

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.3044, 26.9395, 36.1611)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.3044, 26.9395, 36.1611)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.2108, 26.8258,  
36.3338)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD809F
RGB	173, 128, 159
RGB Percent	68%, 50%, 62%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4980, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.08, 0.32
HSL	319°, 22%, 59%
HSV	319°, 26%, 68%
XYZ	31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338
YIQ	144.9890, 16.8690, 19.1810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

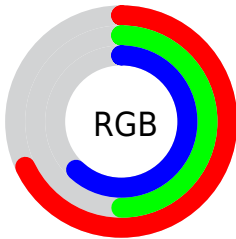
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	173, 128, 159
Decimal	11370655
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.81, 22.48, -9.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 24.501, 336.588
Yxy	26.8258, 0.3307, 0.2843
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289560735 (0xFFAD809F)
YUV	144.9890, 6.9074, 24.5656
Hunter-Lab	51.7936, 16.9251, -5.3370

# Details

The XYZ color **31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **28.7293, 36.4302, 31.1104**, and the grayscale version is **26.8779, 28.2776, 30.7943**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.9746, 54.5608, 70.9359**, and **13.1769, 10.5246, 15.5243** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.6870, 22.5091, 33.2381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.1413, 31.9225, 39.6660**.

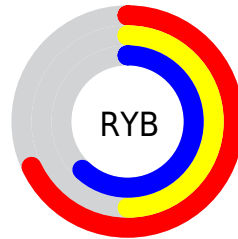
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (50%)

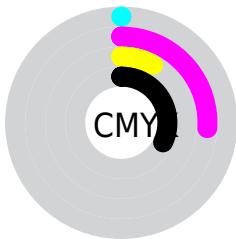
Blue (62%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (62%)

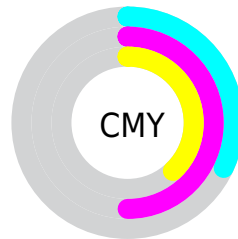


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.2108, 26.8258,  
36.3338

■ 31.2108, 26.8258,  
36.3338

299.3179,  
286.8127, 345.4986

■ 20.9120, 17.4424,  
24.4004

■ 60.9454, 54.6042,  
70.7218

■ 13.1718, 10.5504,  
15.4159

■ 81.1119, 73.7680,  
94.0135

■ 7.6248, 5.7654,  
8.9620

■ 105.2984, 96.9608,  
121.9283

■ 3.9056, 2.7030,  
4.6199

133.8702,  
124.5669, 154.8848

■ 1.6489, 0.9787,  
1.9712

167.1927,  
156.9708, 193.3015

■ 0.4239, 0.0000,  
0.5375

205.6313,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

194.5568, 237.5971

0.0000

249.5512,  
237.7093, 288.1899

■ 31.2108, 26.8258,  
36.3338

■ 31.2108, 26.8258,  
36.3338

■ 28.6870, 22.5091,  
33.2381

■ 34.1413, 31.9225,  
39.6660

■ 26.5477, 18.9297,  
30.3694

■ 37.4945, 37.8319,  
43.2405

■ 24.7722, 16.0463,  
27.7197

■ 41.2883, 44.5893,  
47.0646

■ 23.3369, 13.8118,  
25.2800

■ 45.5390, 52.2268,  
51.1451

■ 22.2151, 12.1736,  
23.0400

■ 50.2621, 60.7748,  
55.4883

■ 21.3762, 11.0707,  
20.9881

■ 55.4722, 70.2624,  
60.1001

■ 20.7797, 10.4226,  
19.1094

■ 61.1833, 80.7171,  
64.9864

■ 20.5740, 10.2205,  
18.3960

■ 63.6619, 84.6716,  
68.9038

■ 64.3108, 84.9312,  
72.3210

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1204, 26.8258, 44.7149



31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338



31.7171, 26.8258, 27.3405

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338



24.8361, 26.8258, 15.5981



21.1096, 26.8258, 40.2952

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338



28.7293, 36.4302, 31.1104

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.1486, 26.8258, 31.1602



31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338



22.1875, 26.8258, 17.7791

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338



27.8767, 26.8258, 16.4425



20.5271, 26.8258, 23.0819



23.2569, 26.8258, 47.2996



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338



31.0553, 26.8258, 22.3746



20.5271, 26.8258, 23.0819



20.6452, 26.8258, 37.3095

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2116, 26.8270, 36.3344



65.8057, 65.3746, 76.0401



26.3329, 24.1635, 42.8118



14.1040, 13.8592, 16.3178



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2116, 26.8270, 36.3344



53.3091, 43.5996, 61.9535



29.4691, 26.1300, 27.1586



8.2294, 8.1050, 9.5187



15.1411, 7.5190, 13.6542



0.4443, 0.2184, 0.5015



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.2116, 26.8270, 36.3344



53.3091, 43.5996, 61.9535



30.5475, 37.1574, 40.6848



8.2294, 8.1050, 9.5187



15.1411, 7.5190, 13.6542

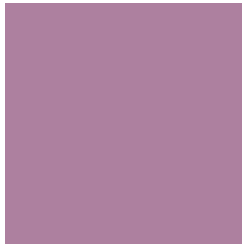


0.4443, 0.2184, 0.5015



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

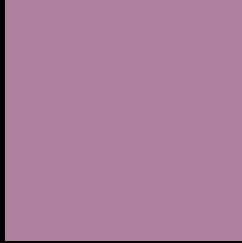
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2108, 26.8258,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338

### Protanopia

26.6533, 27.0740, 40.3802

### Deuteranopia

27.3870, 26.9072, 35.6484



## Tritanopia

29.7186, 26.8136, 28.8085

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338

## Protanomaly

27.8994, 26.6782, 38.8009

## Deuteranomaly

28.6013, 26.6869, 35.9914

## Tritanomaly

30.3412, 26.8740, 31.6050

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338

## Achromatopsia

26.9133, 28.3149, 30.8349

## Achromatomaly

28.2552, 27.6358, 32.6992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 128, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 128, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 128, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 128, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 128, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 128, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 128, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 128, 159); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 128, 159); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 128, 159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.2108, 26.8258, 36.3338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 128, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
128, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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