

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.6384, 20.1665, 69.7749)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.6384, 20.1665, 69.7749)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.7372, 20.1641,  
69.9822)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D5DDC
RGB	157, 93, 220
RGB Percent	62%, 36%, 86%
CMY	0.3843, 0.6353, 0.1373
CMYK	0.29, 0.58, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	270°, 64%, 61%
HSV	270°, 58%, 86%
XYZ	30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822
YIQ	126.6140, -2.6230, 53.0650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

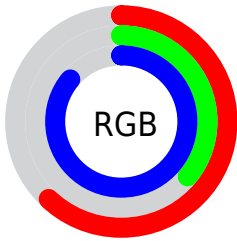
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	157, 93, 220
Decimal	10313180
CIE Lab	52.02, 50.00, -55.32
CIE LCh	52, 74.567, 312.108
Yxy	20.1641, 0.2543, 0.1668
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288503260 (0xFF9D5DDC)
YUV	126.6140, 46.0393, 26.6485
Hunter-Lab	44.9045, 43.6009, -60.9685

# Details

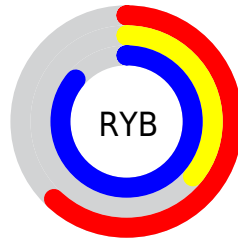
The XYZ color **30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **41.2797, 59.0450, 19.5777**, and the grayscale version is **19.8896, 20.9254, 22.7877**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.3532, 42.2248, 99.7878**, and **12.8956, 7.1030, 35.8133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0417, 15.7933, 69.3337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.1799, 25.7450, 70.8256**.

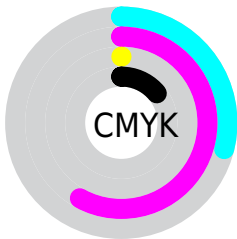
# Distribution



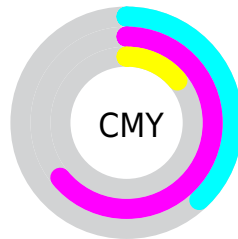
- Red (62%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



30.7372, 20.1641,  
69.9822

30.7372, 20.1641,  
69.9822

297.1743,  
252.8021, 479.2749

20.5497, 12.5144,  
51.0353

60.2047, 43.6921,  
120.8642

12.9058, 7.0950,  
35.8598

80.2155, 60.3393,  
153.6365

7.4403, 3.5216,  
24.0371

104.2313, 80.7543,  
191.8543

3.7877, 1.4097,  
15.1487

132.6175,  
105.3216, 235.9361

1.5827, 0.2239,  
8.7760

165.7396,  
134.4257, 286.3005

0.3811, 0.0000,  
4.5006

203.9629,

0.0000, 0.0000,

168.4509, 343.3661

1.9038

247.6527,  
207.7815, 407.5514

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4951

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.7372, 20.1641,  
69.9822

■ 30.7372, 20.1641,  
69.9822

■ 27.0417, 15.7933,  
69.3337

■ 35.1799, 25.7450,  
70.8256

■ 24.0368, 12.5297,  
68.8621

■ 40.4153, 32.6228,  
71.8773

■ 21.6606, 10.2560,  
68.5485

■ 46.4878, 40.8786,  
73.1507

■ 19.8278, 8.8099,  
68.3660

■ 53.4377, 50.5861,  
74.6582

19.4573, 8.5383,  
68.3331

61.3022, 61.8136,  
76.4108

70.1164, 74.6252,  
78.4191

79.9135, 89.0809,  
80.6930

86.0937, 95.9757,  
81.6981

89.9183, 97.9473,  
81.8771

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.3990, 20.1641, 93.6302



30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



36.7201, 20.1641, 37.4978

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



24.0179, 20.1641, 1.3526



8.1287, 20.1641, 31.9628

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



41.2797, 59.0450, 19.5777

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.3462, 20.1641, 11.4390



30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



16.2590, 20.1641, 1.1890

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



32.1890, 20.1641, 4.1451



10.9376, 20.1641, 3.2375



10.2353, 20.1641, 63.7079



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



37.8063, 20.1641, 20.4506



10.9376, 20.1641, 3.2375



7.9520, 20.1641, 23.5320

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.7381, 20.1649, 69.9827



75.2725, 71.5394, 104.4489



29.4056, 31.4403, 72.2293



15.6654, 14.6828, 22.2584



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.7381, 20.1649, 69.9827



36.9383, 21.1132, 96.7361



46.3483, 28.2122, 70.7132



12.9609, 12.9380, 16.4663



11.5480, 5.0774, 40.1098



0.8475, 0.3802, 2.6032



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.4307, 25.4452, 34.2859



50.9529, 29.6245, 39.2683



32.0837, 54.3044, 19.1473



13.3240, 13.1587, 14.9674



19.0025, 9.6021, 9.6593

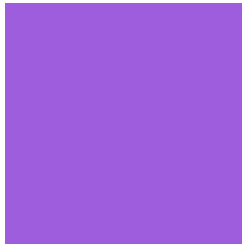


1.2746, 0.6395, 0.8548



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

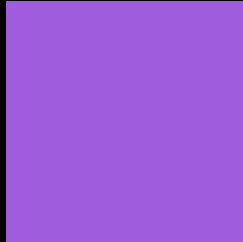
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

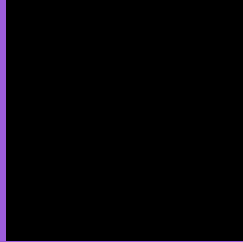
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.7372, 20.1641,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822

### Protanopia

24.4964, 20.6416, 91.5001

### Deuteranopia

21.1020, 20.5666, 65.8083



## Tritanopia

21.1244, 20.0646, 22.8382

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



## Protanomaly

24.4882, 19.1187, 83.2885



## Deuteranomaly

22.9262, 19.3197, 67.4865



## Tritanomaly

23.7557, 19.6215, 36.2535

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822



## Achromatopsia

20.1725, 21.2231, 23.1119



## Achromatomaly

23.0450, 20.2380, 36.4099

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 93, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 93, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 93, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 93, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 93, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 93, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 93, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 93, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 93, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 93,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.7372, 20.1641, 69.9822 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 93, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157, 93,  
220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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