

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.7177, 29.6954,  
40.1365)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A48DA6
RGB	164, 141, 166
RGB Percent	64%, 55%, 65%
CMY	0.3569, 0.4470, 0.3490
CMYK	0.01, 0.15, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	295°, 12%, 60%
HSV	295°, 15%, 65%
XYZ	31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365
YIQ	150.7270, 5.6830, 12.6510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

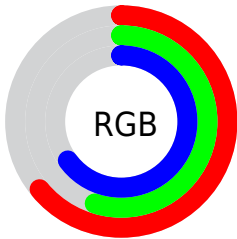
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	164, 141, 166
Decimal	10784166
CIELab	61.39, 13.23, -9.97
CIELCh	61, 16.566, 322.997
Yxy	29.6954, 0.3123, 0.2924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288974246 (0xFFA48DA6)
YUV	150.7270, 7.5296, 11.6404
Hunter-Lab	54.4935, 8.5316, -5.5239

# Details

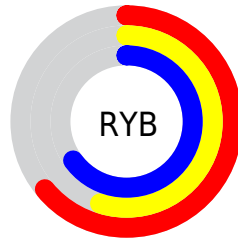
The XYZ color **31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **29.7726, 35.0359, 30.3941**, and the grayscale version is **29.2667, 30.7908, 33.5312**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.7797, 59.3107, 76.5986**, and **13.4604, 12.1418, 17.5538** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.1789, 25.0220, 39.3687**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.6280, 35.1066, 41.0280**.

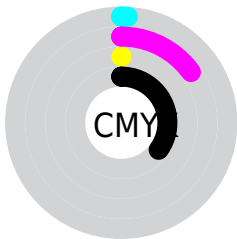
# Distribution



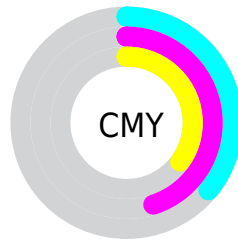
- Red (64%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.7177, 29.6954,  
40.1365

■ 31.7177, 29.6954,  
40.1365

301.5995,  
300.4821, 362.2677

■ 21.3005, 19.6075,  
27.3304

■ 61.7365, 59.1801,  
76.6107

■ 13.4575, 12.1101,  
17.5869

■ 82.0687, 79.3458,  
101.1158

■ 7.8235, 6.8187,  
10.4874

■ 106.4366,  
103.6394, 130.3578

■ 4.0331, 3.3490,  
5.6135

135.2056,  
132.4455, 164.7550

■ 1.7209, 1.3165,  
2.5466

168.7411,  
166.1484, 204.7261

■ 0.4693, 0.1539,  
0.8647

207.4083,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

205.1326, 250.6895

0.0000

251.5726,  
249.7823, 303.0639

■ 31.7177, 29.6954,  
40.1365

■ 31.7177, 29.6954,  
40.1365

■ 29.1789, 25.0220,  
39.3687

■ 34.6280, 35.1066,  
41.0280

■ 26.9927, 21.0500,  
38.7172

■ 37.9225, 41.2823,  
42.0464

■ 25.1424, 17.7456,  
38.1770

■ 41.6163, 48.2525,  
43.1971

■ 23.6090, 15.0710,  
37.7415

■ 45.7232, 56.0445,  
44.4847

■ 22.3718, 12.9843,  
37.4040

■ 50.2561, 64.6843,  
45.9134

■ 21.4071, 11.4385,  
37.1564

■ 55.2275, 74.1967,  
47.4875

■ 20.6879, 10.3797,  
36.9900

■ 59.9421, 83.1912,  
48.9751

■ 20.1807, 9.7406,  
36.8933

■ 60.2378, 83.3437,  
48.9889

■ 19.9678, 9.4986,  
36.8579

■ 60.5365, 83.4976,  
49.0029

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.8995, 29.6954, 44.7343



31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365



32.6074, 29.6954, 33.8239

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365



28.7404, 29.6954, 21.7926



24.5280, 29.6954, 37.2701

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365



29.7726, 35.0359, 30.3941

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.2533, 29.6954, 30.8870



31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365



26.6134, 29.6954, 22.4661

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365



30.8318, 29.6954, 23.6378



24.9978, 29.6954, 25.6132



25.7686, 29.6954, 42.9359



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365



32.5234, 29.6954, 29.6997



24.9978, 29.6954, 25.6132



24.3223, 29.6954, 35.1180

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.7186, 29.6967, 40.1371



62.8265, 63.6784, 74.4551



27.7036, 28.0872, 40.0381



13.9747, 14.0919, 16.6356



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.7186, 29.6967, 40.1371



55.9831, 50.9726, 72.3634



31.2172, 29.5442, 35.3260



7.7818, 7.6357, 9.4820



15.5021, 7.3751, 28.5820



0.3939, 0.1881, 0.6962



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.2096, 29.1411, 30.0204



52.7344, 49.7791, 50.4673



30.2415, 35.1838, 34.6542



7.5546, 7.5517, 7.9715



12.2600, 6.3127, 0.9147

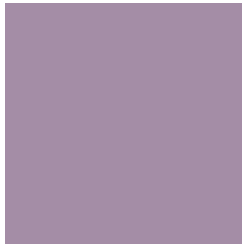


0.3056, 0.1565, 0.0610



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

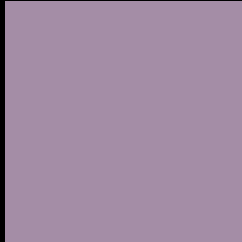
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.7177, 29.6954,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365

### Protanopia

29.1910, 29.6990, 42.2242

### Deuteranopia

30.2824, 29.6317, 39.7207



## Tritanopia

30.5555, 29.6594, 34.6862

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365

## Protanomaly

30.0493, 29.6947, 41.6840

## Deuteranomaly

30.7145, 29.6306, 39.6978

## Tritanomaly

30.9488, 29.6012, 36.4302

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

30.1448, 30.3357, 35.7191

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 141, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 141, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 141, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 141, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 141, 166) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 141, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 141, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 141, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 141, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 141,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.7177, 29.6954, 40.1365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 141, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
141, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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