

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.1932, 40.9065, 28.8064)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.1932, 40.9065, 28.8064)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(31.2751, 41.0705,  
28.8333)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	86B886
RGB	134, 184, 134
RGB Percent	53%, 72%, 53%
CMY	0.4745, 0.2784, 0.4745
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.27, 0.28
HSL	120°, 26%, 62%
HSV	120°, 27%, 72%
XYZ	31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333
YIQ	163.3500, -13.7500, -26.1500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

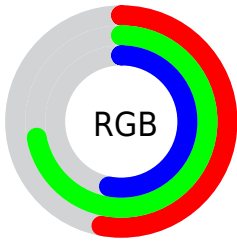
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">134, 184, 184</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8829062</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.23, -26.47, 20.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 33.318, 142.610</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.0705, 0.3091, 0.4059</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287019142 (0xFF86B886)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">163.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.0863, -25.0402, 18.1850</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **36.9454, 30.7022, 49.3280**, and the grayscale version is **35.0501, 36.8754, 40.1573**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.8688, 76.5994, 58.5907**, and **13.2838, 18.7117, 11.2991** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.4200, 39.2199, 22.5268**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.8659, 43.2769, 36.3416**.

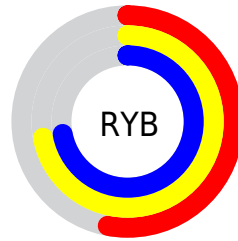
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (72%)

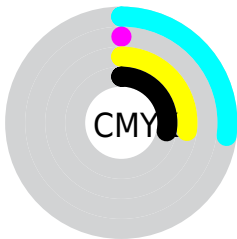
Blue (53%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (72%)

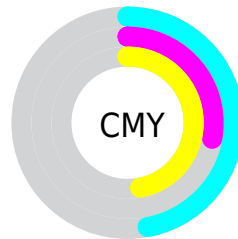


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.2751, 41.0705,  
28.8333

■ 31.2751, 41.0705,  
28.8333

299.6080,  
350.6152, 310.4639

■ 20.9613, 28.3742,  
18.7103

■ 61.0458, 76.7909,  
58.8511

■ 13.2080, 18.6079,  
11.2864

■ 81.2334, 100.5838,  
79.5830

■ 7.6499, 11.3873,  
6.1432

■ 105.4430,  
128.8443, 104.6883

■ 3.9217, 6.3280,  
2.8622

134.0399,  
161.9568, 134.5854

■ 1.6579, 3.0455,  
1.0247

167.3895,  
200.3058, 169.6930

■ 0.4297, 1.1555,  
0.0000

205.8572,

■ 0.0000, 0.0249,

244.2756, 210.4296

0.0000

249.8082,  
294.2506, 257.2137

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.2751, 41.0705,  
28.8333

■ 31.2751, 41.0705,  
28.8333

■ 27.4200, 39.2199,  
22.5268

■ 35.8659, 43.2769,  
36.3416

■ 24.2595, 37.7018,  
17.3571

■ 41.2246, 45.8510,  
45.1066

■ 21.7532, 36.4979,  
13.2575

■ 47.3851, 48.8102,  
55.1832

■ 19.8552, 35.5862,  
10.1531

■ 54.3784, 52.1694,  
66.6221

■ 18.5140, 34.9419,  
7.9592

■ 62.2341, 55.9429,  
79.4714

■ 17.6692, 34.5361,  
6.5774

■ 70.9800, 60.1440,  
93.7769

■ 17.2348, 34.3275,  
5.8668

■ 76.4313, 62.7625,  
102.6938

■ 17.1413, 34.2825,  
5.7138

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1376, 41.0705, 22.3095



31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333



29.5233, 41.0705, 40.9620

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333



37.7015, 41.0705, 81.6534



49.5519, 41.0705, 34.1268

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333



36.9454, 30.7022, 49.3280

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.4004, 41.0705, 48.6985



31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333



43.2132, 41.0705, 78.6129

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333



33.0020, 41.0705, 73.1135



47.9857, 41.0705, 65.5736



45.7646, 41.0705, 24.8315



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333



29.6613, 41.0705, 51.6092



47.9857, 41.0705, 65.5736



50.2038, 41.0705, 38.4707

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2762, 41.0722, 28.8342



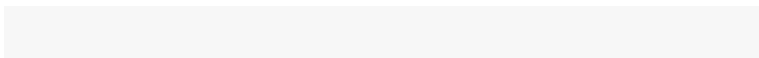
73.7337, 82.6364, 80.1389



41.2125, 46.1946, 29.2990



15.5660, 17.6564, 16.7374



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

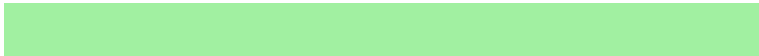


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2762, 41.0722, 28.8342



52.0869, 72.2383, 44.7316



33.2312, 41.8542, 39.1292



8.8904, 10.0601, 9.5801



11.8131, 23.6262, 3.9377



0.4164, 0.8329, 0.1388



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.9454, 30.7022, 49.3280



64.1918, 50.0960, 88.4902



34.5515, 29.7446, 36.7222



9.3810, 9.1628, 11.3536



19.5859, 9.4081, 32.0360



0.6905, 0.3317, 1.1294



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

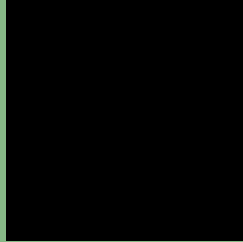
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2751, 41.0705,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333

### Protanopia

37.9876, 40.7516, 26.2858

### Deuteranopia

41.4161, 40.5280, 29.6846



## Tritanopia

36.6277, 41.1352, 55.2996

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333

## Protanomaly

35.0716, 40.6617, 27.1191

## Deuteranomaly

36.7575, 40.0459, 29.4592

## Tritanomaly

34.3922, 41.1202, 44.1546

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

33.1793, 38.0682, 35.3049

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 184, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 184, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 184, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 184, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 184, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 184, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 184, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 184, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 184, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 184,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.2751, 41.0705, 28.8333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 184, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
184, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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