

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.7508, 25.0545, 69.9379)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.7508, 25.0545, 69.9379)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(30.8091, 25.1052,  
70.2398)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C7CDB
RGB	140, 124, 219
RGB Percent	55%, 49%, 86%
CMY	0.4510, 0.5137, 0.1412
CMYK	0.36, 0.43, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	250°, 57%, 67%
HSV	250°, 43%, 86%
XYZ	30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398
YIQ	139.6140, -20.9590, 32.9370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

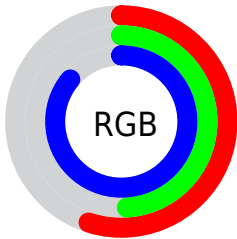
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	140, 124, 219
Decimal	9207003
CIE Lab	57.18, 28.04, -46.64
CIE LCh	57, 54.424, 301.017
Yxy	25.1052, 0.2442, 0.1990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287397083 (0xFF8C7CDB)
YUV	139.6140, 39.1373, 0.3385
Hunter-Lab	50.1051, 22.0739, -48.0421

# Details

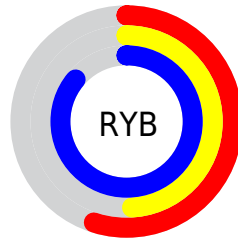
The XYZ color **30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **53.5982, 64.8150, 28.7551**, and the grayscale version is **24.6376, 25.9206, 28.2276**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.5371, 50.4000, 101.3561**, and **12.8732, 9.6078, 35.8263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.5444, 18.7598, 69.2930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.1930, 32.9331, 71.4147**.

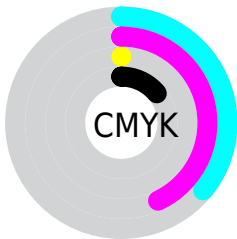
# Distribution



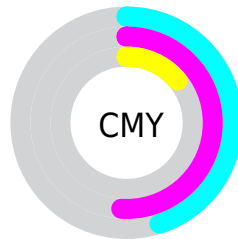
- Red (55%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.8091, 25.1052,  
70.2398

■ 30.8091, 25.1052,  
70.2398

297.5005,  
278.3614, 480.2034

■ 20.6046, 16.1555,  
51.2440

■ 60.3173, 51.8278,  
121.2350

■ 12.9461, 9.6342,  
36.0248

■ 80.3517, 70.3695,  
154.0715

■ 7.4682, 5.1571,  
24.1635

■ 104.3935, 92.8773,  
192.3587

■ 3.8055, 2.3397,  
15.2416

132.8080,  
119.7356, 236.5150

■ 1.5927, 0.7946,  
8.8406

165.9606,  
151.3287, 286.9592

■ 0.3876, 0.0000,  
4.5420

204.2167,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

188.0411, 344.1096

1.9271

247.9415,  
230.2573, 408.3848

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5099

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.8091, 25.1052,  
70.2398

■ 30.8091, 25.1052,  
70.2398

■ 25.5444, 18.7598,  
69.2930

■ 37.1930, 32.9331,  
71.4147

■ 21.3302, 13.7995,  
68.5577

■ 44.7535, 42.3267,  
72.8294

■ 18.0946, 10.1198,  
68.0179

■ 53.5474, 53.3664,  
74.4968

■ 15.7551, 7.5997,  
67.6548

■ 63.6271, 66.1264,  
76.4285

■ 14.2143, 6.0939,  
67.4454

■ 75.0419, 80.6761,  
78.6352

■ 13.5453, 5.5058,  
67.3671

■ 87.7098, 96.8240,  
81.0844

■ 89.7863, 97.8945,  
81.1816

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.0816, 25.1052, 80.1510



30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398



36.3794, 25.1052, 48.3081

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398



30.3610, 25.1052, 6.5990



13.5201, 25.1052, 27.9680

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398



53.5982, 64.8150, 28.7551

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.6058, 25.1052, 13.5278



30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398



23.6432, 25.1052, 5.0279

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398



36.0897, 25.1052, 12.8587



18.0462, 25.1052, 6.8455



14.7644, 25.1052, 49.9152



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398



38.2592, 25.1052, 33.2390



18.0462, 25.1052, 6.8455



13.6227, 25.1052, 22.1756

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8101, 25.1061, 70.2404



75.9470, 75.7844, 105.2328



42.4943, 52.1908, 74.8525



15.6289, 15.4311, 22.4047



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8101, 25.1061, 70.2404



36.6893, 27.2333, 97.9305



40.5696, 30.1374, 70.6971



12.5421, 12.7220, 16.4467



8.0942, 3.2969, 39.9482



0.5880, 0.2464, 2.5910



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.2009, 33.7877, 60.5331



62.9088, 41.1415, 81.4651



42.6161, 59.1535, 28.2411



13.5153, 13.2352, 15.9748



22.3709, 10.9494, 27.3969

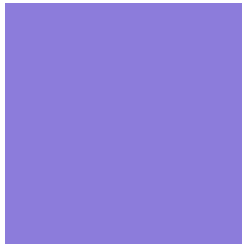


1.4748, 0.7196, 1.9092



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

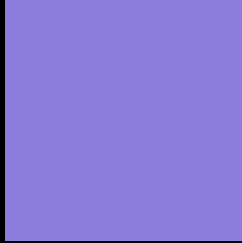
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

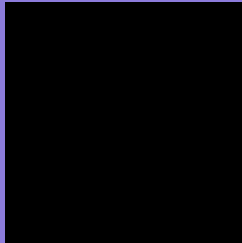
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8091, 25.1052,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398

### Protanopia

27.5657, 25.2483, 76.8193

### Deuteranopia

25.9564, 25.2289, 68.4674



## Tritanopia

23.1951, 25.0272, 32.4624

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398

## Protanomaly

28.3833, 24.9122, 74.5467

## Deuteranomaly

27.3312, 24.8918, 69.0097

## Tritanomaly

25.4689, 24.8912, 44.0196

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

26.5017, 25.4902, 41.0594

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 124, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 124, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 124, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 124, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 124, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 124, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 124, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 124, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 124, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 124,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.8091, 25.1052, 70.2398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 124, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
124, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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