

Converting Colors

XYZ(30.6249, 14.7392, 48.8024)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(30.6249, 14.7392, 48.8024)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(30.5630, 14.7072,
48.8049)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF00BC
RGB	191, 0, 188
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 74%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9999, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.02, 0.25
HSL	301°, 100%, 37%
HSV	301°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049
YIQ	78.5410, 53.4880, 98.9600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

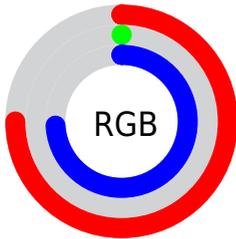
Format	Color
RYB	191, 0, 188
Decimal	12517564
CIELab	45.23, 78.62, -47.49
CIELCh	45, 91.854, 328.867
Yxy	14.7072, 0.3249, 0.1563
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707644 (0xFFBF00BC)
YUV	78.5410, 53.9633, 98.6265
Hunter-Lab	38.3500, 75.1431, -48.6086

Details

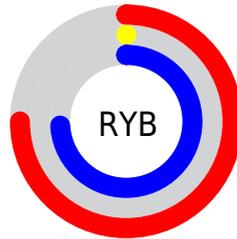
The XYZ color **30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. A complement of this color would be **18.6480, 37.2690, 6.2976**, and the grayscale version is **7.2402, 7.6173, 8.2952**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.8375, 34.2466, 89.8427**, and **13.9759, 6.7078, 23.1124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5633, 14.7074, 48.8049**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.8307, 15.1903, 49.0540**.

Distribution



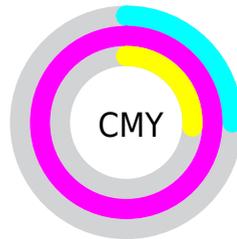
- Red (75%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 30.5630, 14.7072,
48.8049

 30.5630, 14.7072,
48.8049

296.3829,
221.5871, 398.5741

 20.4165, 8.6142,
34.1002

 59.9319, 34.3387,
89.7796

 12.8082, 4.4904,
22.6926

 79.8851, 48.6459,
116.8867

 7.3727, 1.9515,
14.1635

 103.8378, 66.4600,
148.9651

 3.7446, 0.5791,
8.0945

 132.1555, 88.1654,
186.4332

 1.5587, 0.0000,
4.0668

 165.2035,
114.1463, 229.7096

 0.3653, 0.0000,
1.6621

 203.3472,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

144.7874, 279.2129

0.3345

246.9519,
180.4728, 335.3615

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 30.5630, 14.7072,
48.8049

■ 30.5630, 14.7072,
48.8049

■ 30.5633, 14.7074,
48.8049

■ 30.8307, 15.1903,
49.0540

■ 31.3285, 16.1339,
49.3801

■ 32.1399, 17.7046,
49.8110

■ 33.3070, 19.9868,
50.3609

■ 34.8655, 23.0514,
51.0415

■ 36.8466, 26.9613,
51.8634

■ 39.2785, 31.7725,
52.8358

■ 42.1868, 37.5366,
53.9674

■ 45.5954, 44.3010,
55.2661

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.2752, 14.7072, 87.5956



30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



34.2375, 14.7072, 16.8545

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



14.2694, 14.7072, 0.0000



4.6970, 14.7072, 45.8568

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



18.6480, 37.2690, 6.2976

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.8751, 14.7072, 15.2012



30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



8.0502, 14.7072, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



22.9641, 14.7072, 0.0000



4.8379, 14.7072, 2.6664



7.7091, 14.7072, 85.0544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



32.8374, 14.7072, 5.9433



4.8379, 14.7072, 2.6664



4.2169, 14.7072, 33.6900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5636, 14.7079, 48.8052



70.1155, 56.4458, 94.5365



9.4046, 3.7623, 49.5215



14.9700, 11.5502, 20.5899



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5636, 14.7079, 48.8052



54.7290, 26.3369, 87.3602



23.5754, 11.9126, 12.0057



9.9233, 9.6936, 11.9852



20.0885, 9.6665, 32.0892



0.7890, 0.3795, 1.2680

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



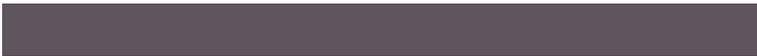
30.5636, 14.7079, 48.8052



54.7290, 26.3369, 87.3602



20.7203, 38.0979, 17.2104



9.9233, 9.6936, 11.9852



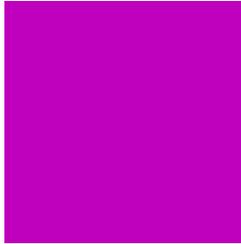
20.0885, 9.6665, 32.0892



0.7890, 0.3795, 1.2680

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

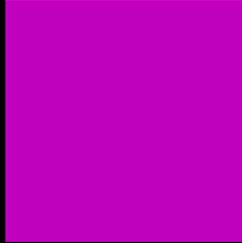
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

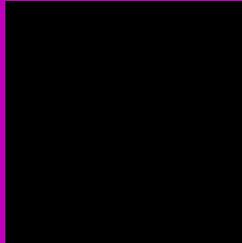
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5630, 14.7072,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049

Protanopia

18.3709, 15.4309, 71.8222

Deuteranopia

15.7883, 15.3405, 43.7239



Tritanopia

22.4505, 15.0458, 9.1180

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



Protanomaly

16.0943, 9.9327, 62.0417



Deuteranomaly

17.2787, 11.1032, 44.9485



Tritanomaly

23.8747, 13.4322, 18.7871

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049



Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146



Achromatomaly

12.2161, 7.6062, 18.2770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 0, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.5630, 14.7072, 48.8049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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