

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.8414, 15.5469, 17.3656)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.8414, 15.5469, 17.3656)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.7688, 15.5110,  
17.2918)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D60072
RGB	214, 0, 114
RGB Percent	84%, 0%, 45%
CMY	0.1608, 0.9998, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.47, 0.16
HSL	328°, 100%, 42%
HSV	328°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918
YIQ	76.9820, 90.9500, 80.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

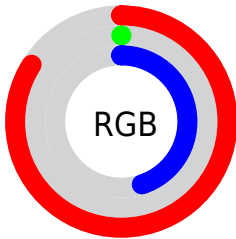
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	214, 0, 114
Decimal	14024818
CIELab	46.33, 74.67, -0.85
CIELCh	46, 74.673, 359.349
Yxy	15.5110, 0.4840, 0.2440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292214898 (0xFFD60072)
YUV	76.9820, 18.2499, 120.1648
Hunter-Lab	39.3840, 70.5313, 1.5372

# Details

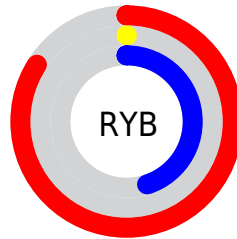
The XYZ color **30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **26.3493, 49.0142, 20.1389**, and the grayscale version is **7.0102, 7.3753, 8.0317**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.7791, 31.3255, 39.3938**, and **14.1202, 7.1657, 5.7931** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.7677, 15.5106, 17.2861**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.6461, 16.3041, 20.5486**.

# Distribution



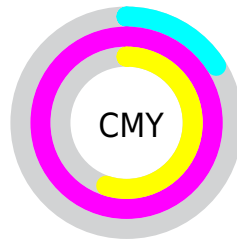
- Red (84%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.7688, 15.5110,  
17.2918


 30.7688, 15.5110,  
17.2918

297.3177,  
226.4387, 248.9490


 20.5738, 9.1788,  
10.2786


 60.2542, 35.7472,  
39.6243


 12.9235, 4.8580,  
5.4761


 80.2753, 50.4199,  
55.7807


 7.4525, 2.1642,  
2.4656


 104.3026, 68.6416,  
75.8219

 3.7955, 0.7004,  
0.8219

 132.7013, 90.7967,  
100.1665

 1.5871, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 165.8368,  
117.2696, 129.2329

 0.3840, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 204.0744,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

148.4446, 163.4398

0.0000

247.7796,  
184.7062, 203.2056

■ 30.7688, 15.5110,  
17.2918

■ 30.7688, 15.5110,  
17.2918

■ 30.7677, 15.5106,  
17.2861

■ 31.6461, 16.3041,  
20.5486

■ 32.8930, 17.7337,  
24.2450

■ 34.6130, 20.0040,  
28.4248

■ 36.8641, 23.2279,  
33.1157

■ 39.6952, 27.5008,  
38.3425

■ 43.1494, 32.9062,  
44.1276

■ 47.2656, 39.5194,  
50.4916

■ 52.0793, 47.4088,  
57.4539

■ 57.6234, 56.6380,  
65.0327

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.0495, 15.5110, 41.9475



30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



28.2643, 15.5110, 4.8424

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



9.5008, 15.5110, 1.0353



9.3216, 15.5110, 68.8936

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



26.3493, 49.0142, 20.1389

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.4136, 15.5110, 40.6902



30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



6.4941, 15.5110, 4.5475

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



14.8828, 15.5110, 0.3639



5.5500, 15.5110, 16.4922



14.6036, 15.5110, 82.2234



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



24.2890, 15.5110, 1.7848



5.5500, 15.5110, 16.4922



8.0968, 15.5110, 60.1591

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.7692, 15.5119, 17.2920



70.0786, 58.4275, 74.7716



17.3812, 7.5589, 64.1611



14.4183, 11.5665, 15.1212



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.7692, 15.5119, 17.2920



45.6710, 23.0324, 25.2636



27.7712, 14.3127, 1.5049



12.6969, 12.5303, 14.3443



18.6502, 9.3964, 10.7279



1.1665, 0.5834, 0.8664



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.7692, 15.5119, 17.2920



45.6710, 23.0324, 25.2636



35.2934, 52.5918, 67.2379



12.6969, 12.5303, 14.3443



18.6502, 9.3964, 10.7279



1.1665, 0.5834, 0.8664



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

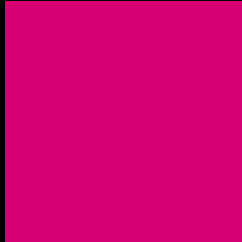
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

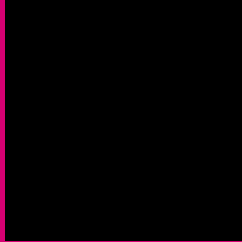
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.7688, 15.5110,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918

### Protanopia

16.8929, 16.2119, 37.3608

### Deuteranopia

16.3698, 16.1050, 15.6104



## Tritanopia

28.2955, 15.9229, 4.1669

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



## Protanomaly

17.8597, 11.8589, 28.5418



## Deuteranomaly

18.7395, 12.5071, 15.6138



## Tritanomaly

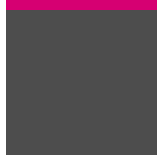
28.7281, 15.3307, 7.4062

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918



## Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819



## Achromatomaly

11.6962, 7.4468, 10.4938

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 0, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 0, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 0, 114) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 0, 114) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 0, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 0, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0,  
114) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.7688, 15.5110, 17.2918 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 0, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214, 0,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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