

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.4993, 62.3640, 10.3773)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.4993, 62.3640, 10.3773)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.5861, 62.5398,  
10.4066)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1AF000
RGB	26, 240, 0
RGB Percent	10%, 94%, 0%
CMY	0.8980, 0.0588, 0.9999
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 1.00, 0.06
HSL	114°, 100%, 47%
HSV	114°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066
YIQ	148.6540, -50.5040, -120.0080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

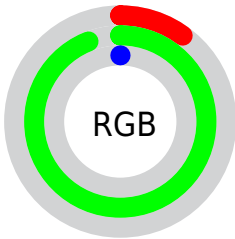
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 240, 214</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1765376</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.20, -81.26, 79.59</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 113.742, 135.593</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">62.5398, 0.3022, 0.5983</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279955456 (0xFF1AF000)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">148.6540, -73.2864, -107.5676</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.0821, -67.0992, 47.5554</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **43.4715, 20.5940, 84.1253**, and the grayscale version is **28.7378, 30.2345, 32.9253**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.4483, 76.3062, 21.7844**, and **16.7279, 33.4559, 5.5760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.5866, 62.5419, 10.4070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.5176, 63.0028, 11.3129**.

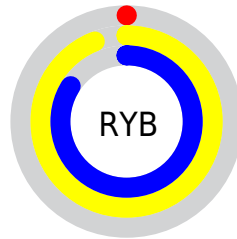
# Distribution



Red (10%)

Green (94%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (84%)

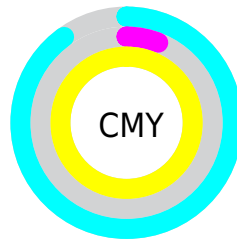


Cyan (89%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (90%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.5861, 62.5398,  
10.4066


 31.5861, 62.5398,  
10.4066


301.0084,  
433.8974, 204.1390


 21.1996, 45.4690,  
5.5603


 61.5312, 108.5053,  
27.1772


 13.3832, 31.8270,  
2.5152


 81.8206, 138.1688,  
39.9385


 7.7718, 21.2294,  
0.8482


 106.1415,  
172.7987, 56.1753

 3.9998, 13.2918,  
0.0000

 134.8595,  
212.7793, 76.3060

 1.7020, 7.6298,  
0.0000

 168.3398,  
258.4951, 100.7491

 0.4576, 3.8590,  
0.0000

 206.9478,

 0.0000, 1.5950,

310.3305, 129.9234

0.0000

251.0489,  
368.6698, 164.2471

■ 0.0000, 0.3542,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.5861, 62.5398,  
10.4066

■ 31.5861, 62.5398,  
10.4066

■ 31.5866, 62.5419,  
10.4070

■ 32.5176, 63.0028,  
11.3129

■ 34.1361, 63.7946,  
13.3144

■ 36.5691, 64.9753,  
16.7509

■ 39.9073, 66.5873,  
21.8240

■ 44.2292, 68.6676,  
28.7035

■ 49.6047, 71.2488,  
37.5378

■ 56.0973, 74.3608,  
48.4598

■ 63.7653, 78.0311,  
61.5911

■ 72.6631, 82.2853,  
77.0437

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.5814, 62.5398, 3.1624



31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



24.3181, 62.5398, 39.5771

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



48.4032, 62.5398, 302.6297



117.8401, 62.5398, 37.7166

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



43.4715, 20.5940, 84.1253

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118.2413, 62.5398, 107.7999



31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



73.1265, 62.5398, 300.6679

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



32.0435, 62.5398, 218.5580



100.1780, 62.5398, 214.2627



99.1986, 62.5398, 9.8489



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



23.6270, 62.5398, 82.2115



100.1780, 62.5398, 214.2627



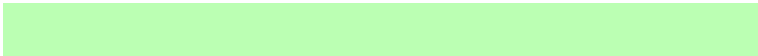
120.2551, 62.5398, 55.6950

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.5875, 62.5424, 10.4080



64.2855, 85.2913, 55.4578



59.4822, 65.6169, 9.5312



13.0521, 17.9168, 10.6734



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.5875, 62.5424, 10.4080



36.2278, 71.7612, 11.9419



33.0945, 63.0960, 20.5648



15.7246, 17.7382, 16.7448



17.3433, 34.2624, 5.6992



1.4950, 2.8772, 0.4766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.4715, 20.5940, 84.1253



49.8569, 23.6171, 96.5385



41.2835, 20.6653, 29.8363



16.2760, 15.9395, 19.9404



23.8646, 11.3080, 46.0527

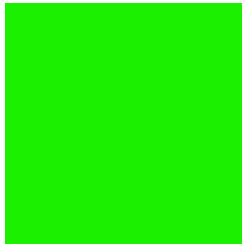


2.0331, 0.9654, 3.8334



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

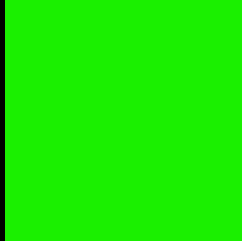
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

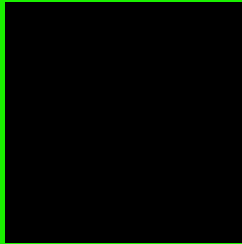
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.5861, 62.5398,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066

### Protanopia

55.0263, 61.1315, 8.8994

### Deuteranopia

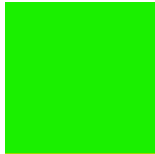
62.0251, 60.7982, 15.1228



## Tritanopia

47.8584, 62.0098, 92.6658

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



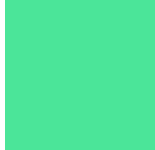
## Protanomaly

38.7817, 57.2107, 8.9988



## Deuteranomaly

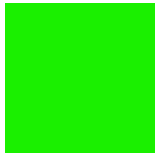
40.8410, 55.5726, 11.3703



## Tritanomaly

36.6707, 59.8344, 39.7534

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066



## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292



## Achromatomaly

24.5024, 37.2252, 16.7202

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 240, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(26, 240, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 240, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 240, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 240, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 240, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 240, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 240, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 240, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 240, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.5861, 62.5398, 10.4066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 240, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 240,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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