

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.8950, 20.0181,  
9.8250)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D25050
RGB	210, 80, 80
RGB Percent	82%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.1765, 0.6862, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.62, 0.18
HSL	0°, 59%, 57%
HSV	0°, 62%, 82%
XYZ	30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250
YIQ	118.8700, 77.4800, 27.5600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

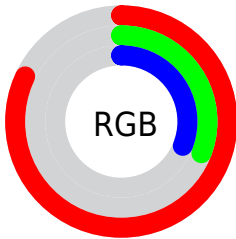
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	210, 80, 80
Decimal	13783120
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.86, 51.29, 27.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 58.103, 28.014
Yxy	20.0181, 0.5087, 0.3296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291973200 (0xFFD25050)
YUV	118.8700, -19.1629, 79.9210
Hunter-Lab	44.7416, 44.9602, 18.2994

# Details

The XYZ color **30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **37.9861, 52.4485, 69.0941**, and the grayscale version is **17.5358, 18.4490, 20.0909**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.7275, 39.8952, 25.6377**, and **12.9480, 7.0112, 2.2610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.9321, 17.1462, 5.9225**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.5816, 23.9498, 15.1650**.

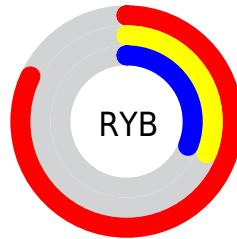
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (31%)

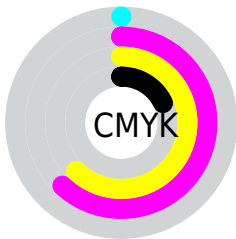
Blue (31%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (31%)

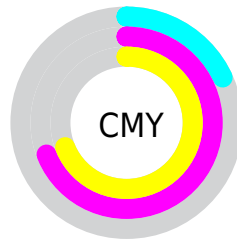


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (69%)


Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 30.8950, 20.0181,  
9.8250


 30.8950, 20.0181,  
9.8250


297.8898,  
252.0131, 199.8577


 20.6703, 12.4082,  
5.1790


 60.4517, 43.4475,  
26.0685


 12.9943, 7.0223,  
2.2921


 80.5144, 60.0358,  
38.5030


 7.5016, 3.4761,  
0.7268


 104.5872, 80.3858,  
54.3708

 3.8268, 1.3850,  
0.0000

 133.0355,  
104.8817, 74.0904

 1.6046, 0.2057,  
0.0000

 166.2245,  
133.9080, 98.0804

 0.3954, 0.0000,  
0.0000

204.5197,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

167.8490, 126.7592

0.0000

248.2863,  
207.0893, 160.5455

■ 30.8950, 20.0181,  
9.8250

■ 30.8950, 20.0181,  
9.8250

■ 28.9321, 17.1462,  
5.9225

■ 33.5816, 23.9498,  
15.1650

■ 27.6216, 15.2284,  
3.3174

■ 37.0514, 29.0271,  
22.0626

■ 26.8801, 14.1433,  
1.8436

■ 41.3594, 35.3310,  
30.6266

■ 26.5784, 13.7018,  
1.2439

■ 46.5552, 42.9340,  
40.9557

■ 52.6847, 51.9032,  
53.1409

■ 59.7905, 62.3010,  
67.2670

■ 67.9126, 74.1858,  
83.4135

■ 77.0887, 87.6130,  
101.6556

■ 80.3883, 92.4416,  
108.2138

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.7572, 20.0181, 22.9411



30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250



25.6871, 20.0181, 4.2259

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250



10.9387, 20.0181, 8.7231



18.6364, 20.0181, 73.0227

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250



37.9861, 52.4485, 69.0941

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.6302, 20.0181, 62.5704



30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250



9.7955, 20.0181, 20.6902

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250



14.1823, 20.0181, 3.8600



10.6693, 20.0181, 40.8831



24.8647, 20.0181, 64.8711



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250



21.4798, 20.0181, 2.9634



10.6693, 20.0181, 40.8831



16.7677, 20.0181, 71.4921

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8955, 20.0192, 9.8253



74.6521, 70.1521, 68.3496



41.0798, 24.0922, 63.4577



15.4241, 14.2041, 13.5274



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8955, 20.0192, 9.8253



44.1986, 25.5896, 7.8105



38.1517, 34.5317, 12.2441



11.8088, 11.8083, 12.2689



16.2125, 8.3580, 0.7588



0.9065, 0.4674, 0.0424



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.9861, 52.4485, 69.0941



56.0740, 79.9026, 107.0751



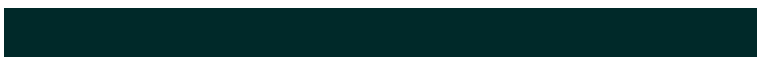
25.0666, 26.6095, 64.7876



12.1584, 13.4070, 15.1907



21.1524, 30.9514, 42.0519

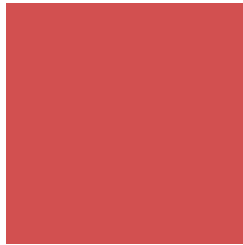


1.1827, 1.7306, 2.3513



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8950, 20.0181,

9.8250.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250

### Protanopia

18.9280, 20.2027, 14.4572

### Deuteranopia

20.5954, 20.2674, 9.3051



## Tritanopia

30.9746, 19.9337, 10.6026

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250

## Protanomaly

21.7481, 18.9540, 12.4098

## Deuteranomaly

23.3693, 19.3956, 9.3495

## Tritanomaly

30.9357, 19.9181, 10.3977

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250

## Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

## Achromatomaly

20.5503, 17.7985, 15.7169

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 80, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 80, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 80, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 80, 80) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 80, 80) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 80, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 80, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 80, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 80, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 80,  
80) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.8950, 20.0181, 9.8250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 80, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210, 80,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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