

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.8439, 24.1582, 0.7606)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.8439, 24.1582, 0.7606)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.3054, 24.3051,  
2.9887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D46A00
RGB	212, 106, 0
RGB Percent	83%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.1686, 0.5843, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 1.00, 0.17
HSL	30°, 100%, 42%
HSV	30°, 100%, 83%
XYZ	32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887
YIQ	125.6100, 97.2020, -10.4940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

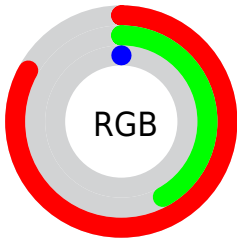
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	212, 212, 0
Decimal	13920768
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.39, 36.90, 64.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 74.297, 60.217
Yxy	24.3051, 0.5420, 0.4078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292110848 (0xFFD46A00)
YUV	125.6100, -61.9257, 75.7640
Hunter-Lab	49.3002, 30.6920, 30.9158

# Details

The XYZ color **32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **17.0377, 15.0615, 64.2960**, and the grayscale version is **19.8801, 20.9155, 22.7769**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.6215, 46.4496, 11.2411**, and **13.9919, 9.3124, 1.0600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.3055, 24.3056, 2.9888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.6040, 26.6829, 4.0988**.

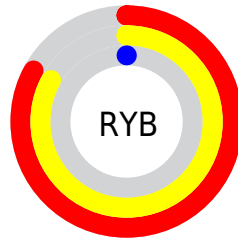
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (42%)

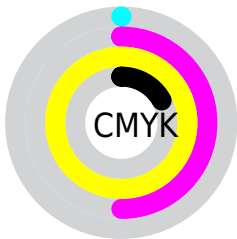
Blue (0%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (0%)

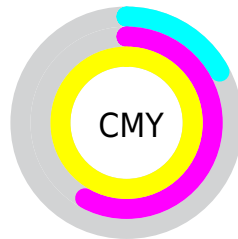


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (58%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.3054, 24.3051,  
2.9887

 32.3054, 24.3051,  
2.9887


304.2287,  
274.3594, 136.2166


 21.7516, 15.5601,  
1.0889


 62.6515, 50.5276,  
11.6005

 13.7900, 9.2134,  
0.0000


 83.1745, 68.7739,  
19.1496

 8.0555, 4.8806,  
0.0000


 107.7512, 90.9561,  
29.4189

 4.1826, 2.1774,  
0.0000

 136.7471,  
117.4586, 42.8268

 1.8059, 0.7076,  
0.0000

 170.5274,  
148.6658, 59.7921


 0.5212, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 209.4576,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


184.9620, 80.7331


0.0000


 253.9029,  
226.7318, 106.0684


 32.3054, 24.3051,  
2.9887


 32.3054, 24.3051,  
2.9887


 32.3055, 24.3056,  
2.9888

 33.6040, 26.6829,  
4.0988

 35.1924, 29.3991,  
6.0486

 37.1260, 32.4839,  
9.1054

 39.4368, 35.9569,  
13.4160

 42.1520, 39.8356,  
19.1050

■ 45.2961, 44.1360,  
26.2812

■ 48.8912, 48.8729,  
35.0427

■ 52.9577, 54.0604,  
45.4790

■ 57.5146, 59.7116,  
57.6729

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.4957, 24.3051, 9.0934



32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887



23.0388, 24.3051, 1.7547

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887



10.2171, 24.3051, 26.6437



32.4411, 24.3051, 91.9096

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887



17.0377, 15.0615, 64.2960

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.1639, 24.3051, 107.4357



32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887



11.5746, 24.3051, 58.0857

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887



11.5352, 24.3051, 9.2465



15.8359, 24.3051, 92.3211



40.5867, 24.3051, 57.5631



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887



17.8550, 24.3051, 2.2761



15.8359, 24.3051, 92.3211



29.2860, 24.3051, 100.1958

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.3059, 24.3064, 2.9891



74.0750, 73.9921, 52.7609



29.7529, 15.0378, 14.9710



15.3408, 15.1655, 10.0218



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.3059, 24.3064, 2.9891



48.8947, 36.5693, 4.4816



50.6945, 61.0835, 9.1186



12.9311, 13.4365, 13.0727



20.0442, 15.2057, 1.8785



1.2917, 1.0827, 0.1409



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.0377, 15.0615, 64.2960



25.7036, 22.5271, 97.6012



11.8837, 4.7536, 62.5780



12.2504, 13.0243, 15.8058



10.6182, 9.4982, 39.7269



0.7232, 0.7384, 2.4237



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.3054, 24.3051,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887

### Protanopia

22.0502, 24.4243, 4.1245

### Deuteranopia

24.8635, 24.4712, 3.4130



## Tritanopia

35.0360, 24.3907, 16.2259

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887

## Protanomaly

24.8496, 23.6901, 3.5795

## Deuteranomaly

27.3309, 24.2395, 3.2382

## Tritanomaly

33.4960, 24.2041, 8.2166

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887

## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206

## Achromatomaly

21.9494, 20.9409, 10.4746

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 106, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 106, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 106, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 106, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 106, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 106, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 106, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 106, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 106, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 106,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.3054, 24.3051, 2.9887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 106, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
106, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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