

# Converting Colors

XYZ(31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.9673, 20.1986,  
47.0136)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA54B7
RGB	186, 84, 183
RGB Percent	73%, 33%, 72%
CMY	0.2706, 0.6706, 0.2824
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.02, 0.27
HSL	302°, 42%, 53%
HSV	302°, 55%, 73%
XYZ	31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136
YIQ	125.7840, 29.0130, 52.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

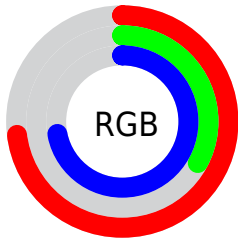
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	186, 84, 183
Decimal	12211383
CIE Lab	52.06, 54.35, -33.82
CIE LCh	52, 64.013, 328.109
Yxy	20.1986, 0.3223, 0.2037
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290401463 (0xFFBA54B7)
YUV	125.7840, 28.2075, 52.8094
Hunter-Lab	44.9429, 48.3149, -30.5618

# Details

The XYZ color **31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **22.9363, 37.6917, 15.0843**, and the grayscale version is **19.6590, 20.6828, 22.5236**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.9767, 43.6420, 86.8186**, and **13.6046, 7.0963, 21.7718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.6541, 17.6626, 46.2955**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.6654, 23.5030, 47.8614**.

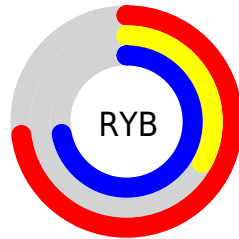
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (33%)

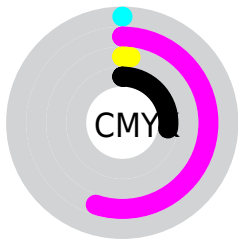
Blue (72%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (72%)

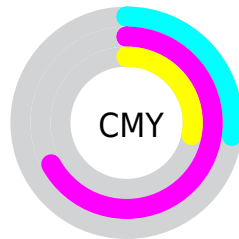


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.9673, 20.1986,  
47.0136

■ 31.9673, 20.1986,  
47.0136

302.7182,  
252.9882, 391.2641

■ 21.4919, 12.5395,  
32.6920

■ 62.1254, 43.7499,  
87.0841

■ 13.5986, 7.1122,  
21.6214

■ 82.5388, 60.4109,  
113.6701

■ 7.9218, 3.5324,  
13.3833

■ 106.9956, 80.8413,  
145.1813

■ 4.0964, 1.4156,  
7.5592

■ 135.8612,  
105.4255, 182.0362

■ 1.7568, 0.2282,  
3.7305

■ 169.5009,  
134.5479, 224.6534

■ 0.4914, 0.0000,  
1.4787

208.2800,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

168.5929, 273.4515

0.2020

252.5640,  
207.9449, 328.8488

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.9673, 20.1986,  
47.0136

■ 31.9673, 20.1986,  
47.0136

■ 30.6541, 17.6626,  
46.2955

■ 33.6654, 23.5030,  
47.8614

■ 29.6925, 15.8302,  
45.6956

■ 35.7740, 27.6285,  
48.8470

■ 29.0475, 14.6304,  
45.2023

■ 38.3189, 32.6261,  
49.9790

■ 28.6755, 13.9762,  
44.8010

■ 41.3231, 38.5422,  
51.2653

■ 28.5423, 13.7562,  
44.6139

■ 44.8082, 45.4195,  
52.7130

■ 48.7942, 53.2985,  
54.3288

■ 53.3002, 62.2170,  
56.1190

■ 58.3442, 72.2111,  
58.0896

■ 63.9432, 83.3150,  
60.2463

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.7488, 20.1986, 71.4644



31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



34.6968, 20.1986, 23.2020

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



19.6159, 20.1986, 2.0688



10.1098, 20.1986, 43.6819

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



22.9363, 37.6917, 15.0843

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.1779, 20.1986, 20.8264



31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



13.8650, 20.1986, 3.0717

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



26.6322, 20.1986, 3.4026



10.3827, 20.1986, 7.9318



13.2948, 20.1986, 68.8904



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



33.7914, 20.1986, 12.5954



10.3827, 20.1986, 7.9318



9.5595, 20.1986, 35.1840

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.9680, 20.1995, 47.0140



74.0692, 68.2226, 92.5694



15.8443, 11.8510, 47.9076



16.0536, 14.5159, 20.2759



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.9680, 20.1995, 47.0140



55.1147, 31.1577, 83.6487



27.6753, 18.4824, 24.4090



9.3692, 9.1581, 11.2917



19.2071, 9.2566, 30.0412



0.6807, 0.3278, 1.0780



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9680, 20.1995, 47.0140



55.1147, 31.1577, 83.6487



25.7098, 38.8011, 29.6896



9.3692, 9.1581, 11.2917



19.2071, 9.2566, 30.0412



0.6807, 0.3278, 1.0780



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

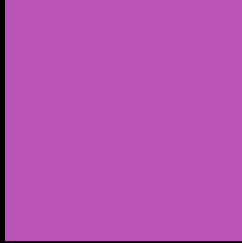
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

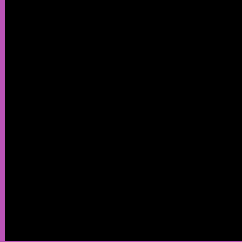
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9673, 20.1986,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136

### Protanopia

22.9215, 20.7159, 67.7562

### Deuteranopia

20.8633, 20.3647, 43.9055



## Tritanopia

25.7962, 20.1734, 17.2861

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



## Protanomaly

24.0074, 19.0778, 59.5438



## Deuteranomaly

23.5970, 19.3428, 45.1377



## Tritanomaly

27.5206, 19.8752, 26.0527

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136



## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206



## Achromatomaly

23.1636, 19.7714, 30.1992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 84, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 84, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 84, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 84, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 84, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 84, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 84, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 84, 183); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 84, 183); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 84, 183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.9673, 20.1986, 47.0136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 84, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186, 84,  
183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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