

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.9415, 42.4615, 23.9652)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.9415, 42.4615, 23.9652)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.9153, 42.4480,  
23.9639)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CBB77
RGB	140, 187, 119
RGB Percent	55%, 73%, 47%
CMY	0.4510, 0.2667, 0.5333
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.36, 0.27
HSL	101°, 33%, 60%
HSV	101°, 36%, 73%
XYZ	31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639
YIQ	165.1950, -6.1840, -31.1120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

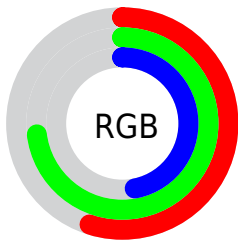
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	119, 187, 166
Decimal	9223031
CIELab	71.18, -28.24, 29.56
CIELCh	71, 40.880, 133.698
Yxy	42.4480, 0.3246, 0.4317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287413111 (0xFF8CBB77)
YUV	165.1950, -22.7741, -22.0960
Hunter-Lab	65.1521, -26.5766, 23.7988

# Details

The XYZ color **31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **31.2942, 24.8897, 50.1708**, and the grayscale version is **35.9667, 37.8398, 41.2076**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.0027, 78.6818, 50.9490**, and **13.6238, 19.5546, 8.6866** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.8496, 40.9861, 18.5238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.4601, 44.1339, 30.5817**.

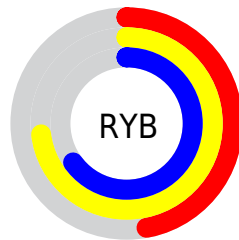
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (73%)

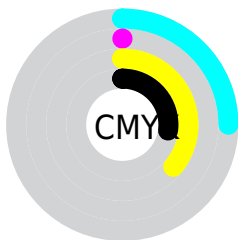
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (65%)

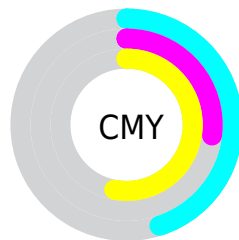


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.9153, 42.4480,  
23.9639

■ 31.9153, 42.4480,  
23.9639

302.4854,  
356.3367, 285.9186

■ 21.4520, 29.4522,  
15.0949

■ 62.0444, 78.8772,  
50.9144

■ 13.5692, 19.4232,  
8.7386

■ 82.4409, 103.0794,  
69.8329

■ 7.9013, 11.9765,  
4.4766

■ 106.8792,  
131.7860, 92.9384

■ 4.0831, 6.7277,  
1.8903

135.7247,  
165.3812, 120.6493

■ 1.7493, 3.2924,  
0.4865

169.3427,  
204.2495, 153.3843

■ 0.4868, 1.2862,  
0.0000

208.0986,

■ 0.0000, 0.1305,

248.7752, 191.5618

0.0000

252.3577,  
299.3428, 235.6004

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.9153, 42.4480,  
23.9639

■ 31.9153, 42.4480,  
23.9639

■ 28.8496, 40.9861,  
18.5238

■ 35.4601, 44.1339,  
30.5817

■ 26.2378, 39.7329,  
14.1896

■ 39.5010, 46.0474,  
38.4377

■ 24.0574, 38.6797,  
10.8861


■ 44.0583, 48.1989,  
47.5918


■ 22.2823, 37.8150,  
8.5273


■ 49.1501, 50.5965,  
58.0989


■ 20.8829, 37.1256,  
7.0135


■ 54.7934, 53.2479,  
70.0111


 19.8231, 36.5959,  
6.2142

 61.0046, 56.1605,  
83.3775

 19.5014, 36.4343,  
6.0047

 67.7995, 59.3413,  
98.2448

 72.9241, 61.8896,  
102.7101

 77.0612, 64.0224,  
102.9037

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.3071, 42.4480, 18.4090



31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639



28.9812, 42.4480, 36.4208

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639



36.7611, 42.4480, 92.6833



54.5383, 42.4480, 37.8515

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639



31.2942, 24.8897, 50.1708

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.3491, 42.4480, 57.6328



31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639



43.5447, 42.4480, 93.3905

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639



31.5547, 42.4480, 77.4730



50.1432, 42.4480, 79.1957



50.6339, 42.4480, 24.7546



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639



28.5804, 42.4480, 48.6937



50.1432, 42.4480, 79.1957



54.9637, 42.4480, 43.8289

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.9164, 42.4498, 23.9648



74.8580, 84.4108, 77.0441



37.3645, 38.9774, 23.0074



16.2419, 18.4739, 16.4789



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.9164, 42.4498, 23.9648



52.5174, 73.8091, 34.6447



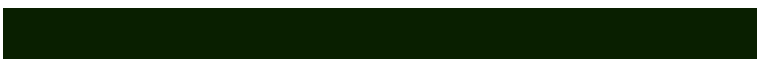
29.5078, 41.1159, 28.0207



9.6785, 10.7887, 10.1489



13.5019, 25.1364, 4.1402



0.5979, 1.0202, 0.1654



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.2942, 24.8897, 50.1708



51.2106, 37.5429, 88.7488



34.7840, 26.8364, 43.6661



9.6355, 9.5445, 12.0066



12.5213, 5.7411, 32.8411



0.5546, 0.2579, 1.2894



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9153, 42.4480,

23.9639.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639

### Protanopia

39.1596, 42.3058, 22.0215

### Deuteranopia

42.7279, 41.8495, 24.8945



## Tritanopia

38.3837, 42.3220, 56.0151

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639

## Protanomaly

36.0671, 42.1591, 22.7596

## Deuteranomaly

37.9403, 41.6223, 24.4466

## Tritanomaly

35.5281, 42.0603, 41.8432

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639

## Achromatopsia

35.7637, 37.6262, 40.9749

## Achromatomaly

33.9992, 39.0932, 33.7708

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 187, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 187, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 187, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 187, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 187, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 187, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 187, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 187, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 187, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 187,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.9153, 42.4480, 23.9639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 187, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
187, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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