

# Converting Colors

XYZ(30.9895, 31.5365, 19.2715)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(30.9895, 31.5365, 19.2715)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(31.0175, 31.6194,  
19.2202)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE956E
RGB	174, 149, 110
RGB Percent	68%, 58%, 43%
CMY	0.3176, 0.4157, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.37, 0.32
HSL	37°, 28%, 56%
HSV	37°, 37%, 68%
XYZ	31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202
YIQ	152.0290, 27.4190, -6.8290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

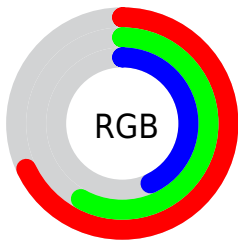
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 174, 110
Decimal	11441518
CIELab	63.03, 3.60, 24.06
CIELCh	63, 24.330, 81.480
Yxy	31.6194, 0.3789, 0.3863
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289631598 (0xFFAE956E)
YUV	152.0290, -20.7203, 19.2686
Hunter-Lab	56.2311, 0.0574, 19.0960

# Details

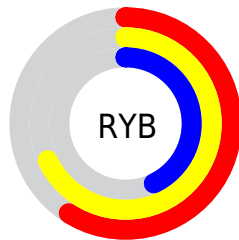
The XYZ color **31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **22.7341, 23.6981, 43.4204**, and the grayscale version is **29.9366, 31.4956, 34.2987**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.5107, 62.1435, 42.9881**, and **12.9829, 13.0762, 6.3971** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.1178, 29.1902, 14.3632**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.1676, 34.2515, 25.0792**.

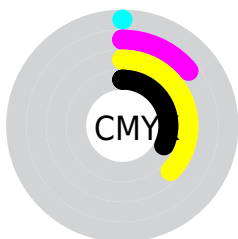
# Distribution



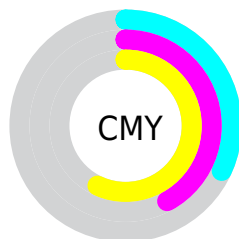
- Red (68%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.0175, 31.6194,  
19.2202


 31.0175, 31.6194,  
19.2202


298.4444,  
309.3818, 260.1248

 20.7641, 21.0710,  
11.6511


 60.6433, 62.2140,  
42.9475


 13.0631, 13.1759,  
6.3869


 80.7463, 83.0288,  
59.9428

 7.5493, 7.5498,  
3.0092

 104.8633,  
108.0347, 80.9171

 3.8573, 3.8082,  
1.0993

 133.3595,  
137.6159, 106.2892

 1.6217, 1.5669,  
0.0000

166.6004,  
172.1568, 136.4774

 0.4065, 0.3351,  
0.0000

204.9513,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

212.0418, 171.9004

0.0000

248.7775,  
257.6554, 212.9767

■ 31.0175, 31.6194,  
19.2202

■ 31.0175, 31.6194,  
19.2202

■ 29.1178, 29.1902,  
14.3632

■ 33.1676, 34.2515,  
25.0792

■ 27.4542, 26.9529,  
10.4482

■ 35.5767, 37.0881,  
31.9915

■ 26.0142, 24.9021,  
7.4120

■ 38.2561, 40.1365,  
40.0072

■ 24.7831, 23.0299,  
5.1825

■ 41.2154, 43.4021,  
49.1726

■ 23.7439, 21.3279,  
3.6759

■ 44.4638, 46.8901,  
59.5314

■ 22.8731, 19.7847,  
2.7741

■ 48.0102, 50.6056,  
71.1249

■ 22.6140, 19.3155,  
2.5364

■ 51.8627, 54.5533,  
83.9925

■ 56.0295, 58.7380,  
98.1718

■ 58.5933, 62.3941,  
103.5628

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.2449, 31.6194, 21.9207



31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202



27.7564, 31.6194, 19.9600

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202



24.4503, 31.6194, 41.6326



35.3784, 31.6194, 47.2388

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202



22.7341, 23.6981, 43.4204

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4736, 31.6194, 54.5996



31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202



26.2185, 31.6194, 50.9674

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202



24.1239, 31.6194, 31.7674



29.1093, 31.6194, 56.0779



36.8824, 31.6194, 37.2335



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202



25.9865, 31.6194, 22.3770



29.1093, 31.6194, 56.0779



34.5236, 31.6194, 50.1761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.0183, 31.6209, 19.2208



67.1861, 70.3151, 65.8992



27.4473, 21.9171, 25.9279



14.7901, 15.4658, 14.2198



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.0183, 31.6209, 19.2208



53.4720, 53.8023, 27.6767



34.0141, 39.6789, 20.6183



8.3961, 8.7970, 8.4688



16.4610, 14.1275, 1.8593



0.5091, 0.4953, 0.0688



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.7341, 23.6981, 43.4204



36.2774, 37.3685, 77.9377



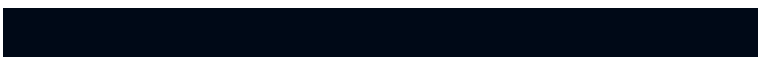
20.4720, 17.9487, 42.4299



7.8259, 8.2511, 10.1328



7.0930, 5.3198, 29.6975

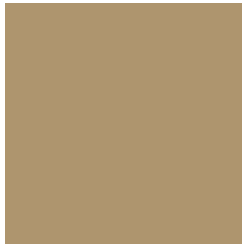


0.2514, 0.2562, 0.8442



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

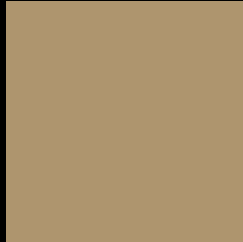
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.0175, 31.6194,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202

### Protanopia

29.4627, 31.5188, 19.8601

### Deuteranopia

32.2042, 31.5292, 19.4273



## Tritanopia

34.2456, 31.5617, 34.8589

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202

## Protanomaly

30.0843, 31.6057, 19.5538

## Deuteranomaly

31.6631, 31.4801, 19.4464

## Tritanomaly

32.8443, 31.4329, 28.3808

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

30.0792, 31.4129, 28.1449

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 149, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 149, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 149, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 149, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 149, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 149, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 149, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 149, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 149, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 149,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.0175, 31.6194, 19.2202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 149, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
149, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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