2243



10.1843, 10.1223, 11.0609



15.0841, 7.7234, 3.0888

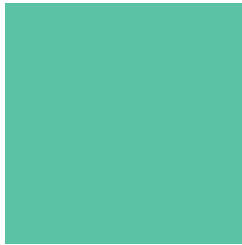


0.6819, 0.3458, 0.2921



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

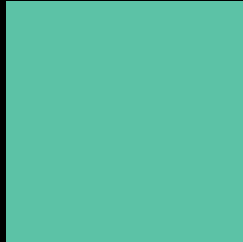
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822.



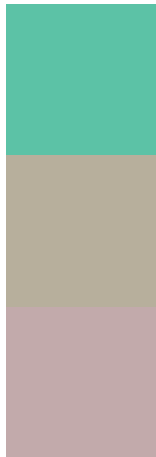
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5884, 43.6121,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822

### Protanopia

40.8592, 43.1275, 37.6234

### Deuteranopia

43.9735, 43.1591, 44.5410



## Tritanopia

34.8056, 43.6979, 63.7268

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



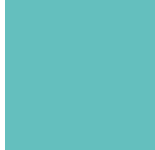
## Protanomaly

35.6508, 42.4780, 39.5778



## Deuteranomaly

37.1862, 42.2729, 43.7357



## Tritanomaly

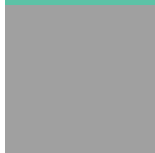
33.1806, 43.6886, 55.3991

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822



## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819



## Achromatomaly

31.2658, 37.2646, 39.7273

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 194, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 194, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 194, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 194, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 194, 166) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 194, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 194, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 194, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 194, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 194,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.5884, 43.6121, 42.8822 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 194, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 194,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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