

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.2648, 44.0005, 37.2340)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.2648, 44.0005, 37.2340)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(31.3089, 44.1048,  
37.4348)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CC29A
RGB	108, 194, 154
RGB Percent	42%, 76%, 60%
CMY	0.5765, 0.2392, 0.3961
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.21, 0.24
HSL	152°, 41%, 59%
HSV	152°, 44%, 76%
XYZ	31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348
YIQ	163.7260, -38.4160, -30.6720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

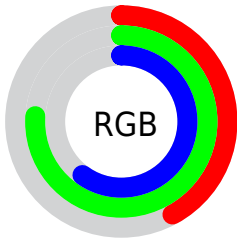
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">108, 164, 194</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7127706</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.30, -35.28, 12.13</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 37.310, 161.029</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.1048, 0.2774, 0.3908</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285317786</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF6CC29A</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">163.7260, -4.7949, -48.8717</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.4114, -32.0683, 13.0674</a>

# Details

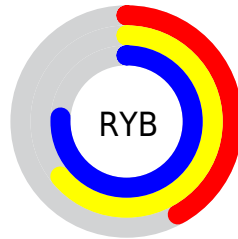
The XYZ color **31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **32.9575, 24.3337, 30.9786**, and the grayscale version is **35.1925, 37.0253, 40.3205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.9866, 81.3350, 72.1594**, and **13.2424, 20.4655, 16.0843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.4835, 42.7330, 33.5262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.7182, 45.7734, 41.6676**.

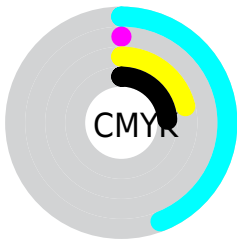
# Distribution



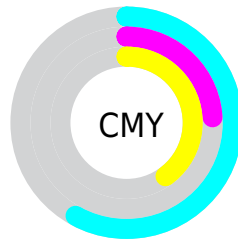
- Red (42%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.3089, 44.1048,  
37.4348


 31.3089, 44.1048,  
37.4348


299.7604,  
363.1358, 350.4144


 20.9872, 30.7529,  
25.2459


 61.0986, 81.3754,  
72.4348


 13.2270, 20.4108,  
16.0397

 81.2973, 106.0629,  
96.0830

 7.6631, 12.6940,  
9.3976


 105.5190,  
135.2978, 124.3879

 3.9301, 7.2182,  
4.9011

 134.1291,  
169.4643, 157.7683

 1.6627, 3.5989,  
2.1316

167.4929,  
208.9470, 196.6426

 0.4327, 1.4518,  
0.6345

205.9759,

 0.0000, 0.2545,

254.1302, 241.4294

0.0000

249.9433,  
305.3984, 292.5471

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.3089, 44.1048,  
37.4348

■ 31.3089, 44.1048,  
37.4348

■ 28.4835, 42.7330,  
33.5262

■ 34.7182, 45.7734,  
41.6676

■ 26.2018, 41.6340,  
29.9307

■ 38.7411, 47.7505,  
46.2294

■ 24.4244, 40.7887,  
26.6407


■ 43.4091, 50.0533,  
51.1286


■ 23.1042, 40.1730,  
23.6470


■ 48.7510, 52.6966,  
56.3726


■ 22.1846, 39.7579,  
20.9398


■ 54.7934, 55.6940,  
61.9682

 21.7794, 39.5799,  
19.5263

 61.5615, 59.0583,  
67.9222

 69.0794, 62.8019,  
74.2412

 74.2863, 65.3466,  
80.7872

 75.5591, 65.8557,  
87.4894

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.3370, 44.1048, 26.0082



31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



30.9465, 44.1048, 55.0991

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



44.3234, 44.1048, 91.6831



51.9253, 44.1048, 28.3739

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



32.9575, 24.3337, 30.9786

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.2227, 44.1048, 41.5796



31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



50.5452, 44.1048, 79.8857

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



38.0389, 44.1048, 89.7492



54.6934, 44.1048, 60.4394



46.0572, 44.1048, 21.7734



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



32.2186, 44.1048, 68.6191



54.6934, 44.1048, 60.4394



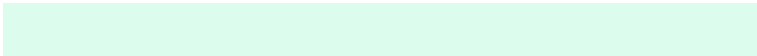
53.3969, 44.1048, 32.0247

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.3101, 44.1066, 37.4358



79.6688, 91.1872, 93.6645



34.2369, 45.9765, 21.2580



17.0002, 19.7485, 20.0589



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.3101, 44.1066, 37.4358



51.8298, 77.5283, 61.0718



34.5833, 44.4048, 57.7893



10.1646, 11.3469, 11.8699



14.3605, 26.0383, 13.0576



0.6550, 1.1389, 0.7461



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.9575, 24.3337, 30.9786



55.1922, 37.2219, 47.9301



30.6261, 23.8929, 17.1857



10.2638, 10.1541, 11.4795



15.8881, 8.0450, 7.3225



0.7213, 0.3615, 0.4995



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

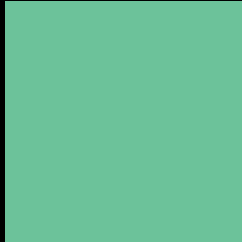
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.3089, 44.1048,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348

### Protanopia

40.8859, 43.5341, 33.0361

### Deuteranopia

44.4522, 43.5320, 38.8605



## Tritanopia

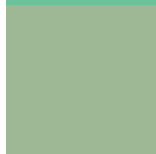
36.2955, 43.8455, 63.0500

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



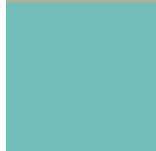
## Protanomaly

36.3793, 43.2742, 34.4523



## Deuteranomaly

38.1423, 42.8900, 38.1666



## Tritanomaly

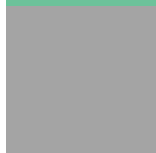
34.3729, 44.0427, 52.5884

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348



## Achromatopsia

35.2861, 37.1238, 40.4278



## Achromatomaly

33.1767, 39.1273, 39.0614

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 194, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 194, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 194, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 194, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 194, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 194, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 194, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 194, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 194, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 194,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.3089, 44.1048, 37.4348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 194, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
194, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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