

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.0521, 33.3852, 8.4721)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.0521, 33.3852, 8.4721)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.0013, 33.3022,  
8.4085)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B39B37
RGB	179, 155, 55
RGB Percent	70%, 61%, 22%
CMY	0.2980, 0.3921, 0.7843
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.69, 0.30
HSL	48°, 53%, 46%
HSV	48°, 69%, 70%
XYZ	31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085
YIQ	150.7760, 46.4040, -26.0120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

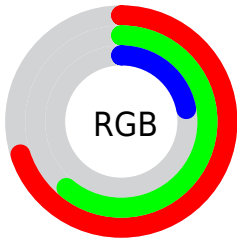
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	85, 179, 55
Decimal	11770679
CIELab	64.40, -2.39, 53.46
CIELCh	64, 53.513, 92.564
Yxy	33.3022, 0.4264, 0.4580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289960759 (0xFFB39B37)
YUV	150.7760, -47.2176, 24.7524
Hunter-Lab	57.7081, -5.0973, 31.7566

# Details

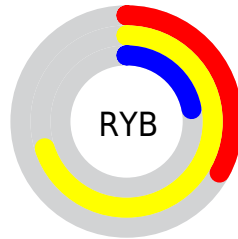
The XYZ color **31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **12.5082, 9.6586, 43.8525**, and the grayscale version is **29.5020, 31.0384, 33.8008**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.7142, 64.8396, 23.2252**, and **13.1187, 14.1116, 2.0324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.0797, 32.0256, 6.3550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.0966, 34.6773, 11.2883**.

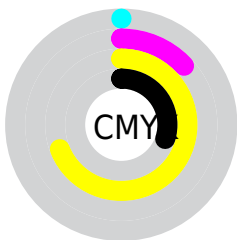
# Distribution



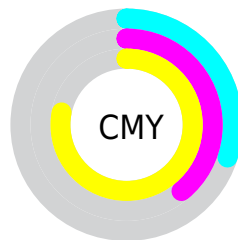
- Red (70%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (78%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.0013, 33.3022,  
8.4085


 31.0013, 33.3022,  
8.4085


298.3711,  
317.0093, 188.9545

 20.7517, 22.3581,  
4.2659


 60.6179, 64.8471,  
23.3147


 13.0540, 14.1202,  
1.7723


 80.7157, 86.2165,  
34.9154


 7.5430, 8.2043,  
0.4096


 104.8268,  
111.8299, 49.8393

 3.8533, 4.2260,  
0.0000

 133.3167,  
142.0716, 68.5048

 1.6195, 1.8008,  
0.0000

 166.5507,  
177.3260, 91.3306

 0.4050, 0.4876,  
0.0000

 204.8942,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

217.9775, 118.7351

0.0000

248.7126,  
264.4104, 151.1369

■ 31.0013, 33.3022,  
8.4085

■ 31.0013, 33.3022,  
8.4085

■ 30.0797, 32.0256,  
6.3550

■ 32.0966, 34.6773,  
11.2883

■ 29.3116, 30.8354,  
5.0322

■ 33.3785, 36.1524,  
15.0720

■ 28.6638, 29.7193,  
4.2631

■ 34.8613, 37.7348,  
19.8306

■ 28.6183, 29.6397,  
4.2127

■ 36.5572, 39.4295,  
25.6273

■ 38.4771, 41.2412,  
32.5200

■ 40.6315, 43.1741,  
40.5625

■ 43.0300, 45.2324,  
49.8049

■ 45.6816, 47.4199,  
60.2942

■ 48.5949, 49.7402,  
72.0751

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.9005, 33.3022, 10.3019



31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085



24.3986, 33.3022, 11.1353

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085



20.8339, 33.3022, 63.8834



46.5307, 33.3022, 59.2535

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085



12.5082, 9.6586, 43.8525

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.2187, 33.3022, 84.4126



31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085



25.3663, 33.3022, 87.7556

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085



19.1484, 33.3022, 38.1717



32.3132, 33.3022, 96.4666



48.6759, 33.3022, 34.4141



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085



21.3795, 33.3022, 16.2560



32.3132, 33.3022, 96.4666



44.7808, 33.3022, 68.2440

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.0021, 33.3038, 8.4092



68.1618, 73.1690, 55.5048



21.3973, 12.8926, 8.9120



14.8898, 16.0127, 11.5331



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.0021, 33.3038, 8.4092



53.1344, 56.2452, 10.0146



27.9308, 38.2490, 9.5256



9.0546, 9.6216, 9.0325



20.2687, 21.0359, 2.9921



0.6736, 0.7336, 0.1061



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.5082, 9.6586, 43.8525



18.0606, 11.5377, 77.6563



13.9368, 8.2731, 43.5098



8.1707, 8.4876, 10.7140



6.2042, 3.2087, 30.4293

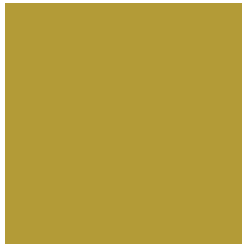


0.2345, 0.1795, 0.9705



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.0013, 33.3022,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085

### Protanopia

30.4258, 33.5037, 8.4777

### Deuteranopia

33.8341, 33.0773, 8.4722



## Tritanopia

36.6197, 33.2159, 35.9337

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085

## Protanomaly

30.4826, 33.2829, 8.4321

## Deuteranomaly

32.7667, 33.2376, 8.4299

## Tritanomaly

33.8444, 33.0171, 22.0419

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

29.0786, 31.2945, 21.0308

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 155, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 155, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 155, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 155, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 155, 55) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 155, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 155, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 155, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 155, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 155,  
55) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.0013, 33.3022, 8.4085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 155, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
155, 55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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