

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.8794, 34.8597, 30.9844)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.8794, 34.8597, 30.9844)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.8176, 34.7569,  
31.0711)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	97A38F
RGB	151, 163, 143
RGB Percent	59%, 64%, 56%
CMY	0.4078, 0.3608, 0.4392
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.12, 0.36
HSL	96°, 10%, 60%
HSV	96°, 12%, 64%
XYZ	30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711
YIQ	157.1320, -0.7320, -8.7640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

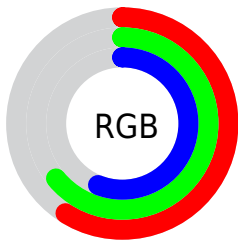
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	143, 163, 155
Decimal	9937807
CIELab	65.56, -8.05, 8.95
CIELCh	66, 12.035, 131.981
Yxy	34.7569, 0.3189, 0.3596
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288127887 (0xFF97A38F)
YUV	157.1320, -6.9671, -5.3778
Hunter-Lab	58.9550, -9.8637, 10.0208

# Details

The XYZ color **30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **29.9524, 29.2588, 38.7211**, and the grayscale version is **32.1386, 33.8124, 36.8217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.3263, 67.1532, 62.6056**, and **12.9158, 14.8685, 12.5451** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.9310, 33.4023, 24.9518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.0363, 36.2640, 38.1441**.

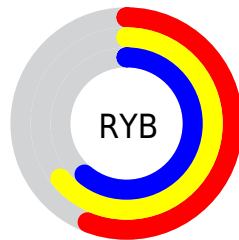
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (64%)

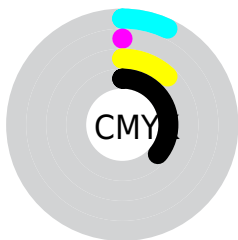
Blue (56%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (61%)

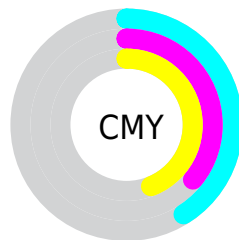


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.8176, 34.7569,  
31.0711

■ 30.8176, 34.7569,  
31.0711

297.5390,  
323.4940, 321.2271

■ 20.6111, 23.4757,  
20.3941

■ 60.3306, 67.1090,  
62.4329

■ 12.9509, 14.9451,  
12.4949

■ 80.3678, 88.9487,  
83.9547

■ 7.4715, 8.7809,  
6.9551

104.4127,  
115.0766, 109.9286

■ 3.8076, 4.5985,  
3.3560

132.8306,  
145.8772, 140.7730

■ 1.5939, 2.0137,  
1.2792

165.9868,  
181.7348, 176.9065

■ 0.3884, 0.6154,  
0.0446

204.2467,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

223.0339, 218.7477

0.0000

247.9756,  
270.1588, 266.7150

■ 30.8176, 34.7569,  
31.0711

■ 30.8176, 34.7569,  
31.0711

■ 27.9310, 33.4023,  
24.9518

■ 34.0363, 36.2640,  
38.1441

■ 25.3622, 32.1906,  
19.7431

■ 37.5948, 37.9237,  
46.2067

■ 23.1001, 31.1182,  
15.4022

■ 41.5045, 39.7421,  
55.2960

■ 21.1319, 30.1795,  
11.8816

■ 45.7751, 41.7235,  
65.4463

■ 19.4436, 29.3683,  
9.1296

■ 50.4160, 43.8719,  
76.6904

■ 18.0201, 28.6781,  
7.0884

■ 55.4362, 46.1913,  
89.0595

■ 16.8442, 28.1017,  
5.6922

■ 60.5038, 48.5493,  
100.7898

■ 15.8965, 27.6305,  
4.8627

■ 63.5423, 50.1157,  
100.9320

■ 15.2903, 27.3260,  
4.4686

■ 66.7567, 51.7728,  
101.0824

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.3361, 34.7569, 29.1129



30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711



29.9129, 34.7569, 34.9175

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711



31.9970, 34.7569, 47.8568



36.4666, 34.7569, 35.8630

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711



29.9524, 29.2588, 38.7211

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3679, 34.7569, 40.9303



30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711



33.7447, 34.7569, 48.1673

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711



30.5770, 34.7569, 44.7228



35.3571, 34.7569, 45.5367



35.6222, 34.7569, 31.7100



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711



29.7593, 34.7569, 38.1812



35.3571, 34.7569, 45.5367



36.5435, 34.7569, 37.5095

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8185, 34.7584, 31.0719



59.8696, 64.4362, 65.8969



31.7849, 33.2138, 30.7228



13.3495, 14.4268, 14.5852



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8185, 34.7584, 31.0719



53.5745, 61.4882, 52.1727



29.5368, 34.0800, 31.8100



7.2411, 8.0268, 7.5478



11.9313, 21.2613, 3.4750



0.3032, 0.4738, 0.0755



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9524, 29.2588, 38.7211



51.6821, 49.4748, 68.8818



31.3611, 30.0056, 37.8587



7.0889, 7.0602, 8.8922



9.0892, 4.0921, 27.2406

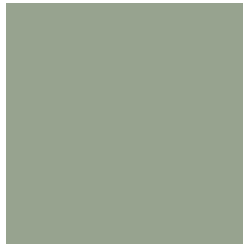


0.2422, 0.1124, 0.5748



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

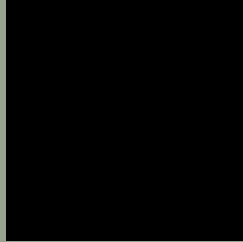
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8176, 34.7569,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711

### Protanopia

32.9317, 34.8264, 30.1858

### Deuteranopia

35.3245, 34.5301, 31.5912



## **Tritanopia**

33.2664, 34.7051, 43.4735

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711

## Protanomaly

32.1512, 34.6717, 30.5889

## Deuteranomaly

33.4532, 34.5626, 31.2936

## Tritanomaly

32.3303, 34.5848, 38.6898

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711

## Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171

## Achromatomaly

31.5832, 34.0318, 34.6100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 163, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 163, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 163, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 163, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 163, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 163, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 163, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 163, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 163, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 163,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.8176, 34.7569, 31.0711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 163, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
163, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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