

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.6134, 18.3566, 24.3423)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.6134, 18.3566, 24.3423)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.7578, 18.4319,  
24.4381)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CF3E86
RGB	207, 62, 134
RGB Percent	81%, 24%, 53%
CMY	0.1882, 0.7568, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.35, 0.19
HSL	330°, 60%, 53%
HSV	330°, 70%, 81%
XYZ	31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381
YIQ	113.5630, 63.3080, 53.1320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

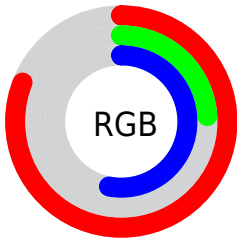
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 62, 134
Decimal	13581958
CIE Lab	50.02, 62.40, -7.72
CIE LCh	50, 62.881, 352.945
Yxy	18.4319, 0.4255, 0.2470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291772038 (0xFFCF3E86)
YUV	113.5630, 10.0754, 81.9442
Hunter-Lab	42.9324, 56.9077, -3.6966

# Details

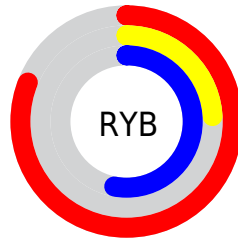
The XYZ color **31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **28.6738, 47.3996, 30.5627**, and the grayscale version is **15.8223, 16.6463, 18.1278**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.9261, 38.2808, 51.4023**, and **13.8130, 6.9360, 8.9983** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.1473, 16.3173, 20.4899**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.8696, 21.4341, 28.9072**.

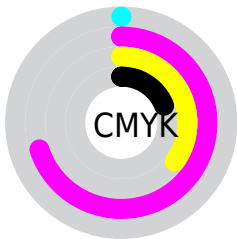
# Distribution



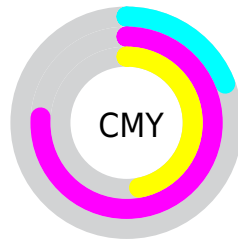
- Red (81%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.7578, 18.4319,  
24.4381

 31.7578, 18.4319,  
24.4381


301.7794,  
243.2943, 288.3855


 21.3312, 11.2605,  
15.4437


 61.7990, 40.7719,  
51.6969


 13.4802, 6.2423,  
8.9813


 82.1443, 56.7093,  
70.7985


 7.8393, 2.9930,  
4.6324


 106.5265, 76.3375,  
94.1062

 4.0432, 1.1281,  
1.9783

 135.3110,  
100.0409, 122.0385

 1.7266, 0.0018,  
0.5419

 168.8633,  
128.2039, 155.0141

 0.4728, 0.0000,  
0.0000

207.5485,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

161.2109, 193.4514

0.0000

251.7321,  
199.4462, 237.7690

■ 31.7578, 18.4319,  
24.4381

■ 31.7578, 18.4319,  
24.4381

■ 30.1473, 16.3173,  
20.4899

■ 33.8696, 21.4341,  
28.9072

■ 28.9826, 14.9832,  
17.0335

■ 36.5265, 25.4088,  
33.9211

■ 28.1692, 14.2402,  
14.0381

■ 39.7693, 30.4344,  
39.5029

■ 43.6340, 36.5802,  
45.6737

■ 48.1539, 43.9096,  
52.4533

■ 53.3597, 52.4813,  
59.8603

■ 59.2798, 62.3499,  
67.9125

■ 65.9415, 73.5668,  
76.6269

■ 73.3703, 86.1808,  
86.0196

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5184, 18.4319, 47.5252



31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381



30.5383, 18.4319, 9.6944

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381



13.3701, 18.4319, 2.3793



11.4110, 18.4319, 60.0377

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381



28.6738, 47.3996, 30.5627

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.8525, 18.4319, 36.0295



31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381



9.7887, 18.4319, 5.9580

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381



18.9845, 18.4319, 1.8499



8.3358, 18.4319, 16.2547



16.1308, 18.4319, 74.4858



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381



27.4701, 18.4319, 4.8672



8.3358, 18.4319, 16.2547



10.3184, 18.4319, 52.3300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.7583, 18.4329, 24.4384



76.2407, 68.8470, 82.6975



22.8978, 13.0612, 60.3456



15.8700, 14.0057, 17.0366



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.7583, 18.4329, 24.4384



47.3047, 24.9435, 29.9889



28.3250, 17.0596, 6.3587



12.0500, 11.9047, 13.5390



17.7956, 8.9911, 9.0959



1.0351, 0.5187, 0.7195



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.7583, 18.4329, 24.4384



47.3047, 24.9435, 29.9889



35.5625, 50.1550, 66.8380



12.0500, 11.9047, 13.5390



17.7956, 8.9911, 9.0959

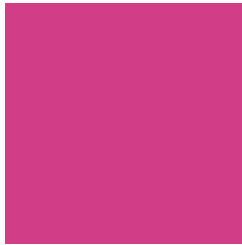


1.0351, 0.5187, 0.7195



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

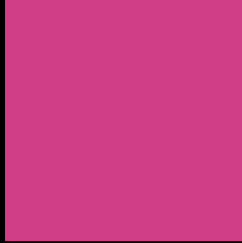
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

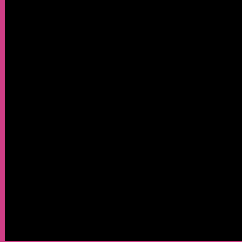
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.7578, 18.4319,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381

### Protanopia

19.5183, 18.8190, 41.6334

### Deuteranopia

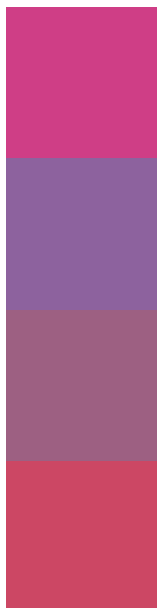
18.9782, 18.6123, 22.6709



## Tritanopia

28.6610, 18.4446, 9.6390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381

## Protanomaly

21.5237, 16.8667, 34.4689

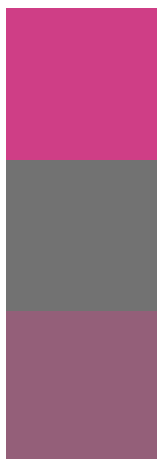
## Deuteranomaly

22.1168, 17.1455, 23.2628

## Tritanomaly

29.4553, 18.2639, 14.0294

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381

## Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

## Achromatomaly

19.7561, 15.8608, 20.1093

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 62, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 62, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 62, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 62, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 62, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 62, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 62, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 62, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 62, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 62,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.7578, 18.4319, 24.4381 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 62, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207, 62,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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