

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.6286, 43.8595, 52.8000)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.6286, 43.8595, 52.8000)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.5188, 43.6912,  
52.7237)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	42C3B9
RGB	66, 195, 185
RGB Percent	26%, 76%, 73%
CMY	0.7412, 0.2353, 0.2745
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.05, 0.24
HSL	175°, 52%, 51%
HSV	175°, 66%, 76%
XYZ	30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237
YIQ	155.2890, -73.6740, -30.4580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

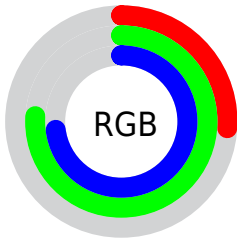
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	66, 133, 195
Decimal	4375481
CIELab	72.02, -37.02, -5.29
CIELCh	72, 37.396, 188.134
Yxy	43.6912, 0.2404, 0.3442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282565561 (0xFF42C3B9)
YUV	155.2890, 14.6475, -78.3065
Hunter-Lab	66.0993, -33.2583, -1.0228

# Details

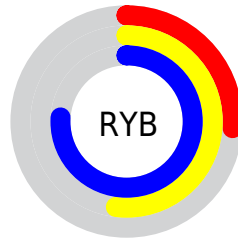
The XYZ color **30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **25.7598, 16.0216, 8.5737**, and the grayscale version is **31.2456, 32.8728, 35.7984**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.8935, 80.7175, 95.6424**, and **13.6897, 20.7157, 25.1068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.2637, 43.0635, 51.8371**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.2259, 44.5537, 53.6423**.

# Distribution



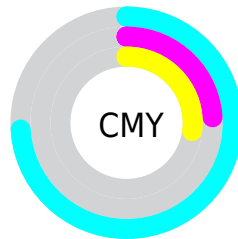
- Red (26%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.5188, 43.6912,  
52.7237


 30.5188, 43.6912,  
52.7237


296.1819,  
361.4467, 414.2604


 20.3827, 30.4278,  
37.1960


 59.8627, 80.7529,  
95.6351


 12.7834, 20.1635,  
25.0623

 79.8012, 105.3200,  
123.8559

 7.3556, 12.5140,  
15.9041

 103.7379,  
134.4237, 157.1448

 3.7337, 7.0947,  
9.3027

 132.0382,  
168.4486, 195.9204

 1.5526, 3.5214,  
4.8396

 165.0674,  
207.7789, 240.6013

 0.3612, 1.4096,  
2.0964

203.1908,

 0.0000, 0.2238,

252.7991, 291.6058

0.6136

246.7739,  
303.8935, 349.3527

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.5188, 43.6912,  
52.7237

■ 30.5188, 43.6912,  
52.7237

■ 29.2637, 43.0635,  
51.8371

■ 32.2259, 44.5537,  
53.6423

■ 28.4091, 42.6411,  
50.9771

■ 34.4221, 45.6672,  
54.5917

■ 27.8955, 42.3943,  
50.1418

■ 37.1452, 47.0520,  
55.5746

■ 27.7422, 42.3221,  
49.8248

■ 40.4281, 48.7253,  
56.5927

■ 44.3010, 50.7025,  
57.6474

■ 48.7920, 52.9982,  
58.7400

■ 53.9273, 55.6258,  
59.8718

■ 59.7318, 58.5982,  
61.0439

■ 66.2289, 61.9274,  
62.2575

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1418, 43.6912, 35.6400



30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



32.5980, 43.6912, 72.7603

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



49.5807, 43.6912, 80.9415



46.2704, 43.6912, 21.8297

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



25.7598, 16.0216, 8.5737

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9539, 43.6912, 28.9930



30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



53.9974, 43.6912, 61.9086

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



43.2890, 43.6912, 91.5686



54.9077, 43.6912, 42.7679



39.8139, 43.6912, 20.5604



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



35.3760, 43.6912, 84.1260



54.9077, 43.6912, 42.7679



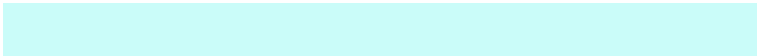
48.3531, 43.6912, 23.5196

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5201, 43.6929, 52.7247



76.3247, 89.2654, 102.4502



23.5403, 40.9926, 11.8269



16.2830, 19.3280, 22.3172



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5201, 43.6929, 52.7247



51.7050, 76.7747, 92.2047



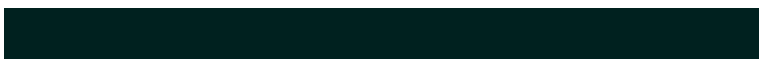
21.6603, 24.2236, 55.1655



10.3338, 11.4145, 12.7608



18.0445, 27.5119, 32.4569



0.7898, 1.1928, 1.4561



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.7598, 16.0216, 8.5737



42.6398, 23.7503, 7.8824



30.1770, 25.3700, 8.4616



10.1042, 10.0903, 10.6392



14.6967, 7.5684, 1.0489

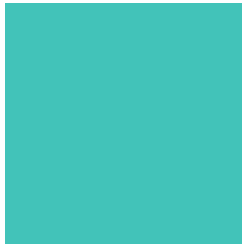


0.6461, 0.3314, 0.1037



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

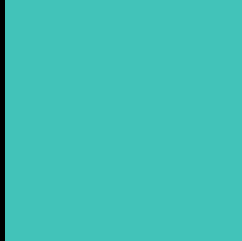
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

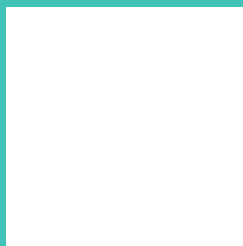
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237.



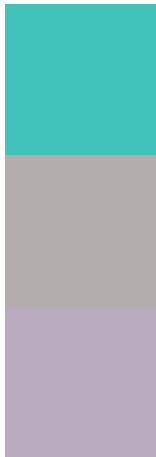
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.5188, 43.6912,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237

### Protanopia

41.2693, 42.8729, 45.6353

### Deuteranopia

43.6766, 42.7814, 54.6708



## Tritanopia

33.1727, 43.7820, 65.7339

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



## Protanomaly

35.1450, 42.0335, 47.8559



## Deuteranomaly

36.3525, 41.6218, 53.6948



## Tritanomaly

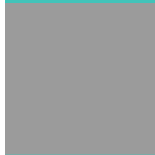
32.1264, 43.6799, 60.7707

# Monochromacy



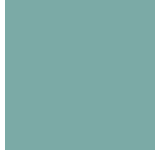
## Original Color

30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237



## Achromatopsia

31.1553, 32.7778, 35.6950



## Achromatomaly

29.4260, 35.7136, 41.4189

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 195, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 195, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 195, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 195, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 195, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 195, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 195, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 195, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 195, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 195,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.5188, 43.6912, 52.7237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 195, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 195,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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