

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.4853, 28.8433, 36.3721)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.4853, 28.8433, 36.3721)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(31.4794, 28.7950,  
36.2466)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9899E
RGB	169, 137, 158
RGB Percent	66%, 54%, 62%
CMY	0.3373, 0.4627, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.07, 0.34
HSL	321°, 16%, 60%
HSV	321°, 19%, 66%
XYZ	31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466
YIQ	148.9620, 12.3310, 13.3150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

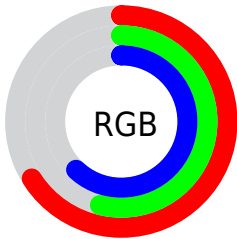
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	169, 137, 158
Decimal	11110814
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.60, 15.77, -6.54
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 17.069, 337.463
Yxy	28.7950, 0.3261, 0.2983
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289300894 (0xFFA9899E)
YUV	148.9620, 4.4557, 17.5733
Hunter-Lab	53.6610, 10.8076, -2.4862

# Details

The XYZ color **31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **29.8509, 35.8332, 33.3618**, and the grayscale version is **28.5300, 30.0158, 32.6872**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.3815, 57.9130, 70.8940**, and **13.3982, 11.6598, 15.4543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.7745, 24.1664, 32.9358**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.5859, 34.1882, 39.8086**.

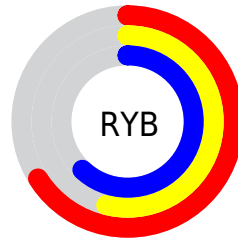
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (54%)

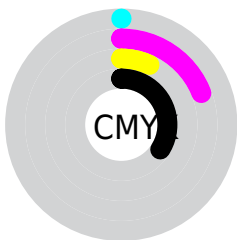
Blue (62%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (62%)

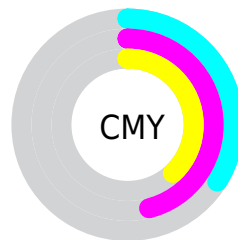


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.4794, 28.7950,  
36.2466


 31.4794, 28.7950,  
36.2466


300.5285,  
296.2465, 345.1071


 21.1178, 18.9258,  
24.3335


 61.3648, 57.7512,  
70.5858

 13.3231, 11.6167,  
15.3667


 81.6192, 77.6070,  
93.8491

 7.7299, 6.4832,  
8.9277


 105.9021,  
101.5605, 121.7328

 3.9730, 3.1411,  
4.5979

134.5785,  
129.9960, 154.6555

 1.6869, 1.2058,  
1.9587

168.0141,  
163.2980, 193.0357

 0.4480, 0.0665,  
0.5297

206.5740,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

201.8508, 237.2920

0.0000

250.6237,  
246.0388, 287.8430

■ 31.4794, 28.7950,  
36.2466

■ 31.4794, 28.7950,  
36.2466

■ 28.7745, 24.1664,  
32.9358

■ 34.5859, 34.1882,  
39.8086

■ 26.4509, 20.2634,  
29.8669

■ 38.1082, 40.3750,  
43.6270

■ 24.4903, 17.0497,  
27.0324

■ 42.0627, 47.3875,  
47.7094

■ 22.8718, 14.4838,  
24.4238

■ 46.4644, 55.2549,  
52.0620

■ 21.5722, 12.5200,  
22.0315

■ 51.3273, 64.0049,  
56.6911

■ 20.5653, 11.1066,  
19.8452

■ 56.6649, 73.6641,  
61.6026

■ 19.8206, 10.1830,  
17.8528

■ 62.3929, 84.0633,  
66.7699

■ 19.2800, 9.6335,  
16.0332

■ 63.0792, 84.3378,  
70.3836

■ 19.2262, 9.5806,  
15.8464

■ 63.7914, 84.6227,  
74.1343

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.0326, 28.7950, 42.0254



31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466



31.7968, 28.7950, 29.8002

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466



26.8211, 28.7950, 20.7783



24.1360, 28.7950, 39.3434

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466



29.8509, 35.8332, 33.3618

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.3722, 28.7950, 32.9585



31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466



24.8673, 28.7950, 22.6600

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466



29.0281, 28.7950, 21.4120



23.6326, 28.7950, 26.9207



25.7740, 28.7950, 43.9743



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466



31.3104, 28.7950, 26.0742



23.6326, 28.7950, 26.9207



23.7727, 28.7950, 37.2998

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.4802, 28.7963, 36.2472



63.6463, 64.2125, 73.1792



28.2608, 27.0223, 41.2628



13.7902, 13.8521, 15.8599



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.4802, 28.7963, 36.2472



54.1218, 47.6933, 62.2055



30.2164, 28.2908, 29.5921



7.7307, 7.6221, 8.8990



14.3549, 7.1507, 11.9462



0.3719, 0.1830, 0.4097



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.4802, 28.7963, 36.2472



54.1218, 47.6933, 62.2055



31.1762, 36.3633, 40.3406



7.7307, 7.6221, 8.8990



14.3549, 7.1507, 11.9462

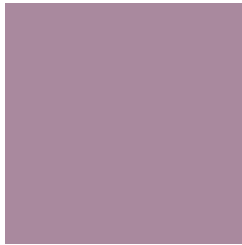


0.3719, 0.1830, 0.4097



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

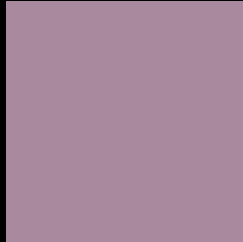
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.4794, 28.7950,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466

### Protanopia

28.2379, 28.8244, 38.7257

### Deuteranopia

29.4691, 28.8482, 35.9134



## Tritanopia

30.6617, 28.6717, 32.3519

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466

## Protanomaly

29.2429, 28.6915, 37.7150

## Deuteranomaly

30.1618, 28.7676, 35.8613

## Tritanomaly

30.9044, 28.7688, 33.6299

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466

## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

## Achromatomaly

29.5032, 29.5857, 33.8614

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 137, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 137, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 137, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 137, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 137, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 137, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 137, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 137, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 137, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 137,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.4794, 28.7950, 36.2466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 137, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
137, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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