

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.1114, 20.6986, 23.9840)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.1114, 20.6986, 23.9840)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(31.1396, 20.7603,  
23.8386)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C75883
RGB	199, 88, 131
RGB Percent	78%, 35%, 51%
CMY	0.2196, 0.6549, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.34, 0.22
HSL	337°, 50%, 56%
HSV	337°, 56%, 78%
XYZ	31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386
YIQ	126.0910, 52.3530, 36.9050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

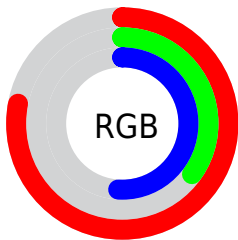
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 88, 131
Decimal	13064323
CIE Lab	52.69, 48.63, -2.12
CIE LCh	53, 48.675, 357.507
Yxy	20.7603, 0.4111, 0.2741
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291254403 (0xFFC75883)
YUV	126.0910, 2.4201, 63.9412
Hunter-Lab	45.5635, 42.2568, 0.8742

# Details

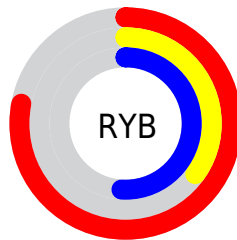
The XYZ color **31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **30.4498, 45.3223, 38.5984**, and the grayscale version is **19.8425, 20.8759, 22.7338**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.5647, 44.0667, 50.7137**, and **13.2222, 7.4477, 8.7233** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.9450, 17.6166, 19.2674**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.8784, 24.8366, 29.0713**.

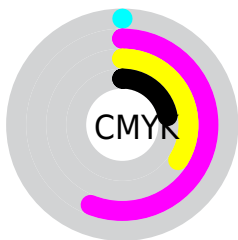
# Distribution



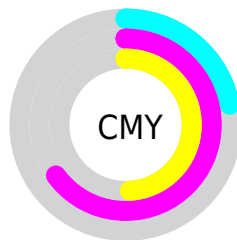
- Red (78%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



31.1396, 20.7603,  
23.8386

31.1396, 20.7603,  
23.8386

298.9963,  
256.0019, 285.2637

20.8575, 12.9489,  
15.0028

60.8341, 44.6883,  
50.7072

13.1318, 7.3934,  
8.6747

80.9773, 61.5736,  
69.5772

7.5970, 3.7093,  
4.4357

105.1382, 82.2524,  
92.6289

3.8878, 1.5123,  
1.8673

133.6822,  
107.1091, 120.2810

1.6388, 0.2974,  
0.4718

166.9747,  
136.5279, 152.9520

0.4175, 0.0000,  
0.0000

205.3810,

0.0000, 0.0000,

170.8934, 191.0604

0.0000

249.2664,  
210.5899, 235.0248

■ 31.1396, 20.7603,  
23.8386

■ 31.1396, 20.7603,  
23.8386

■ 28.9450, 17.6166,  
19.2674

■ 33.8784, 24.8366,  
29.0713

■ 27.2523, 15.3264,  
15.3265

■ 37.1958, 29.9096,  
34.9923

■ 26.0152, 13.8030,  
11.9832

■ 41.1255, 36.0414,  
41.6279

■ 25.1763, 12.9373,  
9.1996

■ 45.6978, 43.2882,  
49.0026

■ 24.8956, 12.6791,  
8.1718

■ 50.9410, 51.7021,  
57.1398

■ 56.8817, 61.3319,  
66.0615

■ 63.5451, 72.2238,  
75.7891

■ 70.9549, 84.4212,  
86.3429

■ 75.1493, 89.9965,  
96.4143

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1318, 20.7603, 41.1268



31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386



29.6841, 20.7603, 12.0204

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386



15.5698, 20.7603, 5.8000



14.9520, 20.7603, 55.2057

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386



30.4498, 45.3223, 38.5984

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2975, 20.7603, 38.0760



31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386



12.6090, 20.7603, 10.6941

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386



20.1584, 20.7603, 4.6276



11.5186, 20.7603, 21.4136



19.3117, 20.7603, 63.4502



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386



27.0633, 20.7603, 7.6518



11.5186, 20.7603, 21.4136



13.8610, 20.7603, 50.0145

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.1402, 20.7614, 23.8390



78.7611, 73.7982, 83.8141



27.2405, 18.0334, 56.0777



16.4962, 15.2204, 17.3619



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.1402, 20.7614, 23.8390



49.9536, 29.8366, 32.1197



29.7868, 21.7906, 11.8701



10.8011, 10.7038, 11.9358



16.0485, 8.1690, 5.4653



0.7952, 0.4009, 0.4449



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.1402, 20.7614, 23.8390



49.9536, 29.8366, 32.1197



32.2959, 42.1225, 60.4610



10.8011, 10.7038, 11.9358



16.0485, 8.1690, 5.4653



0.7952, 0.4009, 0.4449



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

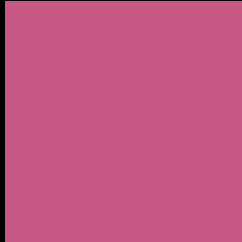
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

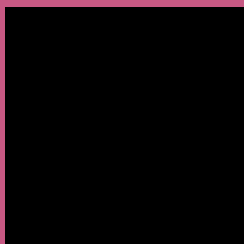
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.1396, 20.7603,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386

### Protanopia

20.9121, 20.9934, 33.5218

### Deuteranopia

21.3729, 20.9144, 22.6491



## Tritanopia

29.3776, 20.8153, 14.7813

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386

## Protanomaly

23.3769, 20.0532, 29.8327

## Deuteranomaly

24.1702, 20.2874, 23.0640

## Tritanomaly

30.0405, 20.8299, 17.7665

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386

## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206

## Achromatomaly

22.8273, 19.9192, 23.0637

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 88, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 88, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 88, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 88, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 88, 131) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 88, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 88, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 88, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 88, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 88,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.1396, 20.7603, 23.8386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 88, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199, 88,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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