

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.7356, 32.0478, 33.5469)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.7356, 32.0478, 33.5469)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.6759, 32.1218,  
33.3848)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A39796
RGB	163, 151, 150
RGB Percent	64%, 59%, 59%
CMY	0.3608, 0.4078, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.08, 0.36
HSL	5°, 7%, 61%
HSV	5°, 8%, 64%
XYZ	31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848
YIQ	154.4740, 7.4730, 2.2330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

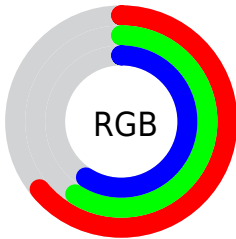
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	163, 151, 150
Decimal	10721174
CIE Lab	63.44, 4.23, 2.11
CIE LCh	63, 4.725, 26.501
Yxy	32.1218, 0.3259, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288911254 (0xFFA39796)
YUV	154.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773
Hunter-Lab	56.6761, 0.5793, 4.7488

# Details

The XYZ color **31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **32.1087, 34.9684, 39.7079**, and the grayscale version is **30.9314, 32.5422, 35.4385**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6438, 62.9277, 66.0240**, and **13.3648, 13.3947, 13.6854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.1854, 27.0971, 26.1898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6597, 37.8402, 41.6458**.

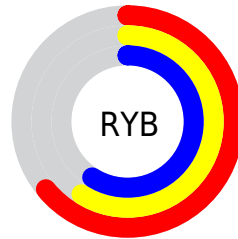
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (59%)

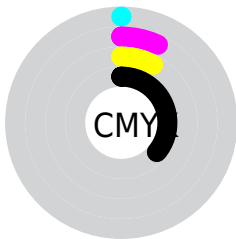
Blue (59%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (59%)

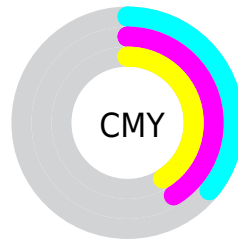


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.6759, 32.1218,  
33.3848

■ 31.6759, 32.1218,  
33.3848

301.4118,  
311.6737, 332.0651

■ 21.2684, 21.4545,  
22.1479

■ 61.6713, 63.0020,  
66.0988

■ 13.4339, 13.4567,  
13.7662

■ 81.9899, 83.9837,  
88.4128

■ 7.8071, 7.7438,  
7.8214

106.3429,  
109.1724, 115.2564

■ 4.0225, 3.9314,  
3.8947

135.0957,  
138.9524, 147.0480

■ 1.7149, 1.6353,  
1.5678

168.6137,  
173.7081, 184.2061

■ 0.4656, 0.3812,  
0.2677

207.2621,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

213.8240, 227.1493

0.0000

251.4063,  
259.6844, 276.2961

■ 31.6759, 32.1218,  
33.3848

■ 31.6759, 32.1218,  
33.3848

■ 28.1854, 27.0971,  
26.1898

■ 35.6597, 37.8402,  
41.6458

■ 25.1665, 22.7356,  
20.0155

■ 40.1522, 44.2729,  
51.0117

■ 22.5997, 19.0109,  
14.8162

■ 45.1713, 51.4447,  
61.5218

■ 20.4632, 15.8932,  
10.5421

■ 50.7335, 59.3782,  
73.2130

■ 18.7333, 13.3504,  
7.1388

■ 56.8543, 68.0948,  
86.1203

■ 17.3842, 11.3472,  
4.5465

■ 63.5488, 77.6153,  
100.2775

■ 16.3869, 9.8446,  
2.6976

■ 68.9144, 86.5266,  
107.6769

■ 15.7084, 8.7983,  
1.5136

■ 15.3022, 8.1533,  
0.8620

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8098, 32.1218, 35.1966



31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848



31.2337, 32.1218, 32.0428

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848



29.4890, 32.1218, 33.0152



30.4537, 32.1218, 38.7139

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848



32.1087, 34.9684, 39.7079

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.8385, 32.1218, 38.0812



31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848



29.2866, 32.1218, 34.7547

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848



29.9703, 32.1218, 31.8349



29.4136, 32.1218, 36.6153



31.0982, 32.1218, 38.3155



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848



30.8268, 32.1218, 31.5723



29.4136, 32.1218, 36.6153



30.2367, 32.1218, 38.6142

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.6768, 32.1232, 33.3855



60.8575, 63.4573, 68.3401



32.5445, 32.2131, 38.7474



13.6872, 14.2793, 15.3881



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.6768, 32.1232, 33.3855



55.2735, 55.4352, 56.7804



32.7288, 34.2272, 33.7361



7.1157, 7.1697, 7.3889



11.8610, 6.2959, 0.5901



0.2616, 0.1571, 0.0165



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.1087, 34.9684, 39.7079



56.2469, 61.8471, 71.0293



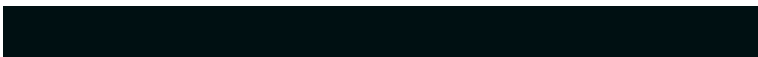
31.0160, 32.7829, 39.3437



7.2292, 7.9173, 9.0502



13.6816, 19.1427, 29.9036

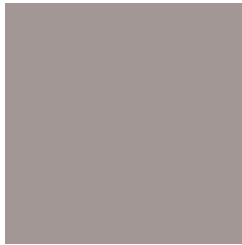


0.3003, 0.4279, 0.6326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

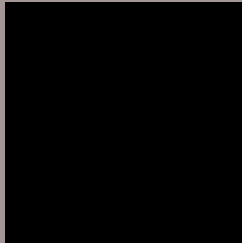
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.6759, 32.1218,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848

### Protanopia

30.8818, 32.1849, 33.8628

### Deuteranopia

32.8300, 32.2429, 33.3473



## Tritanopia

32.6975, 32.0674, 38.1845

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848

## Protanomaly

31.1122, 32.0618, 33.8269

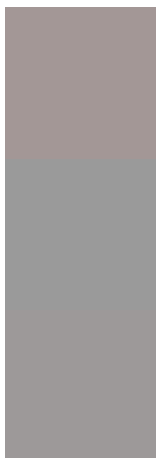
## Deuteranomaly

32.3477, 32.2302, 33.3703

## Tritanomaly

32.3020, 32.1395, 36.3993

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848

## Achromatopsia

30.7148, 32.3143, 35.1903

## Achromatomaly

31.0456, 32.2505, 34.7257

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 151, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 151, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 151, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 151, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 151, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 151, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 151, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 151, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 151, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 151,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.6759, 32.1218, 33.3848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 151, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
151, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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