

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.1776, 16.2697, 59.9723)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.1776, 16.2697, 59.9723)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.2131, 16.3130,  
59.8961)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B52FCE
RGB	181, 47, 206
RGB Percent	71%, 18%, 81%
CMY	0.2902, 0.8157, 0.1922
CMYK	0.12, 0.77, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	291°, 63%, 50%
HSV	291°, 77%, 81%
XYZ	31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961
YIQ	105.1920, 28.8250, 77.8570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

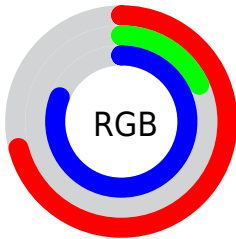
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 47, 206</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11874254</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">47.38, 71.76, -54.59</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">47, 90.166, 322.737</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">16.3130, 0.2906, 0.1519</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290064334</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB52FCE</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">105.1920, 49.6983, 66.4836</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">40.3894, 67.2643, -59.6526</a>

# Details

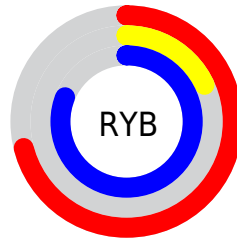
The XYZ color **31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **25.2574, 45.7260, 10.1847**, and the grayscale version is **13.3443, 14.0393, 15.2888**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.3477, 36.4704, 98.5193**, and **13.7543, 6.4453, 29.7973** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.8248, 14.6501, 59.6486**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.0088, 18.7630, 60.2746**.

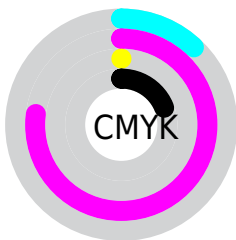
# Distribution



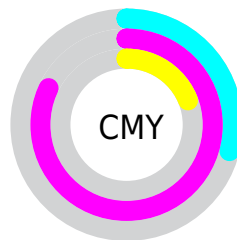
- Red (71%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.2131, 16.3130,  
59.8961


 31.2131, 16.3130,  
59.8961


299.3282,  
231.1816, 442.0087

 20.9138, 9.7459,  
42.9101


 60.9490, 37.1407,  
106.2208

 13.1731, 5.2308,  
29.4837


 81.1163, 52.1702,  
136.3967


 7.6257, 2.3833,  
19.1983

 105.3036, 70.7892,  
171.8062

 3.9062, 0.8173,  
11.6354

 133.8763, 93.3822,  
212.8681

 1.6492, 0.0000,  
6.3764

 167.1998,  
120.3335, 260.0007

 0.4241, 0.0000,  
3.0028

205.6394,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

152.0276, 313.6226

1.0961

249.5604,  
188.8489, 374.1525

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.2131, 16.3130,  
59.8961

■ 31.2131, 16.3130,  
59.8961

■ 29.8248, 14.6501,  
59.6486

■ 33.0088, 18.7630,  
60.2746

■ 28.7761, 13.6412,  
59.5091

■ 35.2583, 22.0949,  
60.7992

■ 28.5096, 13.4103,  
59.4786

■ 38.0037, 26.3920,  
61.4839

■ 41.2816, 31.7276,  
62.3410

■ 45.1253, 38.1677,  
63.3815

■ 49.5650, 45.7728,  
64.6154

■ 54.6290, 54.5991,  
66.0522

■ 60.3435, 64.6992,  
67.7005

■ 66.7333, 76.1223,  
69.5686

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.2275, 16.3130, 96.9961



31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



36.2633, 16.3130, 23.9205

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



17.5280, 16.3130, 0.0000



5.2188, 16.3130, 40.7501

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



25.2574, 45.7260, 10.1847

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.7181, 16.3130, 12.7633



31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



10.2963, 16.3130, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



26.7813, 16.3130, 0.6945



6.2154, 16.3130, 2.2259



7.9436, 16.3130, 80.7600



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



35.8166, 16.3130, 9.7251



6.2154, 16.3130, 2.2259



4.8342, 16.3130, 29.3258

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2138, 16.3137, 59.8965



75.7973, 66.4107, 103.4313



14.7290, 9.8924, 59.5259



15.6833, 13.2944, 21.9894



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2138, 16.3137, 59.8965



47.0915, 22.5090, 96.4704



32.2204, 17.4553, 31.8089



11.5076, 11.3110, 14.1471



17.6229, 8.2925, 36.6281



0.9569, 0.4524, 1.8918



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.6403, 15.6233, 7.6904



42.1468, 21.9649, 5.6500



25.5444, 45.6674, 19.5260



11.2831, 11.2420, 12.0252



15.8607, 8.1549, 1.7189



0.8415, 0.4300, 0.2113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

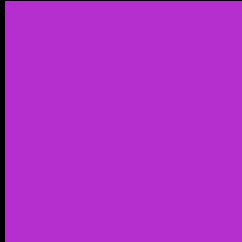
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

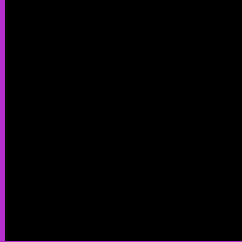
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2131, 16.3130,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961

### Protanopia

19.8924, 16.7068, 77.7776

### Deuteranopia

17.0866, 16.6031, 53.9339



## Tritanopia

21.7038, 16.3723, 13.0826

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



## Protanomaly

18.7594, 13.0878, 70.6447



## Deuteranomaly

18.7888, 13.9226, 55.7299



## Tritanomaly

23.9060, 15.4458, 25.0139

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961



## Achromatopsia

13.4271, 14.1263, 15.3836



## Achromatomaly

17.7257, 13.2802, 27.2203

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 47, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 47, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 47, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 47, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 47, 206) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 47, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 47, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 47, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 47, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 47,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.2131, 16.3130, 59.8961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 47, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 47,  
206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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