

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.7687, 30.6307, 98.8984)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.7687, 30.6307, 98.8984)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.8065, 30.7063,  
98.9110)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3399FF
RGB	51, 153, 255
RGB Percent	20%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.7999, 0.4000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.80, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 60%
HSV	210°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110
YIQ	134.1300, -93.5340, 10.0980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

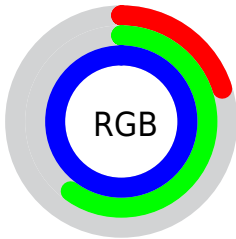
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	51, 119, 255
Decimal	3381759
CIE Lab	62.26, 6.13, -58.77
CIE LCh	62, 59.088, 275.958
Yxy	30.7063, 0.1920, 0.1914
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281571839 (0xFF3399FF)
YUV	134.1300, 59.5889, -72.9050
Hunter-Lab	55.4133, 2.2622, -67.0416

# Details

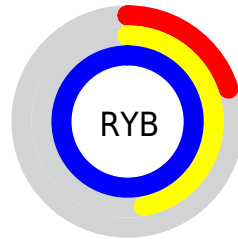
The XYZ color **30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**, and the color name is **brilliant azure**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **53.2321, 44.2874, 8.8769**, and the grayscale version is **22.5227, 23.6956, 25.8045**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.1152, 56.3577, 102.8972**, and **15.0433, 13.7777, 55.2926** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.8785, 26.2627, 98.2076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.6631, 35.9603, 99.7218**.

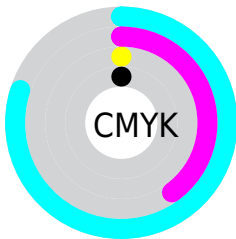
# Distribution



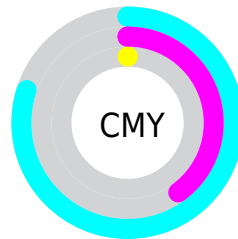
- Red (20%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.8065, 30.7063,  
98.9110

■ 30.8065, 30.7063,  
98.9110

297.4887,  
305.1830, 577.9124

■ 20.6027, 20.3753,  
74.7796

■ 60.3132, 60.7774,  
161.6986

■ 12.9447, 12.6681,  
54.9317

■ 80.3468, 81.2862,  
201.1919

■ 7.4672, 7.2004,  
38.9488

■ 104.3876,  
105.9565, 246.6429

■ 3.8049, 3.5878,  
26.4124

■ 132.8012,  
135.1726, 298.4702

■ 1.5923, 1.4457,  
16.9039

165.9527,  
169.3189, 357.0922

■ 0.3874, 0.2501,  
10.0047

204.2075,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

208.7798, 422.9276

5.2965

247.9311,  
253.9397, 496.3948

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.3605

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7648

■ 30.8065, 30.7063,  
98.9110

■ 30.8065, 30.7063,  
98.9110

■ 27.8785, 26.2627,  
98.2076

■ 34.6631, 35.9603,  
99.7218

■ 25.7042, 22.5281,  
97.6013

■ 39.5524, 42.0874,  
100.6468

■ 25.7028, 22.5256,  
97.6009

■ 45.5662, 49.1446,  
101.6920

■ 52.7846, 57.1824,  
102.8630

■ 61.2795, 66.2467,  
104.1649

■ 71.1170, 76.3799,  
105.6023

■ 82.3581, 87.6217,  
107.1797

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.3723, 30.7063, 91.7284



30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110



39.1492, 30.7063, 83.0802

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110



43.4433, 30.7063, 13.7058



17.3001, 30.7063, 18.5418

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110



53.2321, 44.2874, 8.8769

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.0742, 30.7063, 8.9936



30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110



35.8903, 30.7063, 7.2244

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110



47.2515, 30.7063, 29.0788



27.6222, 30.7063, 6.0126



16.4345, 30.7063, 38.2036



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110



43.8279, 30.7063, 64.5430



27.6222, 30.7063, 6.0126



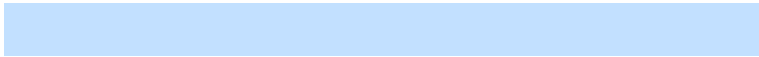
18.2322, 30.7063, 14.3805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8076, 30.7072, 98.9111



67.0095, 72.1881, 105.0097



42.8767, 74.5245, 42.2659



13.6010, 14.6851, 22.3676



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8076, 30.7072, 98.9111



26.5092, 23.9489, 97.8332



20.6009, 10.2936, 95.5088



17.7534, 18.8783, 22.9581



13.5796, 12.0687, 51.0484



1.4314, 1.3935, 5.0068



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1745, 25.9293, 32.6033



45.5561, 23.1636, 24.1121



77.5980, 93.0192, 16.9988



18.3882, 18.1386, 20.6611



23.6425, 11.9463, 12.0339



2.3571, 1.1852, 1.4620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

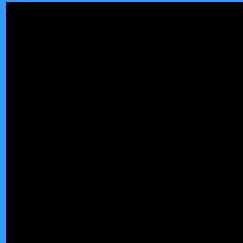
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

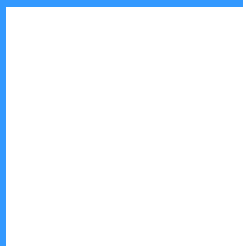
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8065, 30.7063,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110

### Protanopia

33.2856, 30.4609, 92.9321

### Deuteranopia

31.7151, 30.6928, 98.8605



## Tritanopia

21.6721, 30.4868, 46.8618

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110

**Protanomaly**

32.0905, 30.4862, 95.4599

**Deuteranomaly**

31.3926, 30.7665, 98.8917

**Tritanomaly**

24.1540, 30.0844, 62.9263

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110

**Achromatopsia**

22.6597, 23.8398, 25.9615

**Achromatomaly**

23.2697, 25.2072, 45.7585

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 153, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 153, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 153, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 153, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 153, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 153, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 153, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 153, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 153,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.8065, 30.7063, 98.9110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 153, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 153,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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