

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.5644, 37.7491, 45.4654)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.5644, 37.7491, 45.4654)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.6781, 37.9173,  
45.6936)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80AEAE
RGB	128, 174, 174
RGB Percent	50%, 68%, 68%
CMY	0.4980, 0.3176, 0.3176
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	180°, 22%, 59%
HSV	180°, 26%, 68%
XYZ	31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936
YIQ	160.2460, -27.4160, -9.7520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

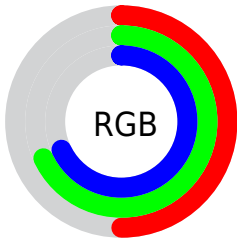
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	128, 151, 174
Decimal	8433326
CIE Lab	67.96, -15.23, -4.98
CIE LCh	68, 16.023, 198.103
Yxy	37.9173, 0.2748, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286623406 (0xFF80AEAE)
YUV	160.2460, 6.7807, -28.2797
Hunter-Lab	61.5770, -15.9310, -0.8926

# Details

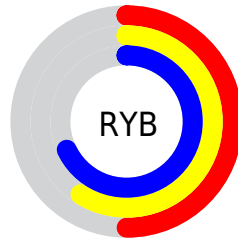
The XYZ color **31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **29.0723, 25.9965, 23.9090**, and the grayscale version is **33.5067, 35.2516, 38.3890**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.7311, 72.1959, 84.8104**, and **13.5330, 16.9020, 20.9615** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.2823, 36.6832, 45.5819**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.5250, 39.3859, 45.8281**.

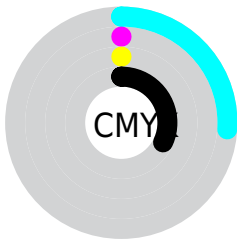
# Distribution



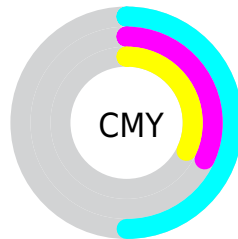
- Red (50%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.6781, 37.9173,  
45.6936


 31.6781, 37.9173,  
45.6936


301.4217,  
337.2651, 385.8172


 21.2701, 25.9185,  
31.6572


 61.6747, 71.9814,  
85.0897

 13.4352, 16.7627,  
20.8371


 81.9940, 94.8154,  
111.2865

 7.8079, 10.0654,  
12.8149


 106.3479,  
122.0300, 142.3738

 4.0231, 5.4424,  
7.1720

135.1015,  
154.0096, 178.7701

 1.7152, 2.5091,  
3.4898

168.6204,  
191.1385, 220.8941

 0.4658, 0.8812,  
1.3499

207.2698,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

233.8011, 269.1643

0.1021

251.4151,  
282.3818, 323.9991

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.6781, 37.9173,  
45.6936

■ 31.6781, 37.9173,  
45.6936

■ 29.2823, 36.6832,  
45.5819

■ 34.5250, 39.3859,  
45.8281

■ 27.3113, 35.6671,  
45.4892

■ 37.8409, 41.0953,  
45.9837

■ 25.7413, 34.8578,  
45.4153

■ 41.6468, 43.0573,  
46.1622

■ 24.5448, 34.2410,  
45.3589

■ 45.9614, 45.2815,  
46.3645

■ 23.6909, 33.8008,  
45.3185

■ 50.8026, 47.7773,  
46.5915

■ 23.1436, 33.5186,  
45.2925

■ 56.1873, 50.5532,  
46.8439

■ 22.8539, 33.3693,  
45.2785

■ 62.1317, 53.6176,  
47.1225

■ 22.7762, 33.3293,  
45.2748

■ 64.0175, 54.5897,  
47.2112

■ 64.0176, 54.5898,  
47.2116

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.5552, 37.9173, 38.5233



31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936



32.9362, 37.9173, 52.3539

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936



39.7211, 37.9173, 51.1338



37.0351, 37.9173, 29.2711

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936



29.0723, 25.9965, 23.9090

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.3314, 37.9173, 31.8986



31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936



40.9292, 37.9173, 44.1766

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936



37.5473, 37.9173, 55.7352



40.7834, 37.9173, 37.1704



34.5722, 37.9173, 29.5776



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936



34.2834, 37.9173, 55.3569



40.7834, 37.9173, 37.1704



37.8541, 37.9173, 29.8269

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.6792, 37.9188, 45.6945



67.5498, 73.9793, 83.3554



28.0513, 36.4810, 25.9858



14.8075, 16.3364, 18.5170



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.6792, 37.9188, 45.6945



54.7017, 67.3560, 82.7523



27.7335, 30.0272, 44.3803



8.2363, 9.0721, 10.2696



16.5191, 24.1729, 32.8367



0.4595, 0.6725, 0.9135



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0723, 25.9965, 23.9090



49.1325, 41.8858, 36.2111



32.2968, 32.4457, 24.9832



8.0053, 8.0154, 8.3386



12.6607, 6.5268, 0.5927



0.3522, 0.1816, 0.0165



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

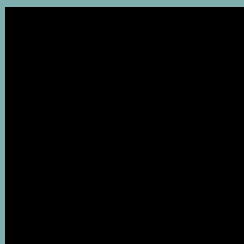
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

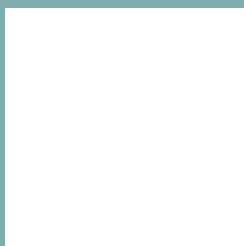
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936.



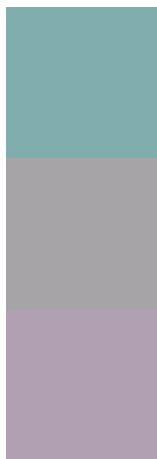
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.6781, 37.9173,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936

### Protanopia

36.2797, 37.5936, 42.3899

### Deuteranopia

38.4111, 37.5460, 46.8176



## Tritanopia

32.9755, 37.8755, 52.0271

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936

## Protanomaly

34.3952, 37.6798, 43.4903

## Deuteranomaly

35.5897, 37.4158, 46.4205

## Tritanomaly

32.5930, 38.0104, 49.8749

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

32.4594, 35.9228, 40.8203

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 174, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 174, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 174, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 174, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 174, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 174, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 174, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 174, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 174, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 174,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.6781, 37.9173, 45.6936 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 174, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
174, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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