

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.2230, 54.2322, 17.4470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.2230, 54.2322, 17.4470)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.2425, 54.3001,  
17.4286)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	55DD55
RGB	85, 221, 85
RGB Percent	33%, 87%, 33%
CMY	0.6667, 0.1333, 0.6667
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.62, 0.13
HSL	120°, 67%, 60%
HSV	120°, 62%, 87%
XYZ	31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286
YIQ	164.8320, -37.4000, -71.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

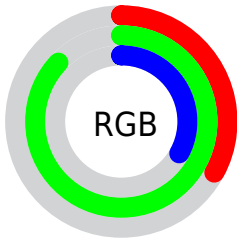
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	85, 221, 221
Decimal	5627221
CIELab	78.64, -62.85, 54.57
CIELCh	79, 83.235, 139.030
Yxy	54.3001, 0.3034, 0.5273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283817301 (0xFF55DD55)
YUV	164.8320, -39.3572, -70.0127
Hunter-Lab	73.6886, -53.2746, 37.5589

# Details

The XYZ color **31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **46.1200, 27.0905, 71.2058**, and the grayscale version is **35.8804, 37.7490, 41.1087**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.6329, 79.6800, 37.0318**, and **13.6647, 26.9941, 5.5888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.7956, 53.1264, 13.4253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.5925, 55.9109, 22.9072**.

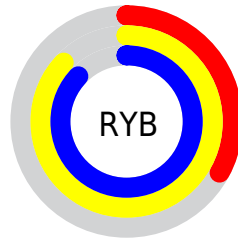
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (87%)

Blue (33%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (87%)

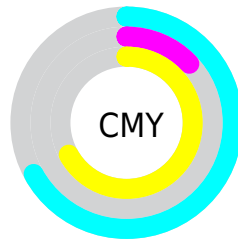


Cyan (62%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



31.2425, 54.3001,  
17.4286

31.2425, 54.3001,  
17.4286

299.4609,  
403.2534, 249.7573

20.9363, 38.8416,  
10.3754

60.9949, 96.5147,  
39.8619

13.1896, 26.6366,  
5.5397

81.1718, 124.0397,  
56.0791

7.6372, 17.3005,  
2.5030

105.3697,  
156.3556, 76.1880

3.9135, 10.4489,  
0.8418

133.9539,  
193.8469, 100.6072

1.6533, 5.6976,  
0.0000

167.2898,  
236.8979, 129.7552

0.4268, 2.6621,  
0.0000

205.7427,

0.0000, 0.9580,

285.8930, 164.0505

0.0000

249.6779,  
341.2167, 203.9117

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.2425, 54.3001,  
17.4286

■ 31.2425, 54.3001,  
17.4286

■ 28.7956, 53.1264,  
13.4253

■ 34.5925, 55.9109,  
22.9072

■ 27.1609, 52.3411,  
10.7512

■ 38.9175, 57.9884,  
29.9817

■ 26.2353, 51.8965,  
9.2372

■ 44.2869, 60.5676,  
38.7642

■ 25.8576, 51.7151,  
8.6193

■ 50.7623, 63.6781,  
49.3560

■ 58.4009, 67.3473,  
61.8502

■ 67.2557, 71.6007,  
76.3337

■ 77.3765, 76.4623,  
92.8880

■ 85.1475, 80.1951,  
105.5992

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.9794, 54.3001, 8.2061



31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



26.3929, 54.3001, 43.5226

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



45.8289, 54.3001, 199.8622



87.6090, 54.3001, 34.2564

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



46.1200, 27.0905, 71.2058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.2547, 54.3001, 78.0675



31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



62.6125, 54.3001, 192.5398

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



33.5437, 54.3001, 157.1337



79.3292, 54.3001, 140.5037



75.2203, 54.3001, 13.7413



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



26.2742, 54.3001, 74.4918



79.3292, 54.3001, 140.5037



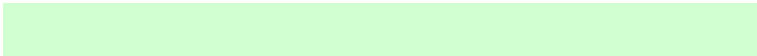
89.5226, 54.3001, 46.0293

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2438, 54.3024, 17.4298



73.6039, 89.6984, 73.8213



57.3173, 67.7438, 18.6495



15.1227, 18.8958, 14.7678



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2438, 54.3024, 17.4298



39.0194, 73.0856, 17.2517



35.3539, 55.9464, 39.0735



12.8866, 14.6063, 13.8657



15.0204, 30.0408, 5.0069



0.9731, 1.9462, 0.3244



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.1200, 27.0905, 71.2058



61.2552, 32.4113, 97.6321



38.8186, 24.1700, 32.7574



13.6144, 13.2749, 16.4968



24.9034, 11.9624, 40.7331

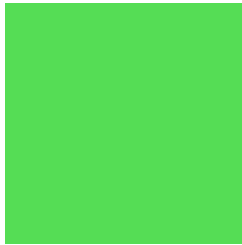


1.6134, 0.7750, 2.6389



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

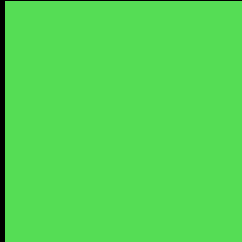
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286.



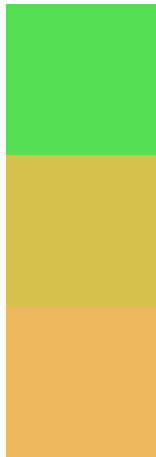
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2425, 54.3001,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286

### Protanopia

48.4339, 53.1228, 14.7222

### Deuteranopia

54.5117, 53.3027, 18.4817



## Tritanopia

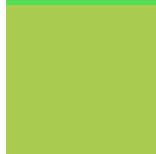
43.3751, 53.9294, 78.6443

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



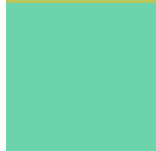
## Protanomaly

38.9524, 51.6159, 15.4993



## Deuteranomaly

41.1894, 50.6503, 17.7308



## Tritanomaly

37.1497, 53.2299, 47.8516

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286



## Achromatopsia

35.7637, 37.6262, 40.9749



## Achromatomaly

31.9462, 41.7097, 29.6596

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 221, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 221, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 221, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 221, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 221, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 221, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 221, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 221, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 221, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 221,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.2425, 54.3001, 17.4286 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 221, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 221,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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