

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.8938, 28.2430, 36.8169)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.8938, 28.2430, 36.8169)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(31.9663, 28.1974,  
37.0155)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD85A0
RGB	173, 133, 160
RGB Percent	68%, 52%, 63%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4784, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.08, 0.32
HSL	320°, 20%, 60%
HSV	320°, 23%, 68%
XYZ	31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155
YIQ	148.0380, 15.1730, 16.8770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

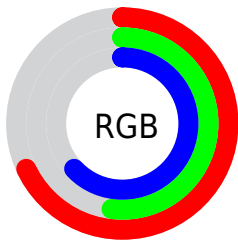
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">173, 133, 160</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11371936</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">60.07, 19.84, -8.44</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">60, 21.559, 336.966</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">28.1974, 0.3289, 0.2902</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289562016 (0xFFAD85A0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">148.0380, 5.8973, 21.8917</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">53.1012, 14.5277, -4.1587</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **29.8059, 36.9499, 32.7570**, and the grayscale version is **28.1366, 29.6019, 32.2365**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.1377, 56.6821, 71.9557**, and **13.5993, 11.2837, 15.9292** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.3094, 23.6527, 33.7577**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.0372, 33.5337, 40.5217**.

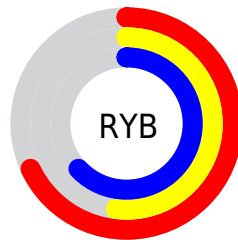
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (52%)

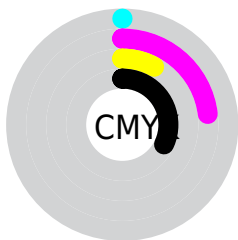
Blue (63%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (63%)

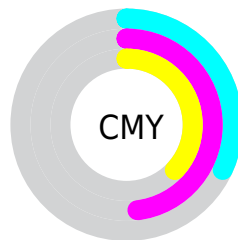


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.9663, 28.1974,  
37.0155


 31.9663, 28.1974,  
37.0155


302.7137,  
293.4090, 348.5483


 21.4912, 18.4745,  
24.9236


 62.1238, 56.7994,  
71.7832

 13.5980, 11.2912,  
15.8016


 82.5369, 76.4474,  
95.2961

 7.9214, 6.2631,  
9.2311

 106.9934,  
100.1725, 123.4531

 4.0961, 3.0057,  
4.7933

135.8586,  
128.3591, 156.6727

 1.7566, 1.1347,  
2.0699

169.4978,  
161.3917, 195.3735

 0.4913, 0.0074,  
0.5978

208.2766,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

199.6546, 239.9740

0.0000

252.5601,  
243.5322, 290.8928

■ 31.9663, 28.1974,  
37.0155

■ 31.9663, 28.1974,  
37.0155

■ 29.3094, 23.6527,  
33.7577

■ 35.0372, 33.5337,  
40.5217

■ 27.0446, 19.8576,  
30.7387

■ 38.5378, 39.6935,  
44.2820

■ 25.1519, 16.7718,  
27.9505

■ 42.4856, 46.7115,  
48.3040

■ 23.6081, 14.3498,  
25.3841

■ 46.8969, 54.6193,  
52.5944

■ 22.3876, 12.5407,  
23.0294

■ 51.7868, 63.4470,  
57.1596

■ 21.4610, 11.2862,  
20.8749

■ 57.1698, 73.2231,  
62.0058

■ 20.7932, 10.5166,  
18.9074

■ 63.0598, 83.9749,  
67.1388

■ 20.4312, 10.1633,  
17.6438

■ 64.0115, 84.8114,  
70.7448

■ 64.7026, 85.0879,  
74.3843

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1072, 28.1974, 44.4578



31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155



32.3984, 28.1974, 28.9022

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155



26.1647, 28.1974, 17.9922



22.7948, 28.1974, 40.7366

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155



29.8059, 36.9499, 32.7570

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.8882, 28.1974, 32.5753



31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155



23.7457, 28.1974, 20.1242

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155



28.9230, 28.1974, 18.7702



22.2241, 28.1974, 25.1509



24.7850, 28.1974, 46.8498



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155



31.7942, 28.1974, 24.3355



22.2241, 28.1974, 25.1509



22.3597, 28.1974, 38.0924

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.9671, 28.1987, 37.0161



66.4146, 66.4912, 76.5549



27.7265, 25.8742, 43.0685



14.3557, 14.3132, 16.5540



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.9671, 28.1987, 37.0161



54.6054, 45.9586, 63.1056



30.3804, 27.5640, 28.6606



8.2247, 8.1031, 9.4939



15.0366, 7.4772, 13.1042



0.4420, 0.2175, 0.4892



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9671, 28.1987, 37.0161



54.6054, 45.9586, 63.1056



31.4698, 37.6154, 41.5189



8.2247, 8.1031, 9.4939



15.0366, 7.4772, 13.1042

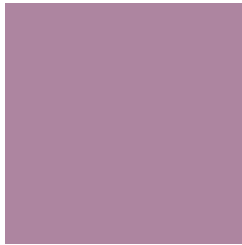


0.4420, 0.2175, 0.4892



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

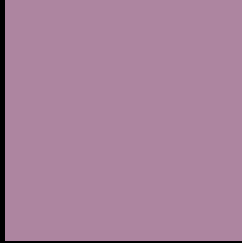
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

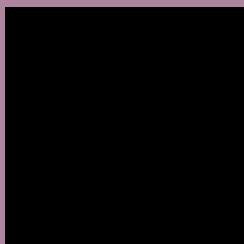
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9663, 28.1974,

37.0155.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155

### Protanopia

27.9328, 28.3993, 40.5686

### Deuteranopia

28.8333, 28.2907, 36.2887



## Tritanopia

30.6469, 28.0612, 30.9952

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155

## Protanomaly

29.2158, 28.2088, 39.0270

## Deuteranomaly

29.8437, 28.1537, 36.6622

## Tritanomaly

31.1243, 28.0552, 33.0529

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155

## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495

## Achromatomaly

29.3946, 29.0800, 33.7695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 133, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 133, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 133, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 133, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 133, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 133, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 133, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 133, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 133, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 133,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.9663, 28.1974, 37.0155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 133, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
133, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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