

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.4158, 13.6300, 54.0727)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.4158, 13.6300, 54.0727)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.3262, 15.5006,  
54.1114)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C200C5
RGB	194, 0, 197
RGB Percent	76%, 0%, 77%
CMY	0.2392, 0.9999, 0.2275
CMYK	0.02, 1.00, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	299°, 100%, 39%
HSV	299°, 100%, 77%
XYZ	32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114
YIQ	80.4640, 52.3870, 102.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

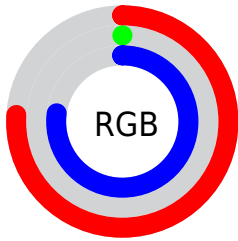
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 0, 197
Decimal	12714181
CIELab	46.31, 80.43, -50.98
CIElCh	46, 95.224, 327.629
Yxy	15.5006, 0.3171, 0.1521
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290904261 (0xFFC200C5)
YUV	80.4640, 57.4522, 99.5711
Hunter-Lab	39.3708, 77.6622, -53.9289

# Details

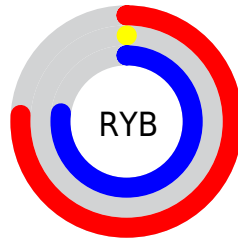
The XYZ color **32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **20.0043, 39.9522, 6.6580**, and the grayscale version is **7.6027, 7.9986, 8.7105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.4186, 35.5389, 97.3358**, and **14.8742, 7.1039, 26.1784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.3265, 15.5007, 54.1116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.6490, 16.0312, 54.1970**.

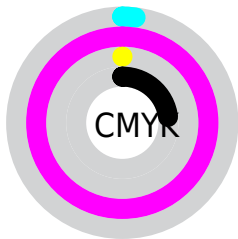
# Distribution



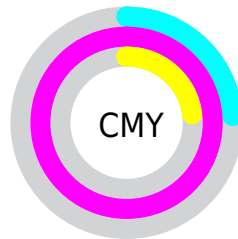
- Red (76%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.3262, 15.5006,  
54.1114


 32.3262, 15.5006,  
54.1114


304.3215,  
226.3765, 419.7213

 21.7675, 9.1715,  
38.2969


 62.6839, 35.7290,  
97.6958


 13.8018, 4.8532,  
25.9096


 83.2136, 50.3971,  
126.3029

 8.0637, 2.1614,  
16.5309


 107.7977, 68.6136,  
160.0113

 4.1879, 0.6988,  
9.7422

 136.8015, 90.7630,  
199.2395

 1.8090, 0.0000,  
5.1250

 170.5905,  
117.2295, 244.4060

 0.5231, 0.0000,  
2.2608

 209.5299,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

148.3977, 295.9295

0.7091

253.9851,  
184.6519, 354.2284

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 32.3262, 15.5006,  
54.1114

■ 32.3262, 15.5006,  
54.1114

■ 32.3265, 15.5007,  
54.1116

■ 32.6490, 16.0312,  
54.1970

■ 33.2204, 17.0595,  
54.3654

■ 34.1287, 18.7611,  
54.6459

■ 35.4192, 21.2271,  
55.0539

■ 37.1305, 24.5344,  
55.6021

■ 39.2964, 28.7505,  
56.3017

■ 41.9472, 33.9363,  
57.1630

■ 45.1106, 40.1472,  
58.1951

■ 48.8124, 47.4346,  
59.4066

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.2598, 15.5006, 96.0334



32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



36.5903, 15.5006, 18.8034

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



15.3908, 15.5006, 0.0000



4.7539, 15.5006, 47.4150

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



20.0043, 39.9522, 6.6580

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.9675, 15.5006, 15.0878



32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



8.5954, 15.5006, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



24.8160, 15.5006, 0.0000



5.0655, 15.5006, 2.4485



7.8348, 15.5006, 90.2357



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



35.2813, 15.5006, 6.6083



5.0655, 15.5006, 2.4485



4.2765, 15.5006, 34.4430

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.3268, 15.5013, 54.1117



74.8829, 60.2999, 102.3000



10.1143, 4.1032, 53.0824



15.5735, 12.0166, 21.7486



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.3268, 15.5013, 54.1117



57.8761, 27.7511, 96.9138



25.4145, 12.8262, 13.6536



11.0665, 10.8081, 13.4204



21.2694, 10.1990, 35.5919



1.0123, 0.4856, 1.6855



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.0429, 11.8775, 1.1650



41.2613, 21.2685, 2.0420



22.0427, 40.7632, 17.5878



10.6403, 10.6395, 11.0892



15.1589, 7.8131, 0.7805



0.7201, 0.3709, 0.0492



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

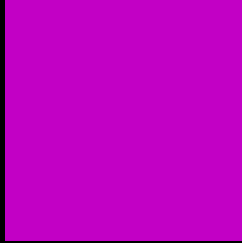
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

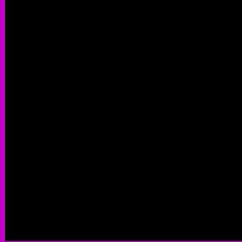
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3262, 15.5006,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114

### Protanopia

19.3662, 16.3266, 75.5294

### Deuteranopia

16.6010, 16.1479, 48.1408



## Tritanopia

23.2329, 15.7407, 9.7964

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



## Protanomaly

17.2510, 10.6056, 66.7835



## Deuteranomaly

17.9941, 11.5601, 49.4270



## Tritanomaly

24.9861, 14.0910, 20.4717

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114



## Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359



## Achromatomaly

12.6441, 7.8627, 19.5901

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 0, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 0, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 0, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 0, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 0, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 0, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 0, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 0, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 0, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 0,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 0, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194, 0,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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