

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.3602, 26.0086, 20.6180)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.3602, 26.0086, 20.6180)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.3426, 25.9299,  
20.4926)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BE7976
RGB	190, 121, 118
RGB Percent	75%, 47%, 46%
CMY	0.2549, 0.5255, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.38, 0.25
HSL	3°, 36%, 60%
HSV	3°, 38%, 75%
XYZ	31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926
YIQ	141.2890, 42.0870, 13.6950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

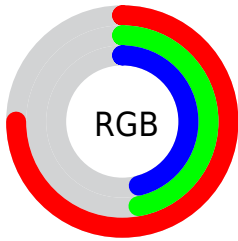
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	190, 121, 118
Decimal	12482934
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.97, 26.60, 12.92
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 29.571, 25.908
Yxy	25.9299, 0.4030, 0.3334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290673014 (0xFFBE7976)
YUV	141.2890, -11.4815, 42.7195
Hunter-Lab	50.9214, 20.7559, 11.7846

# Details

The XYZ color **31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **34.5351, 43.1083, 55.2157**, and the grayscale version is **25.4636, 26.7897, 29.1740**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1032, 53.1308, 45.0650**, and **13.1902, 10.0170, 7.0326** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.3176, 21.5084, 14.4637**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.0140, 31.2801, 27.8595**.

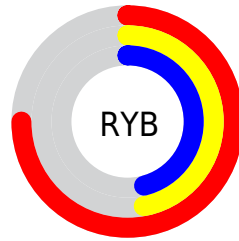
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (47%)

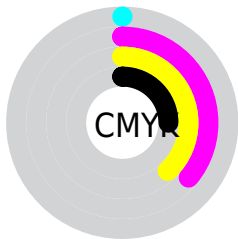
Blue (46%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (46%)

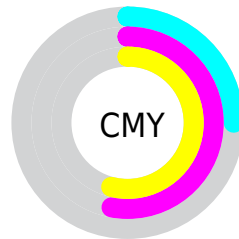


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.3426, 25.9299,  
20.4926


 31.3426, 25.9299,  
20.4926


299.9124,  
282.4378, 267.2614


 21.0130, 16.7712,  
12.5660


 61.1512, 53.1618,  
45.1113

 13.2460, 10.0715,  
7.0032

 81.3610, 72.0039,  
62.6405

 7.6763, 5.4464,  
3.3856

 105.5948, 94.8425,  
84.2076

 3.9386, 2.5115,  
1.2947

134.2180,  
122.0620, 110.2313

 1.6675, 0.8824,  
0.0575

167.5960,  
154.0469, 141.1299

 0.4358, 0.0000,  
0.0000

206.0942,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

191.1816, 177.3221

0.0000

250.0778,  
233.8504, 219.2264

■ 31.3426, 25.9299,  
20.4926

■ 31.3426, 25.9299,  
20.4926

■ 28.3176, 21.5084,  
14.4637

■ 35.0140, 31.2801,  
27.8595

■ 25.8996, 17.9591,  
9.6910

■ 39.3641, 37.6037,  
36.6365

■ 24.0482, 15.2255,  
6.0863


■ 44.4254, 44.9469,  
46.8921


■ 22.7173, 13.2427,  
3.5493


■ 50.2278, 53.3520,  
58.6902

■ 21.8534, 11.9360,  
1.9627


■ 56.7994, 62.8589,  
72.0908

 21.3857, 11.2131,  
1.1521

 64.1669, 73.5055,  
87.1507

 21.3213, 11.1192,  
1.0225

 72.3557, 85.3277,  
103.9240

 75.0452, 89.6872,  
107.9638

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.1376, 25.9299, 29.6581



31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926



28.6926, 25.9299, 14.8927

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926



19.3918, 25.9299, 18.5938



24.1594, 25.9299, 52.7015

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926



34.5351, 43.1083, 55.2157

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.9982, 25.9299, 47.8195



31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926



18.4190, 25.9299, 26.8548

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926



21.7693, 25.9299, 13.9963



18.9777, 25.9299, 37.7124



27.7647, 25.9299, 49.8387



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926



26.3532, 25.9299, 13.1480



18.9777, 25.9299, 37.7124



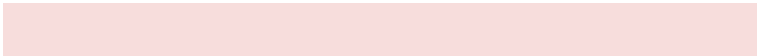
23.0134, 25.9299, 51.8856

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.3433, 25.9312, 20.4931



77.3479, 76.8718, 78.5695



36.7478, 27.5179, 50.7259



16.7044, 16.4735, 16.6846



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.3433, 25.9312, 20.4931



52.4070, 40.5741, 28.3778



36.4611, 36.1668, 22.1990



9.5612, 9.5985, 9.9254



14.1918, 7.4224, 0.6847



0.5670, 0.3128, 0.0305



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5351, 43.1083, 55.2157



58.9654, 75.9001, 99.8215



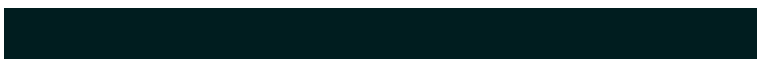
27.9291, 29.8964, 53.0138



9.7735, 10.7394, 12.2300



17.3280, 24.7677, 36.2603

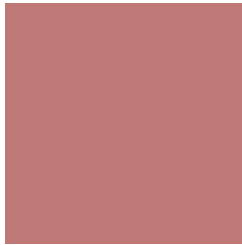


0.6894, 0.9915, 1.4239



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

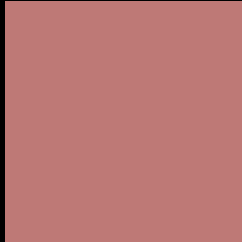
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

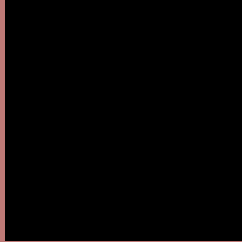
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.3426, 25.9299,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926

### Protanopia

24.7404, 26.0173, 23.7966

### Deuteranopia

26.5778, 25.9925, 20.1393



## Tritanopia

31.9790, 25.8285, 23.7220

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926

## Protanomaly

26.5873, 25.5348, 22.5962

## Deuteranomaly

28.0744, 25.7555, 20.3213

## Tritanomaly

31.8404, 25.9645, 22.4023

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

27.0568, 26.1146, 25.8049

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 121, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 121, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 121, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 121, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 121, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 121, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 121, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 121, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 121, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 121,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.3426, 25.9299, 20.4926 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 121, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
121, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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