

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.5103, 36.0208, 23.3803)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.5103, 36.0208, 23.3803)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.5846, 36.1265,  
23.3976)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0A679
RGB	160, 166, 121
RGB Percent	63%, 65%, 47%
CMY	0.3725, 0.3490, 0.5255
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.27, 0.35
HSL	68°, 20%, 56%
HSV	68°, 27%, 65%
XYZ	31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976
YIQ	159.0760, 10.8690, -15.2670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

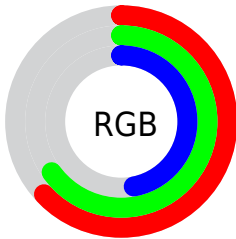
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 166, 127
Decimal	10528377
CIELab	66.62, -9.78, 22.65
CIELCh	67, 24.671, 113.359
Yxy	36.1265, 0.3467, 0.3965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288718457 (0xFFA0A679)
YUV	159.0760, -18.7715, 0.8103
Hunter-Lab	60.1053, -11.3848, 18.9935

# Details

The XYZ color **31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **22.4741, 20.9409, 38.9359**, and the grayscale version is **33.0699, 34.7921, 37.8886**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.5208, 69.2160, 50.1619**, and **13.3714, 15.6907, 8.4547** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2145, 35.5290, 18.4691**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.1397, 36.8014, 29.2507**.

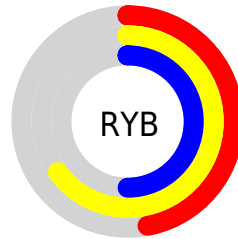
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (65%)

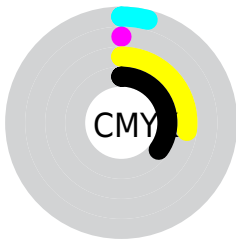
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (50%)

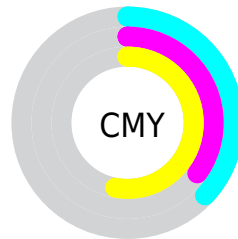


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.5846, 36.1265,  
23.3976

■ 31.5846, 36.1265,  
23.3976

301.0016,  
329.5131, 282.9484

■ 21.1984, 24.5319,  
14.6793

■ 61.5289, 69.2273,  
49.9768

■ 13.3824, 15.7287,  
8.4505

■ 81.8177, 91.5022,  
68.6748

■ 7.7712, 9.3324,  
4.2927

■ 106.1382,  
118.1061, 91.5365

■ 3.9995, 4.9586,  
1.7872

134.8555,  
149.4233, 118.9803

■ 1.7018, 2.2230,  
0.4195

168.3352,  
185.8382, 151.4249

■ 0.4574, 0.7325,  
0.0000

206.9425,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

227.7352, 189.2887

0.0000

251.0429,  
275.4987, 232.9904

■ 31.5846, 36.1265,  
23.3976

■ 31.5846, 36.1265,  
23.3976

■ 30.2145, 35.5290,  
18.4691

■ 33.1397, 36.8014,  
29.2507

■ 29.0176, 35.0004,  
14.4157

■ 34.8853, 37.5521,  
36.0700

■ 27.9849, 34.5385,  
11.1866

■ 36.8302, 38.3836,  
43.8973

■ 27.1057, 34.1388,  
8.7252

■ 38.9819, 39.2986,  
52.7712

■ 26.3678, 33.7966,  
6.9673

■ 41.3472, 40.3000,  
62.7286

■ 25.7571, 33.5060,  
5.8388

■ 43.9330, 41.3906,  
73.8041

■ 25.2519, 33.2586,  
5.2264

■ 46.7454, 42.5727,  
86.0312

■ 25.1136, 33.1904,  
5.0828

■ 49.7907, 43.8489,  
99.4418

■ 50.4938, 44.1893,  
100.4758

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1691, 36.1265, 22.3266



31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976



28.9233, 36.1265, 28.3553

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976



30.2518, 36.1265, 58.1199



41.9248, 36.1265, 41.7469

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976



22.4741, 20.9409, 38.9359

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.3876, 36.1265, 52.8375



31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976



33.5184, 36.1265, 63.3298

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976



28.1934, 36.1265, 48.0085



37.2452, 36.1265, 61.2404



41.3143, 36.1265, 31.7757



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976



27.9433, 36.1265, 33.7681



37.2452, 36.1265, 61.2404



41.6387, 36.1265, 45.4838

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.5855, 36.1281, 23.3984



62.9641, 68.0014, 64.0898



26.7677, 24.6672, 21.4401



13.9825, 15.1712, 13.9170



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.5855, 36.1281, 23.3984



55.6665, 64.8434, 36.4602



27.4874, 34.0154, 23.2066



8.0470, 8.7223, 8.0487



19.5016, 25.7507, 3.9425



0.5008, 0.6401, 0.0972



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.4741, 20.9409, 38.9359



36.1239, 32.2610, 69.7983



26.2074, 22.8655, 39.1106



7.2214, 7.3468, 9.4558



5.6205, 2.2809, 28.1195



0.1639, 0.0695, 0.6854



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

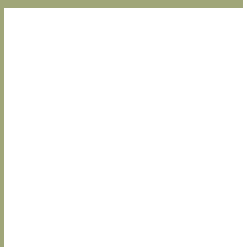
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.5846, 36.1265,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976

### Protanopia

33.7057, 36.1712, 22.6580

### Deuteranopia

36.5317, 35.8199, 23.7274



## **Tritanopia**

35.7809, 35.9903, 44.0907

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976

## Protanomaly

32.8495, 35.9855, 22.9838

## Deuteranomaly

34.5014, 35.7851, 23.5012

## Tritanomaly

33.9799, 36.0331, 35.3011

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

32.3292, 35.2559, 31.8892

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 166, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 166, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 166, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 166, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 166, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 166, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 166, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 166, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 166, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 166,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.5846, 36.1265, 23.3976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 166, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
166, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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