

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.6693, 34.3050, 32.2737)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.6693, 34.3050, 32.2737)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(31.6637, 34.3850,  
32.1622)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9DA092
RGB	157, 160, 146
RGB Percent	62%, 63%, 57%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3725, 0.4274
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.09, 0.37
HSL	73°, 7%, 60%
HSV	73°, 9%, 63%
XYZ	31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622
YIQ	157.5070, 2.7060, -4.9900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

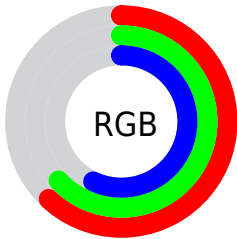
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	146, 160, 149
Decimal	10330258
CIE Lab	65.27, -3.68, 6.92
CIE LCh	65, 7.835, 117.982
Yxy	34.3850, 0.3224, 0.3501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288520338 (0xFF9DA092)
YUV	157.5070, -5.6730, -0.4446
Hunter-Lab	58.6387, -6.2315, 8.5277

# Details

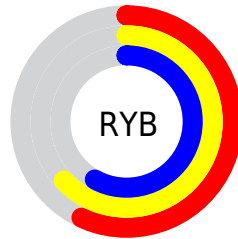
The XYZ color **31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **29.0198, 29.4863, 37.4214**, and the grayscale version is **32.3010, 33.9832, 37.0077**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.8771, 66.7681, 64.2698**, and **13.5238, 14.8460, 13.2191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.8453, 33.5825, 26.0284**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.6770, 35.2699, 39.2159**.

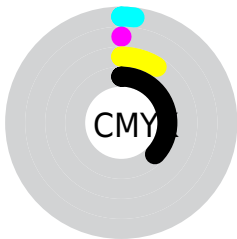
# Distribution



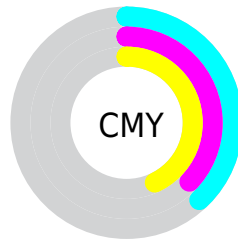
- Red (62%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.6637, 34.3850,  
32.1622

■ 31.6637, 34.3850,  
32.1622

301.3570,  
321.8454, 326.3729

■ 21.2591, 23.1895,  
21.2196

■ 61.6523, 66.5319,  
64.1661

■ 13.4270, 14.7335,  
13.0918

■ 81.9669, 88.2522,  
86.0645

■ 7.8023, 8.6326,  
7.3603

106.3156,  
114.2495, 112.4519

■ 4.0194, 4.5023,  
3.6066

135.0636,  
144.9082, 143.7469

■ 1.7131, 1.9583,  
1.4121

168.5765,  
180.6127, 180.3679

■ 0.4645, 0.5831,  
0.1511

207.2194,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

221.7475, 222.7336

0.0000

251.3578,  
268.6969, 271.2624

■ 31.6637, 34.3850,  
32.1622

■ 31.6637, 34.3850,  
32.1622

■ 29.8453, 33.5825,  
26.0284

■ 33.6770, 35.2699,  
39.2159

■ 28.2117, 32.8550,  
20.7744

■ 35.8893, 36.2354,  
47.2231

■ 26.7560, 32.2007,  
16.3604

■ 38.3082, 37.2858,  
56.2181

■ 25.4697, 31.6163,  
12.7427

■ 40.9399, 38.4236,  
66.2333

■ 24.3435, 31.0981,  
9.8736

■ 43.7904, 39.6511,  
77.2991

■ 23.3674, 30.6420,  
7.7004

■ 46.8653, 40.9706,  
89.4452

■ 22.5298, 30.2433,  
6.1633

■ 49.6828, 42.1894,  
100.1325

■ 21.8173, 29.8968,  
5.1929

■ 50.4976, 42.6095,  
100.1707

■ 21.2037, 29.5918,  
4.6516

■ 51.3323, 43.0398,  
100.2097

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.7592, 34.3850, 31.5067



31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622



30.8575, 34.3850, 34.2071

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622



31.5329, 34.3850, 43.0213



34.9230, 34.3850, 37.6611

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622



29.0198, 29.4863, 37.4214

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5769, 34.3850, 40.8692



31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622



32.6047, 34.3850, 44.0737

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622



30.7832, 34.3850, 40.4643



33.7217, 34.3850, 43.2645



34.6571, 34.3850, 34.5692



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622



30.5835, 34.3850, 36.1467



33.7217, 34.3850, 43.2645



34.8742, 34.3850, 38.7626

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.6646, 34.3865, 32.1629



59.5274, 63.3279, 65.4780



30.4025, 30.9815, 31.5722



12.9927, 13.8613, 14.1409



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.6646, 34.3865, 32.1629



56.6461, 62.0604, 55.5029



30.3748, 33.7215, 32.1026



7.0308, 7.6485, 7.0914



16.4966, 23.0410, 3.5779



0.3270, 0.4285, 0.0655



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0198, 29.4863, 37.4214



50.5947, 50.8485, 67.5346



30.2968, 30.1446, 37.4812



6.4112, 6.5004, 8.3235



5.4967, 2.2627, 26.0543



0.1295, 0.0565, 0.4673



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

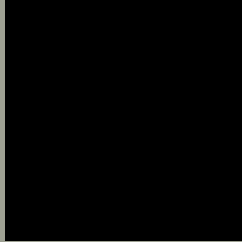
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.6637, 34.3850,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622

### Protanopia

32.6475, 34.3906, 31.7054

### Deuteranopia

35.0178, 34.3540, 32.3891



## Tritanopia

33.7156, 34.4521, 42.4090

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622

## Protanomaly

32.2069, 34.4177, 31.7339

## Deuteranomaly

33.7325, 34.4296, 32.4714

## Tritanomaly

32.9580, 34.3979, 38.6206

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622

## Achromatopsia

32.4990, 34.1914, 37.2345

## Achromatomaly

32.3314, 34.3985, 35.5074

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 160, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 160, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 160, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 160, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 160, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 160, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 160, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 160, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 160, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 160,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.6637, 34.3850, 32.1622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 160, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
160, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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