

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.9783, 14.8806, 50.6634)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.9783, 14.8806, 50.6634)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.8898, 14.8380,  
50.5262)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BF00BF
RGB	191, 0, 191
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 75%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9999, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	300°, 100%, 37%
HSV	300°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262
YIQ	78.8830, 52.5250, 99.8930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

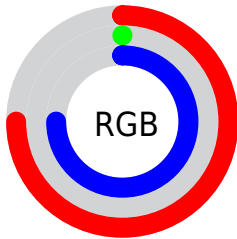
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	191, 0, 191
Decimal	12517567
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.41, 79.06, -48.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 92.992, 328.232
Yxy	14.8380, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707647 (0xFFBF00BF)
YUV	78.8830, 55.2737, 98.3266
Hunter-Lab	38.5201, 75.7313, -50.8056

# Details

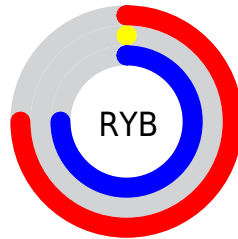
The XYZ color **30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. A complement of this color would be **18.6315, 37.2623, 6.2112**, and the grayscale version is **7.3032, 7.6836, 8.3674**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.3831, 34.5989, 92.3026**, and **14.1882, 6.7927, 24.2302** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.8901, 14.8381, 50.5264**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.1252, 15.3082, 50.6048**.

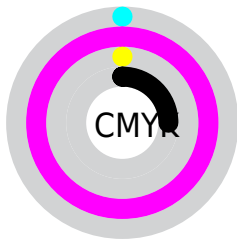
# Distribution



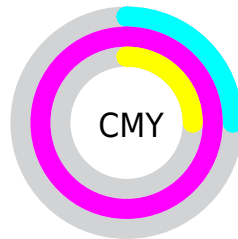
- Red (75%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 30.8898, 14.8380,  
50.5262

 30.8898, 14.8380,  
50.5262


297.8663,  
222.3836, 405.5140

 20.6664, 8.7058,  
35.4576


 60.4436, 34.5687,  
92.3583

 12.9914, 4.5498,  
23.7292


 80.5046, 48.9360,  
119.9590


 7.4996, 1.9856,  
14.9225


 104.5755, 66.8171,  
152.5740

 3.8255, 0.5991,  
8.6190

 133.0217, 88.5964,  
190.6219

 1.6039, 0.0000,  
4.4001

 166.2085,  
114.6583, 234.5214

 0.3950, 0.0000,  
1.8473

 204.5013,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

145.3872, 284.6908

0.4589

248.2655,  
181.1675, 341.5489

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 30.8898, 14.8380,  
50.5262

■ 30.8898, 14.8380,  
50.5262

■ 30.8901, 14.8381,  
50.5264

■ 31.1252, 15.3082,  
50.6048

■ 31.5905, 16.2389,  
50.7599

■ 32.3695, 17.7969,  
51.0196

■ 33.5042, 20.0661,  
51.3979

■ 35.0301, 23.1180,  
51.9065

■ 36.9785, 27.0149,  
52.5561

■ 39.3777, 31.8132,  
53.3558

■ 42.2533, 37.5644,  
54.3144

■ 45.6290, 44.3159,  
55.4396

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.3674, 14.8380, 90.1638



30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



34.7865, 14.8380, 17.5049

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



14.5665, 14.8380, 0.0000



4.6428, 14.8380, 45.8172

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



18.6315, 37.2623, 6.2112

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.8528, 14.8380, 14.8783



30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



8.1757, 14.8380, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



23.4648, 14.8380, 0.0000



4.8649, 14.8380, 2.5105



7.6359, 14.8380, 86.0956



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



33.4545, 14.8380, 6.1622



4.8649, 14.8380, 2.5105



4.1724, 14.8380, 33.4691

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8904, 14.8387, 50.5265



70.2953, 56.5177, 95.4830



9.4047, 3.7624, 49.5213



15.0149, 11.5682, 20.8268



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8904, 14.8387, 50.5265



55.3238, 26.5748, 90.4921



23.5754, 11.9127, 12.0062



9.9300, 9.6963, 12.0204



20.3004, 9.7513, 33.2049



0.7952, 0.3820, 1.3007



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.8904, 14.8387, 50.5265



55.3238, 26.5748, 90.4921



20.7204, 38.0978, 17.2110



9.9300, 9.6963, 12.0204



20.3004, 9.7513, 33.2049



0.7952, 0.3820, 1.3007



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

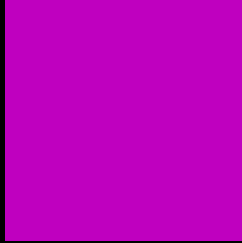
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

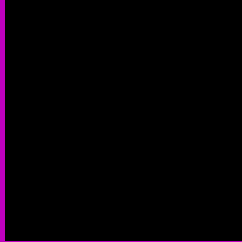
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8898, 14.8380,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262

### Protanopia

18.6086, 15.6899, 72.5687

### Deuteranopia

15.9941, 15.5710, 45.3425



## Tritanopia

22.5545, 15.1950, 9.3336

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



## Protanomaly

16.3451, 10.0330, 63.3624



## Deuteranomaly

17.3974, 11.2205, 46.5962



## Tritanomaly

23.9756, 13.5373, 19.1186

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262



## Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146



## Achromatomaly

12.2765, 7.6303, 18.5951

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.8898, 14.8380, 50.5262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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