

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.6230, 32.7040, 61.2027)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.6230, 32.7040, 61.2027)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(30.6141, 32.6875,  
61.1957)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	779ECB
RGB	119, 158, 203
RGB Percent	47%, 62%, 80%
CMY	0.5333, 0.3804, 0.2039
CMYK	0.41, 0.22, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	212°, 45%, 63%
HSV	212°, 41%, 80%
XYZ	30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957
YIQ	151.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

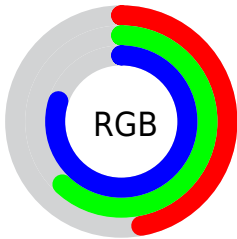
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	119, 146, 203
Decimal	7839435
CIE Lab	63.91, -1.69, -27.28
CIE LCh	64, 27.332, 266.460
Yxy	32.6875, 0.2459, 0.2626
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286029515 (0xFF779ECB)
YUV	151.4690, 25.4048, -28.4753
Hunter-Lab	57.1730, -4.4723, -23.4406

# Details

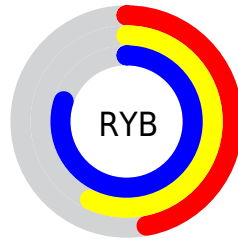
The XYZ color **30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**, and the color name is **dark pastel blue**. A complement of this color would be **41.2346, 40.5801, 23.1133**, and the grayscale version is **29.5233, 31.0608, 33.8252**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.0490, 63.3056, 103.7147**, and **12.8625, 13.8091, 30.4213** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.3465, 27.8551, 60.4885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6431, 38.1575, 61.9870**.

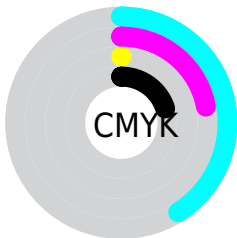
# Distribution



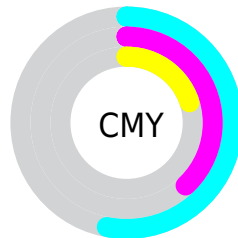
- Red (47%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.6141, 32.6875,  
61.1957

■ 30.6141, 32.6875,  
61.1957

296.6152,  
314.2392, 446.9176

■ 20.4556, 21.8872,  
43.9515

■ 60.0120, 63.8873,  
108.1225

■ 12.8368, 13.7740,  
30.2955

■ 79.9820, 85.0556,  
138.6423

■ 7.3925, 7.9637,  
19.8090

■ 103.9533,  
110.4487, 174.4243

■ 3.7573, 4.0717,  
12.0736

132.2911,  
140.4509, 215.8872

■ 1.5657, 1.7138,  
6.6707

165.3609,  
175.4466, 263.4494

■ 0.3699, 0.4325,  
3.1817

203.5279,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

215.8204, 317.5295

1.1881

247.1576,  
261.9564, 378.5461

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.6141, 32.6875,  
61.1957

■ 30.6141, 32.6875,  
61.1957

■ 26.3465, 27.8551,  
60.4885

■ 35.6431, 38.1575,  
61.9870

■ 22.7945, 23.6283,  
59.8598

■ 41.4691, 44.2874,  
62.8632

■ 19.9121, 19.9777,  
59.3071

■ 48.1293, 51.1030,  
63.8277

■ 17.6459, 16.8687,  
58.8264

■ 55.6575, 58.6273,  
64.8832

■ 15.9329, 14.2617,  
58.4135

■ 64.0855, 66.8821,  
66.0324

■ 14.8048, 12.3621,  
58.1063

■ 73.4435, 75.8884,  
67.2776

■ 81.4787, 84.4900,  
68.5143

■ 84.6727, 90.8779,  
69.5790

■ 87.7796, 97.0918,  
70.6146

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1585, 32.6875, 56.3271



30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957



34.4820, 32.6875, 58.1218

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957



38.1715, 32.6875, 26.9624



25.3024, 32.6875, 25.1236

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957



41.2346, 40.5801, 23.1133

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.8880, 32.6875, 19.7963



30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957



35.3368, 32.6875, 20.6940

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957



39.0508, 32.6875, 36.9149



31.5274, 32.6875, 18.3591



24.2556, 32.6875, 34.2994



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957



36.7444, 32.6875, 52.2676



31.5274, 32.6875, 18.3591



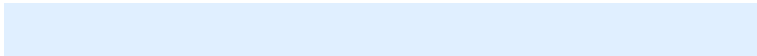
26.0094, 32.6875, 22.9028

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6152, 32.6887, 61.1965



79.6663, 84.6346, 106.7450



35.6474, 49.3077, 42.6669



16.7215, 17.7801, 22.8005



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

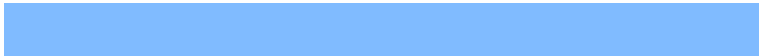


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6152, 32.6887, 61.1965



44.5832, 47.1829, 101.3652



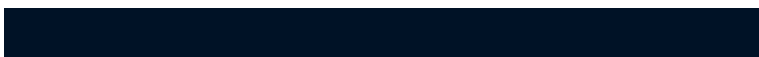
25.3751, 21.6296, 59.3380



11.0239, 11.6882, 14.2454



9.5109, 8.0457, 37.0080



0.5663, 0.5664, 1.9344



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3979, 28.3598, 35.8520



57.8314, 40.1431, 51.5444



48.5593, 56.3514, 25.7714



11.4254, 11.2989, 12.7748



17.0115, 8.6152, 7.7794



0.9158, 0.4597, 0.6025



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

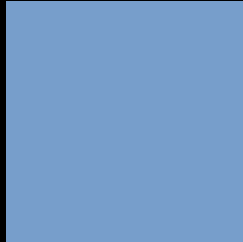
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

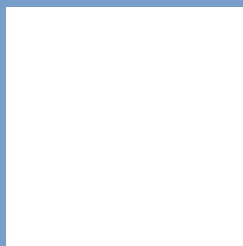
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.6141, 32.6875,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957

### Protanopia

32.8554, 32.6568, 58.6046

### Deuteranopia

33.2826, 32.5669, 61.6586



## Tritanopia

27.6158, 32.7737, 45.9448

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957

## Protanomaly

31.9782, 32.6812, 59.2662

## Deuteranomaly

32.2862, 32.5392, 61.7058

## Tritanomaly

28.6780, 32.6797, 51.2507

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

29.4588, 31.5024, 42.5581

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 158, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 158, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 158, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 158, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 158, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 158, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 158, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 158, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 158, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 158,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.6141, 32.6875, 61.1957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 158, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
158, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor